

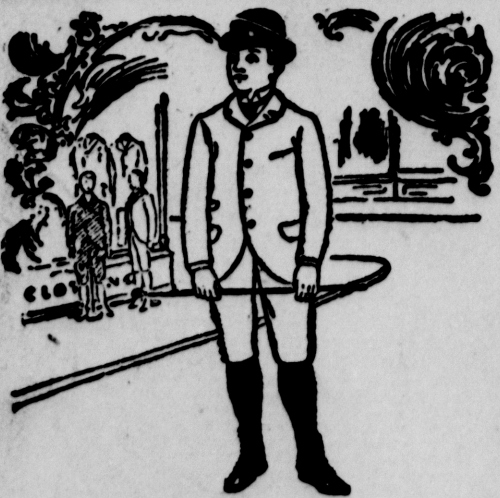
THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 17, NUMBER 6.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1898.---TEN PAGES

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

ASK FOR
THE
JOS. BANIGAN
RUBBER CO'S



L. M. KOOP'S CLEARANCE SALE

IS BOOMING

At and BELOW COST!

Prices Knocked to Smithereens!

Scattered to the four winds of Heaven!

THE BOTTOM OUT!!!

Some Competitors

Are trying to make the public believe that they only have to place the hen on the nest and then hold their hat to catch the fruit, but when it comes to actual sales we are selling all lines of goods



As our Large Business and Many Happy Customers amply prove.

We are Cutting

Cheaper than Any of Them

And Slashing

And doing Everything in our power to Sell Our Goods, and our store is Crowded Daily with customers taking advantage of

Our Deep Cut Prices

At and Below Cost!

What We Have Not Got.

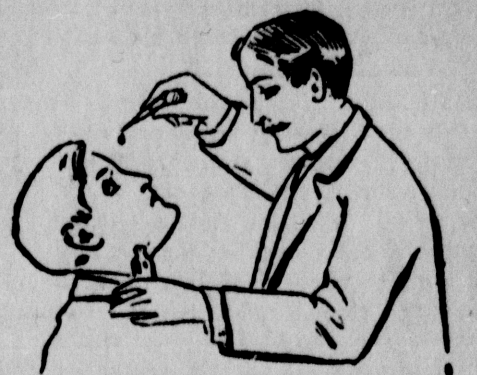
We have no bankrupt sale, no fire sale, no half price sale, no sacrifice sale, or any humbug sale. We have no \$15 suits for \$4.50, no \$6 pants at \$2.20, neither have we any jockeying or bantering, any tricks, dodges, deception or sham of any kind, nor any of the modern popular schemes for working off trashy goods on unsuspecting customers, schemes that sensible people perfectly understand, some of which would almost make a statue laugh.

If You Want

GOOD GOODS AT Low Prices and Fair Honest Figures

we can please you; and after trading with us once you will come again. We cordially invite you to visit our place of business during this SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE and test the truth of what we say, and you will certainly be our customer through the year 1898.

L. M. KOOP,
FRONT STREET, - BRAINERD, MINN.



SURE CURE FOR SORE EYES.

Our new assortment of **Blue Label Suits**, Stylish Patterns and Substantial Fabrics.

If you see them you will admire, if you wear them you will praise.

THEY BEAR THIS LABEL.

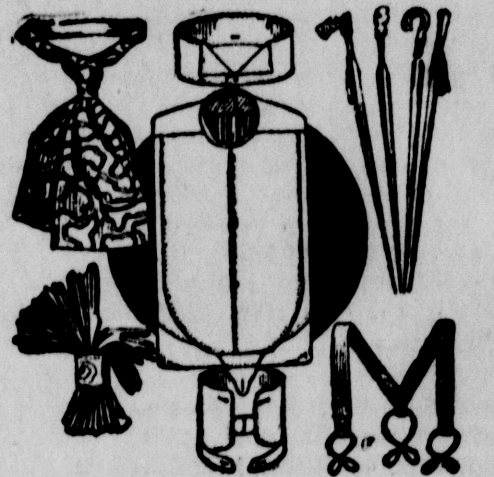
L. M. Koop

Which is a Guarantee of Good Faith.

SHOES



FOR EVERYBODY



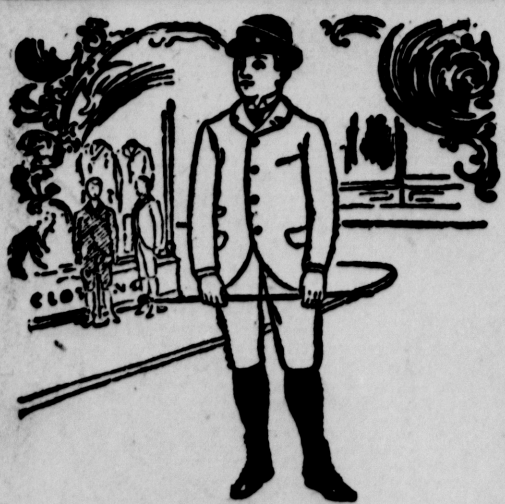
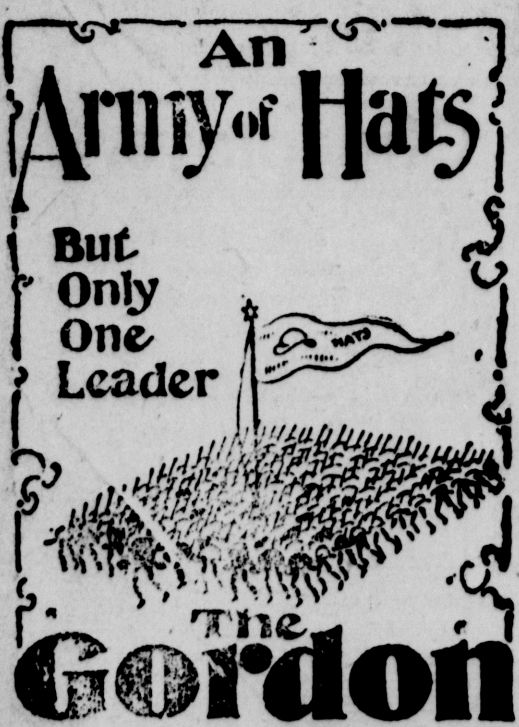
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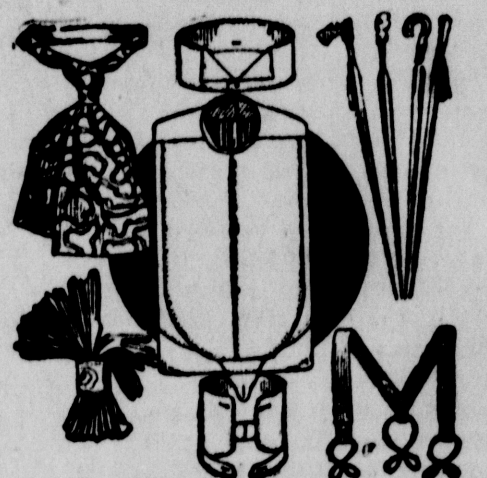


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Rev. Dr. A. J. Palmer, a northern minister, is lecturing in the south on the "Federal Soldier," and Gen. John B. Gordon, a confederate soldier, is lecturing in the north on the "Last Days of the Confederacy." Both gentlemen are having crowded houses and making money. One country, one people; no north, no south. No millennium impending, but jolly, good feeling on tap.

Girls all know that the most persistent suitor for the waltz numbers is the very fellow they don't want. For our part we prefer a sitting-down waltz, anyhow. One of those waltz-at-ease movements where you both get away in some quiet corner, sit down side by side, you slip your arm around the girl and sit there and have your waltz out. The girl here has the power of selection.

The punishment of a cartoon publisher and several other German citizens for disrespect to the kaiser is evidence that his majesty has a cheap head as well as a thin skin. Men worthy of the cartoon recognize the compliment involved in it, however severe it may be; and the right of criticism belongs to every man who pays taxes to his government. And the kaiser must inevitably suffer more as a result of his childishness than any of the men he puts in jail.

By refusing to accept the plea of intoxication advanced by an illegal voter in extension of his offense, a Philadelphia judge has taken a stand which good citizens will generally support, and which has reason, judgment and common sense back of it. In a vigorous manner the judge charged the jury that if they found the prisoner had voted illegally, as charged, it was their duty to convict him without regard to his condition at the time, whether he was drunk or sober. The jury promptly convicted the man.

The number of cattle in stock in Britain is given at 6,500,497, of which 2,532,379 are cows and heifers in milk or in calf, and 1,323,230 are returned as being two years and above. As against the two preceding returns, cows show respective increases in number of 20,704 and 46,559; while the cattle of two years old and above present relative decreases of 41,827 and 108,295. Of cattle which have attained the age of one year there is an increase of 54,428 over the return of 1896, and of 170,473 over that of 1895. As compared with the total of 1896, calves or cattle under one year of age show a decrease of 26,390, but present an increase of 37,524 as against that of 1895. Pigs have fallen considerably in number, being 536,499 less than in 1896, and 542,129 below the total of 1895.

In one of William Mountford's books the dialogue runs like this: "I am old and feeble and useless," said Marham, sadly. "No, uncle," said the young Aubin; "you are never more useful than now. You are useful just by being an old man." When Dr. Robert Gordon had outlived his activity as a minister, his friend, Dr. Candlish, said of him: "It is far more important that he should live for several years more than that he should do any work." His presence in the world became like that of a visible spirit of goodness. Fine old people are among the most gracious and humanizing influences, and sometimes their second childhood is more sweet and winsome than the first. We have known more than one gray-haired patriarch who was a very welcome "youth's companion."

Major Handy, special commissioner to the Paris International Exposition, in his report to congress, recommends that an appropriation of \$919,600 be granted, so that a creditable display on behalf of the United States may be made. The president, in transmitting the report, says: "Besides securing a much larger amount of space than had been reserved Major Handy obtained the gratifying assurance that the United States will be placed on a footing with the most favored nations and that in the installation of every important department the United States will have a location commensurate with the dignity and importance of the country and adjoining in every case countries of the first rank. In view of the magnitude and importance of the approaching exposition and of our standing among the nations that will there be represented and in view also of our increased population and acknowledged progress in arts and sciences and manufactures, I earnestly commend the report of Major Handy to your consideration, and trust that a liberal appropriation may be made. Moreover, the magnificent exhibit of the French republic at Chicago in 1893, on which \$1,000,000 were expended, should be a strong incentive to reciprocal liberality on the part of the government of the United States."

Acting Postmaster General Heath, in a circular recently issued recommends the establishment of suitable boxes by the roadside in which carriers may deposit mail as they pass, in districts desirous of securing rural free delivery. The time which would otherwise be consumed by carriers in reaching residences some distance back from the road will thus be saved, the service will be rendered more efficient, its cost will be reduced and the probability of its becoming a permanent feature of postal administration will be increased.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

A General Resume of the Most Important News of the Week From All Parts of the Globe, Boiled Down and Arranged in Convenient Form for Rapid Perusal By Busy People.

The Nation's Capital.

The London Statist expresses the opinion that the fact that a resolution has been introduced in congress to pay the interest on the United States debt either in gold or silver, indicates that there is little chance of any reform of the currency by the present congress. The Statist warns against American investments.

Casualties.

An old maid of sixty-four, named Mary Gibbons, who lives four miles south of Milan, Mo., fell into a fire-place, and was burned to death before help could reach her.

David O. Swire, of the firm of Swire & Scott, carpet manufacturers, was killed at Philadelphia by being struck by a railroad train. His body was terribly mangled. He was fifty-one years of age.

The Toledo Ice company's mammoth icehouse, in course of erection at Whitmore Lake, Mich., collapsed, killing two men instantly, probably fatally injuring five, and slightly injuring a dozen others.

Crimes and Criminals.

After refusing food for three months, Mrs. Olive Trafton of Auburn, Me., succeeded in committing suicide by starving herself to death.

Miss Mary Waite, twenty-four years old, and said to be a daughter of ex-Gov. Waite of Colorado, attempted to commit suicide at Washington by taking strychnine.

Hadley A. Sutherland, the negro murderer of Mrs. Wrenn, was electrocuted. Seventeen hundred and eighty volts were turned on at 11:19 and discontinued at 11:23 a. m.

Fred Nieschutz, former president of the village of Wonewoc, Wis., is reported missing with \$1,000. He also mortgaged some property which he did not own. His wife and children have left for parts unknown.

During the trial of a case at Susanville, Cal., the presiding judge, F. A. Kelsey, assaulted Attorney F. V. Spooner, who had been fined for contempt of court, and who had defied the judge to enforce the order.

Justin P. Sowitzer, for many years a prominent merchant of Madison, Wis., committed suicide by hanging in his barn. He was eccentric and lived alone. His only known relative is a niece in Chicago.

Justice in a more horrible form than that meted out to Henry Smith at Paris, Texas, was administered by a mob on the Oklahoma border, to J. Marcus McGelsey and Palmer Simpson, two Seminole Indians, who had murdered a woman, and who were burned at the stake.

Foreign Notes.

Sir Charles Hutton Gregory, the well known engineer and a former president of the Institution of civil engineers, is dead in London.

The Madrid Gazette publishes a decree providing for the augmentation of the treasury bonds by 200,000,000 pesetas, secured by the customs.

Rudolph Hertzog, the leading dry goods retailer of Berlin, is dead. Although a Hebrew he bitterly antagonized his co-religionists, whom he refused to employ.

The department of state has been informed that the governments of Russia and of Japan have formally recognized the imperial title of the emperor of Korea.

A dispatch from Cape Town to the London Daily Mail says that Secretary Chamberlain has "terseely refused" to submit to arbitration the differences between the Transvaal and the British governments.

A cable from London, says a marriage has been arranged between Hon. Charles Frederick Leigh, youngest son of Baron Leigh, and Miss Mabel Gordon, daughter of Col. W. W. Gordon of Savannah.

The German naval department has ordered that a translation of Capt. Mahan's "Influence of Sea Power in History" be supplied to all the public libraries, schools and government institutions.

British antiquaries are exclaiming with indignation against Lord Tankerville, who contemplates pulling down the old Peel tower at Doddington, in Northumberland. This is one of the very few perfect Peel towers, and it has a most picturesque appearance, with a good parapet and fine staircase.

Personal Mention.

To the day of his death. Taking an active part in politics, he succeeded Cavour as deputy for Turin.

Dr. Joseph O'Dwyer died at New York after an extended illness from tubercular meningitis.

Among the passengers who arrived at New York on board the steamer City of Washington from Havana was Frederick Funston, a Cuban insurgent general, who comes to this country for medical treatment.

Railroad Commissioner Reagan of Texas, who has been an avowed candidate for United States senator against Gov. Chittenden and Senator Mills, has issued a card, withdrawing from the race.

Martha Wren Gill, wife of E. S. Gill, district clerk at Phoenix, Ariz., is dead. Mrs. Gill was formerly Miss Wren, an actress of prominence on the Eastern stage.

The barn, granary, haystacks and buildings on the farm of Fred Langloss, near Pewaukee, were destroyed by fire. The loss was about \$15,000, and was fully insured.

Judge J. N. Scott, who was recently appointed claims and depredations agent for the State of Washington, is dead at Las Vegas, N. Mex., of pneumonia.

General.

Joe Choyinski has been engaged as instructor of a new athletic club just formed in Chicago to promote boxing.

Jacob Rosenberger, a Soudertown, Pa., farmer, sheltered 1,148 tramps in his barn during the year 1897.

A report favoring the re-establishment of the whipping post has been submitted by the Virginia house committee on courts of justice.

Senator Spooner has introduced a bill to increase the pension of Catherine Cushing, widow of the late Commander Cushing, to \$100 per month.

The charter of Marion Order of Elks of Marion, Ind., was restored. It was revoked because Bob Fitzsimmons was taken into membership two or three months ago.

The directors of the Delaware & Hudson company have declared a 5 per cent dividend for the year 1897, payable at the rate of 1-4 per cent quarterly in the year 1898.

The New York Evening World says: The Manhattan Elevated Railroad company will within the week begin the installation of an electric system. The third rail system will be adopted.

J. H. Gallagher, a druggist of Sheldon, Iowa, has filed a suit in the district court at Denver against Mrs. Andrew Sanbo asking \$10,000 for alleged breach of promise of marriage.

The Western Union Beef company has just sold 8,000 steers off its West Texas ranch to Clinton Anderson of Wyoming. The consideration is said to be \$175,000.

The Natural Gas company at Richmond, Ind., has ordered an advance of 44 per cent in the price of gas by meter and mixer to domestic consumers, affecting several thousand patrons.

Instead of a general resumption of work at the window glass factories of the country, there may be a general lock-out, on account of the difficulty at the Phillips mill in Pittsburg.

On Feb. 1, 1,140 looms in the printing department of the Manchester, N. H., cotton mills will be stopped for an indefinite time. The cause assigned is the falling off in the demand for print goods.

Owen Zeigler, the Philadelphia lightweight, has brought suit against a Philadelphia business man for \$50,000 damages for alienating his wife's affections. Zeigler can quit the ring if he wins that suit.

The Wisconsin Dairymen's association, which will meet in Manitowoc Feb. 9, 10 and 11, will hold its sessions in the Turners' singing hall, where the exhibits of dairy products will be shown.

Prof. Herr Von Reinholz, a Swedish count and a lineal descendant of Gustavus Adolphus, who posed for several weeks past as a teacher of vocal culture at Spokane, Wash., has decamped leaving several friends deeply in the hole.

In the United States supreme court the case of the Northern Pacific Railroad company vs. Patrick R. Smith was restored to the docket for reargument. The case involves the right of way of the Northern Pacific at Bismarck, N. D.

The property of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway company, at Paola, Kas., including three engines, is being held under an attachment by Sheriff Hamlin, in default of the payment of a judgment for \$5,000 obtained against the company.

The law prohibiting merchants from making gifts as an inducement of trade, which was primarily aimed at trading stamp enterprises, was given a knock-out blow by Judge Campbell of San Francisco, who decided the law to be unconstitutional.

The St. Louis & New Orleans Ancho line has made an assignment at St. Louis to Archibald Woods, conveying to him, for the benefit of creditors, all of the steamboats, barges, stock in store, elevators and other property of the company of every kind.

At a meeting of shingle manufacturers at Tacoma, Wash., it was decided, after considerable discussion, to keep the shingle mills of the state closed until Feb. 1. An advance in rates of about 10 cents per 1,000 was inaugurated.

Ex-Secretary Hoke Smith has discharged all the negro carriers on his newspaper, the Atlanta Journal, and has refused to sell papers to negro newsboys, on the ground that the negroes refuse to be vaccinated, and he is afraid they may be the distributors of small pox.

THOUGHT HIS LEG WAS BROKEN.

Slung of an Up-to-Date Son Startles His Good Old Mother.

In these slangy days, when children just beginning to lisp simple words paralyze their dear mamma by telling them they are "not the only cans on the dump," it is refreshing to run across an innocent soul who knows nothing of these things that we hear on the streets. A good old mother received a shock the other day when she read a telegram from her boy, who is enjoying himself in the East, and at the same time affording some amusement for the up-to-date members of her family. The boy, who is having a good time in New York, telegraphed his father for more money. The father, not relishing the touch, took the telegram home to the mother, who read as follows: "Had my leg pulled. Broke. Send me fifty by wire." The good old mother was startled. "My poor boy," she moaned. "He must have been on one of those cable car things. Send him a hundred, father, and tell him to get the best doctor in the city."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Popular Confirmation.

"Didn't I say, six months ago, that I was out of politics?" growled the candidate who had just been buried under an adverse majority.

"That's what you did."

"Well, I hope the people will believe me now."

A Definition.

Johnny—Papa, what is a pessimist?

Papa—Oh, he's a man who is afraid Bryan will be the next president.—Puck.

A Needless Formality.

"I never give up," asserted the successful man.

"But suppose you are whipped?" asked a doubter.

"No use in giving up then. The other fellow will attend to it for you."—New York World.

MR. DOLE DROPS IN

HAWAII'S PRESIDENT VISITS THE UNITED STATES.

Desires to Be in Washington While the Hawaiian Treaty Is Being Discussed—Will Not Lobby for Annexation but Will Willingly Give All Information Desired—Gen. Shafter Extends a Formal Welcome to the Distinguished President.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—When President Dole of Hawaii landed from the steamship Peru he was not received with the ceremony befitting the ruler of a foreign country. The Peru arrived shortly after 8 o'clock Sunday night, and the quarantine regulations were not waived in favor of the visiting president, so he remained on board all night. When the steamer docked in the morning President Dole was greeted by the Hawaiian consul and a



Sanford B. Dole.

few friends, but there were no representatives of the United States government to formally welcome him.

It was 11:30 before President Dole and his party had landed and arrived at the Occidental hotel. President Dole promptly received a delegation of newspaper men who were waiting to see him, and spoke freely of his mission here.

"I do not come to the United States to work for annexation. I am merely on a friendly visit to this country and its president. I expect to remain in San Francisco three or four days, when I will start direct for Washington, and will then call upon President McKinley. It was thought best by the Hawaiian government that during the consideration of the annexation treaty I had better be in Washington and advise the Hawaiian legation on certain matters. It is not my intention to make any argument or do any lobbying for annexation. Of course, if I am called upon by the United States government to give any information, I will readily do so.

Late in the afternoon Gen. Shafter and his staff, in full uniform, made their official call upon President Dole at his hotel, and were received by Maj. Ikaeana, Col. Fisher and Mr. Day, each of whom were resplendent with gold lace, prior to being admitted to the presence of the distinguished visitor, who was most cordially welcomed by Gen. Shafter on behalf of the government of the United States. The proceedings were entirely formal, and after the usual exchange of courtesies the representatives of the government left.

OTHERS OBJECT.

Loan Negotiations Between England and China Disagreeable to Russia and France.

Peking, Jan. 19.—The French and Russian ministers have protested against the conditions upon which (as outlined in an interview between Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister to China, and the Chinese foreign office) Great Britain is willing to assist China to liquidate the Japanese indemnity. Chan Wenh Wah has been appointed governor of Shantung.

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

Half a Million Dollar Blaze in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Eight firms, with stocks aggregating almost half a million dollars, sustained heavy losses by a fire that broke out in the building at the northwest corner of Market and Quincy streets. Two firemen were injured during the progress of the fire, neither of them seriously. The total loss will approximate \$200,000, well covered by insurance.

A Depraved Youth.

Waucoma, Iowa, Jan. 19.—Roy Baker, a youth of sixteen years and a son of Edmund Baker of this place, was arrested on a charge of committing rape on an eight-year-old girl. The examination was held yesterday before Justice Fallows. The boy was held to answer the same to the district court. Bail was fixed at \$1,000.

Murderer Fatally Wounded.

Alva, Okla., Jan. 19.—Paul Metcalf, said to be a refugee from Montana with a thirty years' sentence for murder hanging over him, was probably fatally wounded in a desperate fight with a posse of Sheriff McGrath's deputies in a dugout near Winchester, twenty miles northwest of here.

Colliery Disaster.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A dispatch from Gleiwitz, Prussian Silesia, announces a terrific colliery disaster at Zabrze. The Koelgen Luis colliery caught fire, and of the fifteen men brought to the surface, seven died. It is feared that twenty-five others, whose escape was cut off, have perished.

Kick Against Ten Eyck.

London, Jan. 19.—The Daily Mail says: If young Ten Eyck tries to reappear at Henley as an amateur there will be trouble. It is hoped that the Ten Eycks will not venture here again as amateurs.

Captured a Dervish Post.

London, Jan. 19.—A special from Cairo says that a party of friendly natives has captured the dervish post of Sarfeh, making ten prisoners and obtaining possession of quantities of supplies.

WILL ASSIST CHINA.

England Makes a Proposition to the Celestial.

London, Jan. 18.—The Pekin correspondent of the Times says: Yesterday (Saturday) Sir Claude Macdonald, British ambassador to China, in the course of an interview with the tsung li yamen stated that England was willing to assist China to liquidate the Japanese indemnity and would provide a loan of \$12,000,000 at par to run fifty years, the service to be 4 per cent net, including sinking funds, conditions as follows:

"First—The opening of three treaty ports, Taitien Wan, Siang In and Nan Ning, thereby increasing the customs revenues. Second, a declaration that no portion of the Yangtse Kiang valley shall be alienated to any other power. Third, the right to extend the Burman railway through Hunan province, the most southwestern in China. "In the event of her default China is to place certain revenues under the control of the imperial customs. On this basis the negotiations will proceed. China regards them as advantageous, but fears the threatened opposition of France and Russia, especially to the opening of Taitien Wan and Nan Ning."

NOT YET SETTLED.

Demands of Germany Not Accepted by China.

Peking, Jan. 18.—Germany has demanded a ninety-nine years' lease of Kiao Chau and a large area surrounding it. China offers to lease the bay and shores only for fifty years. Here the matter rests. The Germans insist on the right to build railroads and work mines whenever they wish. It is reported that a railroad from Kiao Chau to Binan Fuh has been agreed to, the Germans acquiring mining rights for a mile on each side of the line and the Chinese to be admitted as shareholders. Germany has renewed her demand for an indemnity of 200,000 taels for the erection of a cathedral, and for the compensation, to the amount of several thousand taels, for the relatives of the murdered missionaries.

Laws for Indian Territory.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The joint subcommittee of the senate and house, which has been trying to agree upon the basis of new laws for Indian Territory has authorized Representative Curtis to prepare and introduce a bill providing for the allotment of the use of the Indian lands, for the regulation of townsites, providing for the ousting of intruders and authorizing the Dawes commission to prepare a roll of citizens. The provision in regard to townsites will allow the incorporation of town companies and permit them to purchase their sites from the Indians with the consent of the national government granting a lease in the meantime.

SOCIALISTS ARRESTED.

They Make a Demonstration Against the Burgomaster.

Vienna, Jan. 18.—Five thousand socialist workmen made a demonstration here in front of the Rathaus because Dr. Leuzer, the burgomaster had forbidden them to hold a meeting in the building. The police dispersed them and made several arrests. There are ominous rumors of trouble in Hungary and Bohemia. The agrarian socialist movement in Hungary is serious, especially in the Szabolcs district, where the land owners are menaced.

Americans Not Wanted There.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 18.—The Ontario legislature has adjourned. It passed a bill providing that no persons shall be employed in the construction of subsidized railways in Ontario who are subject to any country which has an alien labor law which practically excludes Canadians from employment on public or other works therein. This means that Americans need not expect employment on Canadian railroads. The legislature also passed the timber regulations which require all saw logs cut in Ontario hereafter to be made into lumber in Canada.

Taylor Changes His Mind.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 18.—Gov. Taylor has formally announced that he would be a candidate for election to the United States senate by the legislature which meets in extra session to-day. This caused a decided sensation, for the governor has repeatedly stated he was for and would work for the election of Senator Turley, his appointee. There will be three candidates before the Democratic caucus—Senator Turley, Congressman McMillin and Gov. Taylor.

To Light the Catcombs.

Pittsburg, Jan. 18.—Within twelve months the catcombs of Rome will be illuminated by electric lights. The Westinghouse company has received a cablegram from its Rome representative announcing that he has secured the contract for lighting the catcombs of St. Callistus, St. Agnes, St. Cyrcia, St. Demitilla, St. Priscilla and St. Bentianusa.

Next Monetary Convention.

Indianapolis, Jan. 18.—Two hundred and forty-one delegates have been chosen to attend the monetary convention which begins here Jan. 25, and over 100 more acceptances have been received but the delegates are not yet selected. There will probably be 350 delegates to the convention, as against 290 delegates at the first convention.

Senator Hanna's Hasty Departure.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 18.—Senator Hanna left for Washington very unexpectedly. His hasty departure is said to have been brought about by the receipt of a message urging him to come to the capital at once. It is believed that the Hawaiian treaty will be taken up this week and that his presence is desired on that account.

Widow Insolvent.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Elise Kohler, widow of Charles Kohler, of the liquor firm of Kohler, Frohling & Co., filed a petition in insolvency. The liabilities aggregate \$333,173 and the assets \$323,735.

Health of the Emperor.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—The condition of the health of Emperor Augusta Victoria excites comment. She will go in the spring to some Southern air cure. Her physicians still forbid her leaving her rooms.

Look out for colds

At this season. Keep Your blood pure and Rich and your system Toned up by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then You will be able to Resist exposure to which A debilitated system Would quickly yield.

THE CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS.

They Do Not All Lie in the Yukon.



The excitement of the past few months has drawn a great many people to the Canadian Yukon in the search for gold, and has diverted the attention of many others. But in order to get there it is necessary that a man should be possessed of the best of health, strong powers of endurance and considerable means. He leaves his wife and his family for a considerable period, and the hardships he has to endure are all unknown to him. Canada has other gold fields, though. They are the fields that produce her golden grain. This year the crop of Manitoba, lying directly north of North Dakota, yielded 21,000,000 bushels of wheat alone. The current price averages 76 cents, which, as a local paper puts it, "makes the product in gold this year, for wheat alone, equal to a value of \$15,960,000." Twenty thousand farmers did this, or an average to each producer of about \$798.

But these same farmers are not living by wheat alone. This is only one source of revenue to them out of many. They have also beef, butter, potatoes, oats, barley and poultry to sell, and sometimes other things, so that it may be fairly estimated that their incomes will average at least \$1,000 per farmer. Thus Manitoba's fields have yielded this year fully \$20,000,000 in gold, divided among 20,000 actual producers, and a general population of about 200,000.

After counting the cost of stamp mills, expenses of men, etc., rich as is the Klondike, such vast wealth as is being taken out of the soil in raising wheat in this one province, cannot possibly be secured in any mining district. Of course mining development assists agricultural development, and that is why the Government of Canada feels so much assurance in predicting prosperity to all who take up farms in Canada. Western Canada today promises more than any other known field that is open to immigration. Farms of 160 acres, capable of producing the best No. 1 hard wheat, yielding thirty to forty bushels to the acre, are given away free. Railways, markets, schools, churches—all are convenient. The Canadian form of government is one of the most liberal known, and a hearty welcome is already to settlers of all nationalities. Given there are many settlers gone in from the states, and the reports from them are highly favorable. Those desiring information as to free homestead laws, low transportation rates, etc., will have pamphlets, etc., sent free on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent of the Government.

Among the presents received by a bride in Grundy county, Mo., were four chickens, two geese and a pig.

The Baltimore and Ohio South Western Railway company has adopted a plan of handling locomotive ashes or cinders at terminals and divisional points which has resulted in a saving of expenses. The device consists of large pans holding about three cubic yards each which are placed in the pit and when full are moved by a crane to the car where they are dumped. The machinery is handled by one man and the results have been very satisfactory.

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Baker's Chocolate.

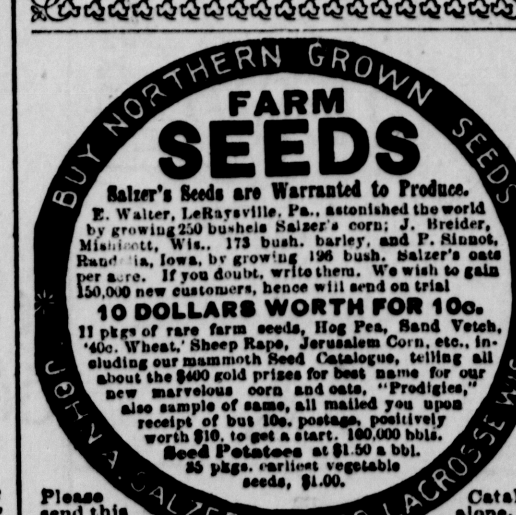
celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, has our well-known

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W. H. N. U. No. 4-1898

WORK OF CONGRESS

Condensed Proceedings of the National Law Mill.

Washington, Jan. 14. — The senate did not make great progress with the Hawaiian annexation treaty. Several speeches were delivered, but in every instance the speakers announced that the remarks were merely preliminary to what they should say before the close of the debate. The executive session opened shortly after 1 o'clock with Senator White on the floor, but Senator Stewart interrupted and others cut the California senator out of the discussion. Those who spoke were Senator Stewart, Frye and Morgan.

Senator Stewart supported the treaty and was the first senator to discuss the question of sugar in connection with the subject. Senator Frye spoke upon the commercial and military aspects which annexation presented in favor of the United States. Upon the merits of the case he considered Hawaii as necessary to the commerce of the United States. He devoted considerable time to a review of the importance of the control of the Nicaragua canal, which could not be maintained unless Hawaii was ours. Senator Frye thought this was an important epoch in our history, and if we did not annex the islands now we could not complain if they were annexed to another nation or if any other nation should take them.

Senator Morgan of Alabama made the principal speech of the day and occupied the time of the senate until it adjourned and had not then finished his argument. The senator went into an extended review of the history of the island since its discovery. He described at length the customs and manners of the natives and gave many reasons for his favoring the annexation treaty.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 14. — The house completed the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill in committee of the whole and then adjourned upon the motion of those opposed to the printing of another edition of the famous "Horse Book." There was an annual fight over the question of free seed distribution to the farmers, but the effort to strike out the appropriation, \$130,000, failed as usual, the majority against it being 136. One of the important amendments adopted provided for the inspection of horse meat for export purposes in the same way that the meat of cattle and other animals is now inspected. During the debate some very caustic criticism of the proceedings in the senatorial election in Ohio from Mr. DeArmond (Dem., Mo.) called forth a warm defense of Senator Hanna from Mr. Mahany (Rep., N. Y.), who eulogized the Ohio senator as the man who had overthrown the bosses of the Republican party in 1896.

Washington, Jan. 15. — Almost the entire four hours of the executive session of the senate was devoted to the indirect consideration of the nomination of Hon. Joseph McKenna, now attorney general, to be associate justice of the supreme court. The discussion was the result of an effort on the part of Senator Allen of Nebraska to secure a postponement for two weeks. In the end a compromise was reached deferring consideration until next Friday on the condition that the Nebraska senator should agree to allow a vote to be taken on that day. The Hawaiian treaty was not touched upon during the session.

The debate upon Mr. McKenna's nomination was precipitated by Senator Hoar, chairman of the committee on judiciary, who called up the nomination and asked for immediate action. In doing this Mr. Hoar spoke briefly of the opposition to Mr. McKenna, saying that the judiciary committee had investigated most of the charges made and had reached the conclusion that they were without foundation. He said that the greater number of charges had been made for the members of the American Protective association, and as they had been founded solely upon the fact that Mr. McKenna was a Catholic in religion they had not been deemed worthy of consideration. Senator White of California agreed with all that had been said to the impropriety of any interference in a matter of this character on account of religious prejudices or predilections. There were still other charges which were to his mind more serious, and to prove that such was the case he read at length from letters and newspapers attacking Mr. McKenna's record as an attorney and jurist on the ground of want of legal attainments. The greater part of Mr. Allen's speech was devoted to reading these documents. He called especial attention to an attack made by the bar of the Pacific coast, which, he said, was deserving of more scrutiny than had been given it. He also stated that he had understood that the charges had been made that large corporations had been instrumental in securing Mr. McKenna's nomination. He thought this matter should also be looked into more thoroughly than the senate had had an opportunity to do.

IN THE HOUSE.

It was the intention of the house managers to proceed with the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, but owing to the excited condition of affairs in Havana and the wildly exaggerated reports about it they decided to avoid the possibility of opening up a Cuban debate by relinquishing the day to the common claims in charge of bills of the private character. Before this order was entered upon the agricultural bill was passed. Most of the day was consumed in a filibuster against a bill to pay the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, at Nashville, Tenn., \$288,000 for the seizure and use of the property of the corporation during the war. The opposition consumed the time until 5 o'clock, when the house adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 17. — The house devoted two hours Saturday to general debate on the army appropriation bill and the remainder of the day to eulogizing the life and public services of the late representative, Seth W. Milliken, of Maine, who served for fourteen years in the lower branch of congress. Those who spoke were Messrs. Burleigh of Maine, who succeeded Mr. Milliken; Dingley and Boutelle of Maine; Dismore of Arkansas; Skinner

of North Carolina; Mercer of Nebraska; Hilborn of California; Hicks of Pennsylvania and Little of Arkansas. At 3:25, as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 18. — Features of yesterday's proceedings in the senate were the speech delivered by Senator Wolcott of Colorado, chairman of the bimetallic commission, upon the negotiations of the commission with European countries relative to international bimetalism, and the passage of the Lodge bill restricting immigration into the United States. The proceedings were the most interesting and important that have characterized any single day's work of the senate during the present session. In anticipation of them the galleries were crowded an early hour. Quite unexpectedly Senator Hanna appeared at the opening of the session. Mr. Foraker, the senior member from Ohio, presented Mr. Hanna's credentials for the remainder of Mr. Sherman's term, which will expire on March 4, 1899, and asked that the oath of office be administered to him. Mr. Foraker escorted his colleague to the desk and Vice President Hobart administered the oath.

At the conclusion of the morning business Mr. Wolcott was recognized to begin his address. He was in fine voice and commanded the earnest attention of his auditors. At the conclusion of Mr. Wolcott's speech the immigration bill was taken up and discussed until 3 o'clock, the hour at which, by previous agreement, it had been arranged to vote finally upon the amendments and the bill. Efforts were made to amend the measure but failed. The bill was then passed by a vote of 45 to 28.

The bill as passed provides that all immigrants physically capable and over sixteen years of age shall be able to read or write the English language or some other language, but a person not able to read or write who is over fifty years of age and is the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant over twenty-one years of age and capable of supporting such a parent or grandparent, may accompany the immigrant or the parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the family of the child or grandchild over twenty-one years of age qualified under the law; and a wife or child not able to read or write may accompany or be sent for and come to join the husband or parent who is qualified. The act does not apply to persons coming to the United States from the island of Cuba during the continuance of present disorders there who have heretofore been inhabitants of that island.

IN THE HOUSE.

It was District of Columbia day in the house, but only three bills of local importance were passed. The remainder of the session was devoted to further consideration of the army appropriation bill. The debate was particularly notable for a vigorous speech by Mr. McClellan of New York, a son of Gen. George B. McClellan, attacking the present army organization as obsolete and inefficient. He asserted that we were woefully unprepared for war should a crisis come, and contended for modern methods in organization, equipment and supplies which would enable the United States to meet an emergency. Mr. Lewis of Washington also made a speech that attracted attention in denunciation of trusts, which he declared were threatening the liberties of the country. The consideration of the army appropriation bill was not completed.

Washington, Jan. 19. — Cuba had a hearing in the house, and for a time it looked as if parliamentary proceedings would be set aside and the senate resolution recognizing the insurgents as belligerents would be attached as a rider to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. Mr. Dearnond, a Missouri Democrat, precipitated the issue by offering the resolution as an amendment, but a point of order against it was sustained. Mr. Dearnond appealed. He urged the Republicans who had professed friendship for the struggling Cubans to override the decision of the chair as the only chance of securing action on the proposition. Mr. Bailey, the leader of the minority, and other Democrats joined in the appeal. The excitement became intense, but the appeals of Mr. Dingley, the floor leader of the majority, as well as other Republican leaders to their associates not to join in the programme succeeded. Mr. Colson, Rep., Ky., warned his side that unless he was soon given an opportunity to vote his sentiments on the Cuban question he would co-operate in any revolutionary method to secure action. The Republican tactics kept to the front the point of the minority seeking to override the rules of the house and get every Republican vote, sustaining the chair by a vote of 152 to 114. One Democrat, Mr. Fleming of Georgia, voted with them on the ground that he could not violate his oath by voting against upholding the rules. During the debate Mr. Bailey challenged Mr. Hitt to give the house any assurance that an opportunity would be offered to vote on the resolution passed by the senate at the last session, but he received no reply. Before the diplomatic bill came up the army bill was passed.

IN THE SENATE.

The open session of the senate was brief. Practically the only business accomplished aside from the routine proceedings was the passage of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. The measure as finally passed by the senate carries \$1,913,810. The Teller resolution providing that bonds of the United States may be paid in standard silver dollars was favorably reported by a majority of the finance committee and notice was given that it would be called up at an early date. An effort will be made to fix a time for the final vote on the pending census bill but was abandoned until to-morrow.

Hart's Sentence Affirmed.

Philadelphia, Jan. 20. — Judge Dallas has filed the opinion of the United States circuit court of appeals in the case of the appeal of John D. Hart, who was convicted about a year ago of having aided a Cuban filibustering expedition of the steamer Laurada, and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and \$500 fine. Hart took an appeal and Judge Dallas in the opinion filed affirms the sentence of the district court.

NORTHWEST NEWS

SHOW CHOKED OFF.

Students Give the Cherry Sisters a Warm Reception.

Iowa City, Iowa, Special. — The Cherry Sisters were killed to appear at the opera house, and when the time came for the show to begin the house was packed, more than 1,000 students from the state university being present. When the curtain went up the three sisters came upon the stage and began to act in their inimitable manner. All at once the students let go every conceivable sort of vegetables, eggs and tinware. The girls retreated and the curtain went down. The manager appealed for order and an attempt was made to continue the show, but when Edie came forward she was struck with an egg and fell half senseless to the floor. The students rushed for the stage and the girls fled to their hotel, with a thousand students at their heels. At the hotel they were hurried to their rooms. The students filled the house and came near breaking in the doors to their rooms. The police interfered, but could not restore order. Finally the fire department responded and turned two streams of water on the young men. Five of the students were arrested and locked up.

The annual freshmen banquet occurs this evening, and last night the sophomores kidnaped and carried away into the country the leaders of the banquet.

UNDOUBTEDLY DEAD.

Five Men Intombed in a Tunnel Where an Explosion Occurs.

Butte, Mont., Special. — Two heavy explosions in the tunnel for the flume near the upper smelting works in Anaconda were heard by the people of that city about 9 o'clock, but no attention was paid to them. About 1 o'clock in the morning Mr. Jennings, one of the contractors on the tunnel, went up there and found the blacksmith shop at the mouth of the tunnel blown away. It was found that for thirty feet the timbers had been blown out of line and that further progress was blocked by a monster cave-in which extended to the surface. Then it was realized that the five men who were working there at the time of the explosion had been probably killed, and a large crew was put to work to clear the tunnel. It is a mighty task and will take some hours to complete.

AN ICY BATH.

Miss Van Wyck Anderson Took a Cold Plunge at Tacoma.

Tacoma, Wash., Special. — Miss Elizabeth Van Wyck Anderson, a niece of Mayor Van Wyck of New York, and daughter of Gen. Anderson, who was, during his life, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific railroad, while delirious from fever, eluded her watchers and fled from her house to the sound and plunged in. The distance to the sound is fully two miles, and when the young woman left the house she was but thinly clad and bareheaded. How she succeeded in making her way to the old town wharf without being intercepted is a mystery. John Burns, a policeman, heard her cries for help and jumped in and rescued the young woman. Miss Anderson is well known in Chicago and New York society circles. The young woman is now at the hospital, and physicians have hopes that her icy bath will not result fatally.

STEAMER SURRENDERS.

Wanted to Be Parged of a Violation of Customs Regulations.

Seattle, Wash., Special. — The Canadian steamer Danube of Victoria voluntarily placed herself in the custody of the United States authorities. Last December the Danube violated the customs regulations in Alaska. Orders were issued to seize her but she sailed out of American waters before seizure could be made. The Danube wants to enter Alaska trade this season and her owners, with a view to purging the boat of her offense, decided to bring her here and put through a seizure process in order to block any similar attempt in Alaska. United States Attorney Gay is preparing libel papers.

FOUR MEN RESCUED.

Imprisoned Men Taken From a Wrecked Tunnel.

Anaconda, Mont., Special. — After forty hours' of imprisonment and anxiety, four of the five men who were in the tunnel near this city that caved in near its entrance as the result of a dynamite explosion, crawled through a hastily constructed exit into the light of day. An improvised tunnel had been driven through the debris that closed the entrance to the tunnel itself. Jack McLeod, one of the five imprisoned men, had died several hours before from the effects of the powder fumes which troubled all of them for about twelve hours.

A FORTUNE FOR A CONVICT.

An Inmate of the Montana Penitentiary Is Heir to \$150,000.

Butte, Mont., Special. — C. M. Oliver, a convict in the Deer Lodge penitentiary, who has been granted a new trial on the charge of robbery, has received a letter from a firm of lawyers at Bridgeport, Conn., informing him that he has fallen heir to \$150,000 by the death of an uncle, Edwin M. Oliver, which occurred in that city over a year ago. The trustee of the estate only recently learned of Oliver's whereabouts. His new trial will come up in a few weeks and he will probably be released, as all of the state's witnesses have disappeared.

Better Keep It Away.

Port Townsend, Wash., Special. — Customs officers seized 42 quart bottles of whisky on the steamer City of Seattle just before she sailed for Alaska. A small quantity on the City of Topeka was also found.

All Aboard for Klondike.

Victoria, B. C., Special. — The steamer City of Seattle left this morning for Alaskan ports, having on board over 600 passengers. The rush to Klondike is not fairly begun, but in a few weeks a steamer will be leaving here every day with that many men.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

Chicago, Jan. 20. — Wheat—No. 2 red, 92 1/2c; No. 3 red, 84 1/2c; No. 2 spring, 88c; No. 3 spring, 80 1/2c; No. 2 hard winter, 82c; No. 2 new spring, 92c. Cash Corn—No. 2, 27 3/4c; No. 3, 26 1/2c. Cash Oats—No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 21 1/2c. Milwaukee, Jan. 20. — Flour steady. Wheat lower; No. 1 Northern, 91 1/4c; No. 2 spring, 88c; May, 90c. Corn firm; No. 3, 27 1/2c. Oats higher; No. 2 white, 24 1/2c. Barley firm and fairly active; No. 2, 42 1/2c; sample, 33 1/2c. Rye quiet; No. 1, 46c. Provisions firmer; pork, 93 1/2c; lard, 47c.

Minneapolis, Jan. 20. — Wheat — May opened at 83 3/8c and closed at 80 1/8c; July opened at 87 1/2c and closed at 87 5/8c. On track—No. 1 hard, 91 1/2c; No. 1 Northern, 91c; No. 2 Northern, 87c.

Chicago, Jan. 20. — Hogs Light, \$3.45; mixed, \$3.50; heavy, \$3.55; \$3.70; rough, \$3.45; \$3.55. Cattle — Beef, \$3.90; \$3.95; cows and heifers, \$2.10; \$2.15; Texas steers, \$3.40; \$3.45; stockers and feeders, \$3.35; \$3.40. Sheep—Natives, \$3.60; \$3.65; Westerns, \$3.60; \$3.65; lambs, \$4.00; \$4.05.

South St. Paul, Jan. 20. — Hogs — \$3.20; \$3.25. Cattle — Stockers, \$3.75; steers, \$3.90; \$4.20; heifers, \$3.60; \$3.65; cows, \$3.50; \$3.55.

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 20. — Hogs — \$3.45; \$3.50. Cattle — Canners, \$2.25; cows, \$2.50; heifers, \$3.60; \$3.65; bulls, \$3.40; \$3.45; stockers, \$3.90; \$4.05; feeders, \$4.25; yearlings, \$4.20; \$4.40; calves, \$4.55. Sheep, \$3.40; \$4.10.

St. Paul, Jan. 20. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 90 3/4c; No. 3-4c, No. 2 Northern, 84 3/4c; No. 3-4c, No. 3 yellow, 20 1/2c; No. 3, 20 1/2c. Oats — No. 3 white, 23 1/2c; No. 3, 23 1/2c. Barley and rye—Sample barley, 25 1/2c; No. 2 rye, 43 1/2c; No. 1 rye, 42 1/2c; No. 2 rye, 41 1/2c. Seeds—No. 1 flax, \$1.15; No. 1, 10 1/2c; Timothy, \$1.10; \$1.10; red clover, \$3.20; \$3.80.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Two Men Lose Their Lives in an Iron Mine.

Ashland, Wis., Special. — Giuseppe Almone and Lawrence Chiara were accidentally killed at the Iron King mine at Ironwood. While riding up a shaft in a skip several drills in the skip caught in the sides of the shaft, overturning the skip. The men in the skip managed to hang on except Almone and Chiara, who were hanging on the ropes below, were shaken off and fell to the bottom, several hundred feet.

LUMBER MILL BURNED.

One of Sherry's Properties at Eland Junction.

Eland Junction, Wis., Special. — The lumber mill of the Ingersoll Land and Lumber company, located three miles from here, was burned. Loss, \$70,000. The Ingersoll Land and Lumber company is a Henry Sherry corporation, and the mill had not been running since Mr. Sherry made an assignment. It is thought that the fire was of incendiary origin, probably the work of tramps.

Express to Dawson.

Tacoma, Wash., Special. — T company, of which J. J. McKay, the Yukon freighter and the man who made the quickest trip ever made from Dawson to Dyea during this winter, is the head, has been organized to run an express between this city and Dawson. The company will operate steamers on the lakes and from the White Horse rapids to Dawson, using dog and horse trains in packing from Dyea. The first trip will be made on Feb. 20.

Ostrander Boomed.

West Superior, Wis., Special. — A thousand citizens met and adopted resolutions earnestly requesting Gov. Scofield to reappoint Frank Ostrander a period school reagent to succeed himself. The question was never so unanimous. On a question here before, and the report circulated that a systematic effort was being made against him with the governor has stirred up great indignation.

Embezzlement Charged.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Special. — A warrant was sworn out here by Bailey & Forney, manufacturers and wholesale dealers in candy, for one of their representatives, J. F. King, charging him with embezzlement. The amount secured has not been made public and King is not yet under arrest. He is well known in commercial circles over Iowa and Minnesota. His home is at Des Moines.

Dr. Rodecker Arrested.

Elroy, Wis., Special Tel. — Dr. C. S. Smith of this city and District Attorney Dittmar were called to Woneo to investigate the death of Mrs. August Krueger. The woman died from the effects of an operation performed by Dr. Rodecker and his son. An autopsy was held but nothing more than the arrest of Rodecker, Sr., has occurred. It is thought that his hearing will take place at Mauston.

Employees Give In.

Bay City, Mich., Special. — The difficulties at Wheeler & Co.'s ship yards have been practically adjusted. The company voluntarily advanced the wages of common laborers 35 cents a day and agreed to give the striking riveters an advance of 7 per cent over the scale that prevailed before the recent reduction. Only riveters are out. It is believed they will return to work.

Boy Killed.

Iron Belt, Wis., Special. — Peter Enright, a pupil of the primary school in this town, was run over by a sled while attempting to steal a ride, from the injuries of which he died.

New Gold Company.

Huron, S. D., Special. — The organization of the Cleopatra Gold Mining company has been perfected here, and a charter will be issued in a few days.

Building Into the Yukon.

Tacoma, Wash., Special. — A railroad building race, involving the expenditure of \$16,000,000, has been commenced by two wealthy corporations, each of which desires to own the first railroad into the Yukon country. Each road will be about 100 miles long. The companies back of the railroad projects are the London Exploration company, organized last summer by Andrew F. Burleigh, the principal stockholders of which are Philadelphia and New York men.

MINNESOTA NEWS

KILLED BY HER HUSBAND.

Police Are Trying to Locate Mr. Forkey.

Faribault, Minn., Special. — The evidence brought before the coroner in the inquest on the death of Mrs. Cornelius Forkey shows that she was undoubtedly killed by her husband, until recently a resident of Minneapolis. In searching the barn there were found a valise, some shoes and a fur collar, all of which belonged to her husband, who was seen in Faribault the day previous by the police. He gained entrance into the barn through a window and remained in the barn all night, waiting for the departure of one of the boys, who stopped with his mother all night; so he would find his wife alone. The appearances indicate the two had a scuffle, bloody marks being found on the walls. The murderer fastened a piece of fat over the woman's mouth to stifle her cries for help. Five shots were fired, four of which took effect. The murderer got a good start, owing to the lateness of finding the body by her son, who at first thought she had died of sickness, as she had been ailing, and no examination was made until late in the afternoon. Strenuous efforts are being made to find him.

FLAX WASTE.

To Be Utilized, Furnishing Northfield With a New Industry.

Northfield, Minn., Special. — The flax factory at this place has been adding a feature to its usefulness. The factory was sold last November by the Warden company, which had been operating it for three years. This sale was made at a great sacrifice to R. E. Willard of Tennessee, who has placed in the factory a machine for the manufacture of flax waste to be used in holding oil in the lubrication of car wheels and like purposes. Mr. Willard says that when in full force the daily product of the two machines will be worth \$450. The flax waste will be largely shipped to the East. There being only one other factory in the United States which manufactures the flax waste, Mr. Willard is very confident that there will be a demand for all that he can make with his force of eight men, for the material is in many instances taking the place of cotton waste.

AGED WOMAN IS MURDERED.

Mrs. Forkey Found Dead With Two Bullet Wounds.

Faribault, Minn., Special. — One of the most brutal murders ever committed in Rice county was unearthed here, when an aged woman named Mrs. Forkey, living in the town of Wells, just on the edge of the city limits, was found dead with a bullet hole through her head and one in her side. The deed is supposed to have been committed by some Italian peddlers who have been in that vicinity the past few days. The woman lived alone, her husband having been separated from her and now lives in Minneapolis. It is supposed that robbery was the motive of the murder. The woman had no money to speak of. People living near the house where the murder was committed remember having seen a man crossing the fields going the direction away from the house. The peddlers will undoubtedly be captured soon.

FRIEND COMMITS SUICIDE.

The Alleged Sufferer of Clara Ober Blows Out His Brains.

Blue Earth City, Minn., Special. — Jacob Freund, the alleged slayer of Miss Clara Ober in July, 1895, arose from his bed in his home in this city, and told his wife he could stand his troubles no longer, as the same time placing a revolver at his right temple and blowing out his brains. Freund conducted a saloon at Mankato during the fore part of 1897, but has been quietly living at his home in this city the past four months. There will be no inquest.

JUDGE BURNELL SATISFIED.

Prefers the Place He Now Has to the Uncertainties of Another.

Oshkosh, Wis., Special. — Judge Burnell of this city has positively declined to be a candidate for the state supreme bench to succeed the late Justice Newman. His present position as circuit judge with five more years to serve at \$4,000 a year is preferable to the change to \$5,000 a year and the uncertainties of re-election this spring.

Verndale Will Klondike.

Verndale, Minn., Special. — The Klondike fever has struck Verndale and has resulted in the organization of the Verndale and Alaska Mining company, with head offices in this city. The capital of the company is \$50,000. The company is made up of a first-class lot of men. They depart for the gold fields Feb. 13, and expect to operate for three years at least.

Reformatory Sent-nce.

Hastings, Minn., Special. — Charles Weldon, found guilty of having carnal knowledge of his niece, Lillie Weldon, aged thirteen years, was sentenced by Judge F. M. Crosby to imprisonment in the state reformatory at St. Cloud.

Hearing in Eich's Case.

Sleepy Eye, Minn., Special. — The preliminary hearing in the case of W. J. Eich for killing Wallace Green has been held. Eich waived examination. An adjourned term of court in February will probably try the case.

Foundry Burned.

Sauk Center, Minn., Special. — Keller's foundry was wholly destroyed by fire. Cause and insurance unknown. This will materially hinder the work of the factory as Mr. Keller made all of his own castings.

Depot to Be Reopened.

Carver, Minn., Special. — Through the influence of the state railroad and warehouse commission the depot of the Milwaukee road is to be reopened here as soon as suitable repairs can be made and an agent secured. Local people are jubilant over the matter, as the company closed the depot and removed the agent over three years ago, claiming the business was not sufficient. It has been a great inconvenience.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE.

Officers Elected and Routine Business Transacted.

St. Paul, Special. — The Masonic grand lodge completed its two days' session devoted principally to routine business. The use of the word "Masonic" in connection with business enterprises such as insurance companies, was forbidden. The following officers were elected:

Grand master, A. T. Stebbins, Rochester; deputy grand master, A. Brandenburgh, Fergus Falls; senior grand warden, J. H. Randall, Minneapolis; junior grand warden, A. C. Countryman, Appleton; grand treasurer, J. H. Thompson, Minneapolis; re-elected; grand secretary, Thomas Montgomery, re-elected, St. Paul.

The grand master appointed H. R. Adams, Minneapolis, grand orator; Robert Forbush, Duluth, grand chaplain; J. G. Wheeler, Kasson, senior grand deacon; E. S. Barrett, Le Sueur, junior grand deacon; John I. Carroll, Newport, grand marshal; L. L. Manwaring, Stillwater, grand standard bearer; M. C. Sullivan, Granite Falls, grand sword bearer; E. Stott, Winona, senior grand steward; Alex. Fildes, Jackson, junior grand steward; W. B. Mitson, Alexandria, grand purveyor; Jean C. Fisher, St. Paul, grand Tyler.

SUICIDE OF A PHYSICIAN.

Son of the Late Dr. David Day of St. Paul Shoots Himself Through the Head.

Glencoe, Minn., Special. — Dr. C. B. Day of this place, and a son of Dr. David Day, ex-postmaster of St. Paul, who died about a year ago, committed suicide here in Lestko's gun shop, where he had gone to look over some firearms, by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. Death was instantaneous. He was thirty-one years of age, a graduate of the St. Paul high school and also of the College of Physicians of New York. He had practiced medicine in Horicon, Wis., two years before coming here six years ago. He leaves a brother, Dr. David Day, in Duluth and two sisters in Boston, where his mother also resides.

A COSTLY BLAZE.

A Portion of a Manufacturing Plant Destroyed.

St. Paul, Special. — Fire was discovered by the watchman in the engine room of the factory of the Minneapolis Iron Store company at St. Anthony Park. The fire had gained considerably headway before seen, and the entire plant, a large three-story structure with several annexes, narrowly escaped total destruction. The machine shop was entirely destroyed, and with it a large amount of valuable machinery. The loss on the machinery will amount to \$15,000. The stock of material on hand, both finished and in process of manufacture, was also destroyed, the loss on it being \$10,000.

Indian Burned to Death.

White Earth, Minn., Special. — Intelligence has just been received here from near Fosston that three Indians—See-veener, Fred Marchant and Korh-gah-bah-kung— took refuge for the night in the straw stack on the farm of a farmer by the name of Tyndall. During the night the straw stack caught fire, and before the slumbering Indians became aware of their danger one of their number, See-veener, was overcome by the heat and smoke and was entirely cremated, while the two others were terribly burned. The men had been at work in the lumber camp on the reservation and were on their way to get their checks cashed.

CLAIMS CHAMPLIN.

All the Towns of the Village Is Wanted.

Anoka, Minn., Special. — F. S. Stewart has begun suit against the officers of the town of Champlin to decide the title of a certain piece of land within the limits of the town, set apart for park purposes. Mr. Stewart thinks he has title to the whole town, and he brings this suit against the town as a test case, to settle the matter and no particular hardship to any individual in putting in defense. If he wins this suit he will consider his claim to the whole town good, and will at once take possession of his property.

Convicted After Two Years.

New Uhm, Minn., Special. — Judge Webber sentenced Roswell D. Rice of Madella, indicted two years ago for grand larceny, to sixty-four months at Stillwater. At two previous trials the jury disagreed, and the conviction this time surprised the prosecution as well as the defense. Rice's crime consisted of stealing wheat. Banker C. D. Griffith of Sleepy Eye was arraigned for violating the game laws to the extent of having in his possession three prairie chickens on Aug. 20 last. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$50 and costs.

Get Their Deserts.

Hastings, Minn., Special. — Charles Weldon, found guilty of improper treatment of his niece, Lillie Weldon, aged thirteen, was sentenced by Judge Crosby to imprisonment in the state reformatory at St. Cloud. Frank Young, for stealing meat from George Brann of South St. Paul, was sentenced to ten days in jail. Charles Doyle and Richard Hayes, indicted on the charge of grand larceny, were found not guilty.

Died at Anoka.

Anoka, Minn., Special. — Mrs. M. D. Lapham, one of the oldest residents of this county, died suddenly of pneumonia. She leaves a husband and several children.

State Fair Officials.

St. Paul, Special. — John Cooper of St. Cloud is the new president of the Minnesota Agricultural society, and he will be aided in his efforts to make the fair of 1898 the "biggest that ever was" in the history of state fair by the same efficient corps of assistants that labored so zealously for the success of the fair of 1897. There were four vacancies to be filled besides the presidency, and the former officials were all re-elected at the annual meeting of the society.

WORK OF CONGRESS

Condensed Proceedings of the National Law Mill.

Washington, Jan. 14. — The senate did not make great progress with the Hawaiian annexation treaty. Several speeches were delivered, but in every instance the speakers announced that the remarks were merely preliminary to what they should say before the close of the debate. The executive session opened shortly after 1 o'clock with Senator White on the floor, but Senator Stewart interrupted and others cut the California senator out of the discussion. Those who spoke were Senator Stewart, Frye and Morgan.

Senator Stewart supported the treaty and was the first senator to discuss the question of sugar in connection with the subject. Senator Frye spoke upon the commercial and military aspects which annexation presented in favor of the United States. Upon the merits of the case he considered Hawaii as necessary to the commerce of the United States. He devoted considerable time to a review of the importance of the control of the Nicaragua canal, which could not be maintained unless Hawaii was ours; Senator Frye thought this was an important epoch in our history, and if we did not annex the islands now we could not complain if they were annexed to another nation or if any other nation should take them.

Senator Morgan of Alabama made the principal speech of the day and occupied the time of the senate until it adjourned and had not then finished his argument. The senator went into an extended review of the history of the island since its discovery. He described at length the customs and manners of the natives and gave many reasons for his favoring the annexation treaty.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 14. — The house completed the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill in committee of the whole and then adjourned upon the motion of those opposed to the printing of another edition of the famous "Horse Book." There was an annual fight over the question of free seed distribution to the farmers, but the effort to strike out the appropriation, \$130,000, failed as usual, the majority against it being 136. One of the important amendments adopted provided for the inspection of horse meat for export purposes in the same way that the meat of cattle and other animals is now inspected. During the debate some very caustic criticism of the proceedings in the senatorial election in Ohio from Mr. DeArmond (Dem., Mo.) called forth a warm defense of Senator Hanna from Mr. Mahany (Rep., N. Y.), who eulogized the Ohio senator as the man who had overthrown the bosses of the Republican party in 1896.

Washington, Jan. 15. — Almost the entire four hours of the executive session of the senate was devoted to the indirect consideration of the nomination of Hon. Joseph McKenna, now attorney general, to be associate justice of the supreme court. The discussion was the result of an effort on the part of Senator Allen of Nebraska to secure a postponement for two weeks. In the end a compromise was reached deferring consideration until next Friday on the condition that the Nebraska senator should agree to allow a vote to be taken on that day. The Hawaiian treaty was not touched upon during the session.

The debate upon Mr. McKenna's nomination was precipitated by Senator Hoar, chairman of the committee on judiciary, who called up the nomination and asked for immediate action. In doing this Mr. Hoar spoke briefly of the opposition to Mr. McKenna, saying that the judiciary committee had investigated most of the charges made and had reached the conclusion that they were without foundation. He said that the greater number of charges had been made for the members of the American Protective association, and as they had been founded solely upon the fact that Mr. McKenna was a Catholic in religion they had not been deemed worthy of consideration. Senator White of California agreed with all that had been said to the propriety of any interference in a matter of this character on account of religious prejudices or predilections. There were still other charges which were to his mind more serious, and to prove that such was the case he read at length from letters and newspapers attacking Mr. McKenna's record as an attorney and jurist on the ground of want of legal attainments. The greater part of Mr. Allen's speech was devoted to reading these documents. He called especial attention to an attack made by the bar of the Pacific coast, which, he said, was deserving of more scrutiny than had been given it. He also stated that he had understood that the charge had been made that large corporations had been instrumental in securing Mr. McKenna's nomination. He thought this matter should also be looked into more thoroughly than the senate had had an opportunity to do.

IN THE HOUSE.

It was the intention of the house managers to proceed with the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, but owing to the excited condition of affairs in Havana and the widely exaggerated reports about they decided to avoid the possibility of opening up a Cuban debate by relinquishing the day to the common claims in charge of bills of the private character. Before this order was entered upon the agricultural bill was passed. Most of the day was consumed in a filibuster against a bill to pay the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, at Nashville, Tenn., \$288,000 for the seizure and use of the property of the corporation during the war. The opposition consumed the time until 5 o'clock, when the house adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 17. — The house devoted two hours Saturday to general debate on the army appropriation bill and the remainder of the day to eulogizing the life and public services of the late representative, Seth W. Milliken, of Maine, who served for fourteen years in the lower branch of congress. Those who spoke were Messrs. Burleigh of Maine, who succeeded Mr. Milliken; Dingley and Boutelle of Maine; Dismore of Arkansas; Skinner

of North Carolina; Mercer of Nebraska; Hilborn of California; Hicks of Pennsylvania and Little of Arkansas. At 3:25, as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 18. — Features of yesterday's proceedings in the senate were the speech delivered by Senator Wolcott of Colorado, chairman of the bimetallic commission, upon the negotiations of the commission with European countries relative to international bimetallicism, and the passage of the Lodge bill restricting immigration into the United States. The proceedings were the most interesting and important that have characterized any single day's work of the senate during the present session. In anticipation of them the galleries were crowded an early hour. Quite unexpectedly Senator Hanna appeared at the opening of the session. Mr. Foraker, the senior member from Ohio, presented Mr. Hanna's credentials for the remainder of Mr. Sherman's term, which will expire on March 4, 1899, and asked that the oath of office be administered to him. Mr. Foraker escorted his colleague to the desk and Vice President Hobart administered the oath.

At the conclusion of the morning business Mr. Wolcott was recognized to begin his address. He was in fine voice and commanded the earnest attention of his auditors. At the conclusion of Mr. Wolcott's speech the immigration bill was taken up and discussed until 3 o'clock, the hour at which, by previous agreement, it had been arranged to vote finally upon the amendments and the bill. Efforts were made to amend the measure but failed. The bill was then passed by a vote of 45 to 28.

The bill as passed provides that all immigrants physically capable and over sixteen years of age shall be able to read or write the English language or some other language, but a person not able to read or write who is over fifty years of age and is the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant, or over twenty-one years of age and capable of supporting such a parent or grandparent, may accompany the immigrant or the parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the family of the child or grandchild over twenty-one years of age qualified under the law; and a wife or minor child not able to read or write may accompany or be sent for and come to join the husband or parent who is qualified. The act does not apply to persons coming to the United States from the island of Cuba during the continuance of present disorders there who have heretofore been inhabitants of that island.

IN THE HOUSE.

It was District of Columbia day in the house, but only three bills of local importance were passed. The remainder of the session was devoted to further consideration of the army appropriation bill. The debate was particularly notable for a vigorous speech by Mr. McClellan of New York, a son of Gen. George B. McClellan, attacking the present army organization as obsolete and inefficient. He asserted that we were woefully unprepared for war should a crisis come, and contended for modern methods in organization, equipment and supplies which would enable the United States to meet an emergency. Mr. Lewis of Washington also made a speech that attracted attention in denunciation of trusts, which he declared were threatening the liberties of the country. The consideration of the army appropriation bill was not completed.

Washington, Jan. 19. — Cuba had a hearing in the house, and for a time it looked as if parliamentary proceedings would be set aside and the senate resolution recognizing the insurgents as belligerents would be attached as a rider to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. Mr. Dearmond, a Missouri Democrat, precipitated the issue by offering the resolution as an amendment, but a point of order against it was sustained. Mr. Dearmond appealed. He urged the Republicans who had professed friendship for the struggling Cubans to over-ride the decision of the chair as the only chance of securing action on the proposition. Mr. Bailey, the leader of the minority, and other Democrats joined in the appeal. The excitement became intense, but the appeals of Mr. Bailey, the floor leader of the majority, as well as other Republican leaders to their associates not to join in the programme succeeded. Mr. Colson, Rep., Ky., warned his side that unless he was soon given an opportunity to vote his sentiments on the Cuban question he would co-operate in any revolutionary method to secure action. The Republican tactics kept to the front the point of the minority seeking to override the rules of the house and get every Republican vote, sustaining the chair by a vote of 152 to 114. One Democrat, Mr. Fleming of Georgia, voted with them on the ground that he could not violate his oath by voting against upholding the rules. During the debate Mr. Bailey challenged Mr. Hitt to give the house any assurance that an opportunity would be offered to vote on the resolution passed by the senate at the last session, but he received no reply. Before the diplomatic bill came up the army bill was passed.

IN THE SENATE.

The open session of the senate was brief. Practically the only business accomplished aside from the routine proceedings was the passage of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. The measure as finally passed by the senate carries \$1,913,810. The Teller resolution providing that bonds of the United States may be paid in standard silver dollars was favorably reported by a majority of the finance committee and notice was given that it would be called up at an early date. An effort will be made to fix a time for the final vote on the pending census bill but was abandoned until to-morrow.

Hart's Sentence Affirmed.

Philadelphia, Jan. 20. — Judge Dallas has filed the opinion of the United States circuit court of appeals in the case of the appeal of John D. Hart, who was convicted about a year ago of having aided a Cuban filibustering expedition of the steamer Laura, and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and \$500 fine. Hart took an appeal and Judge Dallas in the opinion filed affirms the sentence of the district court.

NORTHWEST NEWS

SHOW CHOKED OFF.

Students Give the Cherry Sisters a Warm Reception.

Iowa City, Iowa, Special. — The Cherry Sisters were killed to appear at the opera house, and when the time came for the show to begin the house was packed, more than 1,000 students from the state university being present. When the curtain went up the three sisters came upon the stage and began to act in their inimitable manner. All at once the students let go every conceivable sort of vegetables, eggs and hardware. The girls retreated and the curtain went down. The manager appealed for order and an attempt was made to continue the show, but when Ella came forward she was struck with an egg and fell half-senseless to the floor. The students fled to their hotel, with a thousand students at their heels. At the hotel they were hurried to their rooms. The students filled the house and came near breaking in the doors to their rooms. The police interfered, but could not restore order. Finally the fire department responded and turned two streams of water on the young men. Five of the students were arrested and locked up.

The annual freshmen banquet occurs this evening, and last night the sophomores kidnaped and carried away into the country the leaders of the banquet.

UNDOUBTEDLY DEAD.

Five Men Intombed in a Tunnel Where an Explosion Occurs.

Butte, Mont., Special. — Two heavy explosions in the tunnel for the flume near the upper smelting works in Anaconda were heard by the people of that city about 9 o'clock, but no attention was paid to them. About 1 o'clock in the morning Mr. Jennings, one of the contractors on the tunnel, went up there and found the blacksmith shop at the mouth of the tunnel blown away. It was found that for thirty feet the timbers had been blown out of line and that further progress was blocked by a monster cave-in which extended to the surface. Then it was realized that the five men who were working there at the time of the explosion had been probably killed, and a large crew was put to work to clear the tunnel. It is a mighty task and will take some hours to complete.

AN ICY BATH.

Miss Van Wyck Anderson Took a Cold Plunge at Tacoma.

Tacoma, Wash., Special. — Miss Elizabeth Van Wyck Anderson, a niece of Mayor Van Wyck of New York, and daughter of Gen. Anderson, who was, during his life, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific railroad, while delirious from fever, eluded her watchers and fled from her house to the sound and plunged in. The distance to the sound is fully two miles, and when the young woman left the house she was but thinly clad and bare-headed. How she succeeded in making her way to the old town wharf without being intercepted is a mystery. John Burns, a policeman, heard her cries for help and jumped in and rescued the young woman. Miss Anderson is well known in Chicago and New York society circles. The young woman is now at the hospital, and physicians have hopes that her icy bath will not result fatally.

STEAMER SURRENDERS.

Wanted to Be Purged of a Violation of Customs Regulations.

Seattle, Wash., Special. — The Canadian steamer Danube of Victoria voluntarily placed herself in the custody of the United States authorities. Last December the Danube violated the customs regulations in Alaska. Orders were issued to seize her but she sailed out of American waters before seizure could be made. The Danube wants to enter Alaska trade this season and her owners, with a view to purging the boat of her offense, decided to bring her here and put through a seizure process in order to block any similar attempt in Alaska. United States Attorney Gay is preparing libel papers.

FOUR MEN RESCUED.

Imprisoned Men Taken From a Wrecked Tunnel.

Anaconda, Mont., Special. — After forty hours of imprisonment and anxiety, four of the five men who were in the tunnel near this city that caved in near its entrance as the result of a dynamite explosion, crawled through a hastily constructed exit into the light of day. An improvised tunnel had been driven through the debris that closed the entrance to the tunnel itself. Jack McLeod, one of the five imprisoned men, had died several hours before from the effects of the powder fumes, which troubled all of them for about twelve hours.

A FORTUNE FOR A CONVICT.

An Inmate of the Montana Penitentiary Is Heir to \$150,000.

Butte, Mont., Special. — C. M. Oliver, a convict in the Deer Lodge penitentiary, who has been granted a new trial on the charge of robbery, has received a letter from a firm of lawyers at Bridgeport, Conn., informing him that he has fallen heir to \$150,000 by the death of an uncle, Edwin M. Oliver, which occurred in that city over a year ago. The trustee of the estate only recently learned of Oliver's whereabouts. His new trial will come up in a few weeks and he will probably be released, as all the state's witnesses have disappeared.

Better Keep It Away.

Port Townsend, Wash., Special. — Customs officers seized 420 quart bottles of whisky on the steamer City of Seattle just before she sailed for Alaska. A small quantity on the City of Topeka was also found.

All Aboard for Klondike.

Victoria, B. C., Special. — The steamer City of Seattle left here this morning for Alaskan ports, having on board over 600 passengers. The rush to Klondike has not fairly begun, but in a few weeks a steamer will be leaving here every day with that many men.

THE MARKET.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Markets.

Chicago, Jan. 20. — Wheat—No. 2 red, 91-1/2c; No. 2 hard, 84-3/4c; No. 2 spring, 88c; No. 3 spring, 86-3/4c; No. 2 hard winter, 85c; No. 3 hard winter, 82c; No. 2 spring, 82c. Cash Corn—No. 2, 27-3/4c; No. 3, 26-25/100c. Cash Oats—No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 21-25/100c. Milwaukee, Jan. 20. — Flour steady. Wheat lower: No. 1 Northern, 91-1/4c; No. 2 spring, 88c; May, 90c. Corn firm: No. 3, 27-25/100c. Oats higher: No. 2, 21-25/100c. Barley firm and fairly active: No. 2, 42-43/100c; sample, 33-41/100c. Rye quiet: No. 1, 46c. Provisions firmer: pork, \$9.35; lard, \$4.70.

Minneapolis, Jan. 20. — Wheat — May opened at 89-3/8c and closed at 89-1/8c; July opened at 87-1/2c and closed at 87-5/8c. On track—No. 1 hard, 91-1/2c; No. 1 Northern, 91c; No. 2 Northern, 87c.

Chicago, Jan. 20. — Hogs Light, \$3.45-3.55; mixed, \$3.50-3.70; heavy, \$3.45-3.70; rough, \$3.45-3.55. Cattle — Beef, \$3.30-3.50; cows and heifers, \$2.10-2.50; Texas steers, \$3.40-4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.35-4.35. Sheep—Natives, \$3.40-4.00; Western, \$3.40-4.00; lambs, \$4.60-5.75. South St. Paul, Jan. 20. — Hogs — \$3.20-3.55. Cattle — Stockers, \$3.75-3.85; steers, \$3.50-4.20; heifers, \$3.50-3.50; cows, \$3.10-3.50.

St. Paul, Jan. 20. — Hogs — \$3.45-3.55. Cattle — Canners, \$2.25-3.50; heifers, \$3.00-3.40; bulls, \$3.42-3.45; stockers, \$3.90-4.05; feeders, \$4.25-4.35; yearlings, \$4.20-4.40; calves, \$4.55-4.60. Sheep, \$3.40-4.10.

St. Paul, Jan. 20. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 90-3/4c-91-3/4c; No. 2 Northern, 84-3/4c-86-3/4c; Corn—No. 3 yellow 26-1/2c-27c; No. 3, 26-25/100c. Oats—No. 3 white, 23-1/2c-24c; No. 3, 23-1/4c-24c; Barley and rye—Sample barley, 26-30c; No. 2 rye, 41-1/2c-42c; No. 3 rye, 42-1/2c-43c. Seeds—No. 1 flax, \$1.15-1.20; 16-1/2c; timothy, \$1.10-1.30; red clover, \$3.20-3.30.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Two Men Lose Their Lives in an Iron Mine.

Ashland, Wis., Special. — Giuseppe Almone and Lawrence Chiara were accidentally killed at the Iron King mine at Ironwood. While riding up a shaft in a skip several drills in the skip caught in the sides of the shaft, upturning the skip. The men in the skip managed to hang on except Almone and Chiara, who were hanging on the ropes below, were shaken off and fell to the bottom, several hundred feet.

LUMBER MILL BURNED.

One of Sherry's Properties at Eland Junction.

Eland Junction, Wis., Special. — The lumber mill of the Ingersoll Land and Lumber company, located three miles from here, was burned. Loss, \$70,000. The Ingersoll Land and Lumber company is a Henry Sherry corporation, and the mill had not been running since Mr. Sherry made an assignment. It is thought that the fire was of incendiary origin, probably the work of tramps.

Express to Dawson.

Tacoma, Wash., Special. — T company, of which J. J. McKay, the Yukon freighter and the man who made the quickest trip ever made from Dawson to Dyea during this winter, is the head, has been organized to run an express between this city and Dawson. The company will operate steamers on the lakes and from the White Horse rapids to Dawson, using dog and horse trains in packing from Dyea. The first trip will be made on Feb. 20.

Overlander Boon.

West Superior, Wis., Special. — A thousand citizens met and adopted resolutions earnestly requesting Gov. Scofield to reappoint Frank Overlander a normal school reagent to succeed himself. The people were never so unanimous on a question here before, and the report circulated that a systematic effort was being made against him with the governor has stirred up great indignation.

Embezzlement Charged.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Special. — A warrant was sworn out here by Bailey & Forney, manufacturers and wholesale dealers in candy, for one of their representatives, J. E. King, charging him with embezzlement. The amount secured has not been made public and King is not yet under arrest. He is well known in commercial circles over Iowa and Minnesota. His home is at Des Moines.

Dr. Rodecker Arrested.

Elroy, Wis., Special Tel. — Dr. C. S. Smith of this city and District Attorney Dittmer were called to Waukegan to investigate the death of Mrs. August Krueger. The woman died from the effects of an operation performed by Dr. Rodecker and his son. An autopsy was held but nothing more than the arrest of Rodecker, Sr., has occurred. It is thought that his hearing will take place at Mauston.

Employees Give In.

Bay City, Mich., Special. — The difficulties at Wheeler & Co.'s ship yards have been practically adjusted. The company voluntarily advanced the wages of common laborers 35 cents a day and agreed to give the striking riveters an advance of 7 per cent over the scale that prevailed before the recent reduction. Only riveters are out. It is believed they will return to work.

Boy Killed.

Iron Belt, Wis., Special. — Peter Enright, a pupil of the primary school in this town, was run over by a sled while attempting to steal a ride, from the injuries of which he died.

New Gold Company.

Huron, S. D., Special. — The organization of the Cleopatra Gold Mining company has been perfected here, and a charter will be issued in a few days.

Building Into the Yukon.

Tacoma, Wash., Special. — A railroad building race, involving the expenditure of \$16,000,000, has been commenced by two wealthy corporations, each of which desires to own the first railroad into the Yukon country. Each road will be about 400 miles long. The companies back of the railroad projects are the London Exploration company and the Yukon company, organized last summer by Andrew P. Burleigh, the principal stockholders of which are Philadelphia and New York men.

MINNESOTA NEWS

KILLED BY HER HUSBAND.

Petties Are Trying to Locate Mr. Forke.

Fairbault, Minn., Special. — The evidence brought before the coroner in the inquest on the death of Mrs. Cornelius Forke shows that she was undoubtedly killed by her husband, until recently a resident of Minneapolis. In searching the barn there were found a valise, some shoes and a fur collar, all of which belonged to her husband, who was seen in Fairbault the day previous by the police. He gained entrance into the barn through a window and remained in the barn all night, waiting for the departure of one of the boys, who stopped with his mother all night, so he would find his wife alone. The appearance indicated the two had a scuffle, bloody marks being found on the walls. The murderer fastened a piece of fat over the woman's mouth to stifle her cries for help. Five shots were fired, four of which took effect. The murderer got a good start, owing to the lateness of finding the body by her son, who at first thought she had died of sickness, as she had been ailing, and no examination was made until late in the afternoon. Strenuous efforts are being made to find him.

FLAX WASTE.

To Be Utilized, Furnishing Northfield With a New Industry.

Northfield, Minn., Special. — The flax factory at this place has been adding a feature to its usefulness. The factory was sold last November by the Varden company, which had been operating it for three years. This sale was made at a great sacrifice to R. E. Willard of Tennessee, who has placed in the factory a machine for the manufacture of flax waste to be used in holding oil in the lubrication of car wheels and like purposes. Mr. Willard says that when in full force the daily product of the two machines will be worth \$450. The flax waste will be largely shipped to the East. There being only one other factory in the United States which manufactures the flax waste, Mr. Willard is very confident that there will be a demand for all that he can make with his force of eight men, for the material is in many instances taking the place of cotton waste.

AGED WOMAN IS MURDERED.

Mrs. Forke Found Dead With Two Bullets Wound.

Fairbault, Minn., Special. — One of the most brutal murders ever committed in Rice county was unearthed here, when an aged woman named Mrs. Forke, living in the town of Wells, just on the edge of the city limits, was found dead with a bullet hole through her head and one in her side. The deed is supposed to have been committed by some Italian peddlers who have been in that vicinity the past few days. The woman lived alone, her husband having been separated from her and now lives in Minneapolis. It is supposed that robbery was the motive of the murder. The woman had no money to speak of. People living near the house where the murder was committed remember having seen a man crossing the fields going the direction away from the house. The peddlers will undoubtedly be captured soon.

FRIEND COMMITS SUICIDE.

The Alleged Suicider of Clara Ober Blows Out His Brains.

Blue Earth City, Minn., Special. — Jacob Freund, the alleged slayer of Miss Clara Ober in July, 1895, arose from his bed at his home in this city, and told his wife he could stand his troubles no longer, as the same time placing a revolver at his right temple and blowing out his brains. Freund conducted a saloon at Mankato during the fore part of 1897, but has been quietly living at his home in this city the past four months. There will be no inquest.

JUDGE BURNELL SATISFIED.

Prefers the Place He Now Has to the Uncertainty of Another.

Oshkosh, Wis., Special. — Judge Burnell of this city has positively declined to be a candidate for the state supreme bench to succeed the late Justice Newman. His present position as circuit judge with five more years to serve at \$4,000 a year is preferable to the uncertainties of re-election this spring.

Verndale Will Klondike.

Verndale, Minn., Special. — The Klondike fever has struck Verndale and has resulted in the organization of the Verndale and Alaska Mining company, with head offices in this city. The capital of the company is \$50,000. The company is made up of a first-class lot of men. They depart for the gold fields Feb. 13, and expect to operate for three years at least.

Reformatory Sentences.

Hastings, Minn., Special. — Charles Weldon, found guilty of having carnal knowledge of his niece, Lillie Weldon, aged thirteen years, was sentenced by Judge F. M. Crosby to imprisonment in the state reformatory at St. Cloud.

Hearing in Eich's Case.

Sleepy Eye, Minn., Special. — The preliminary hearing in the case of W. J. Eich for killing Wallace Green has been held. Eich waived examination. An adjourned term of court in February will probably try the case.

Foundry Burned.

Sauk Center, Minn., Special. — Keller's foundry was wholly destroyed by fire. Cause and insurance unknown. This will materially hinder the work of the factory as Mr. Keller made all of his own castings.

Depot to Be Reopened.

Carver, Minn., Special. — Through the influence of the state railroad and warehouse commission the depot of the Milwaukee road is to be reopened here as soon as suitable repairs can be made and an agent secured. Local people are jubilant over the matter, as the company closed the depot and removed the agent over three years ago, claiming the business was not sufficient. It has been a great inconvenience.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE.

Officers Elected and Routine Business Transacted.

St. Paul, Special. — The Masonic grand lodge completed its two days' session devoted principally to routine business. The use of the word "Masonic" in connection with business enterprises such as insurance companies, was forbidden. The following officers were elected:

Grand master, A. T. Stebbins, Rochester; deputy grand master, A. Brandenburg,ergus Falls; senior grand warden, J. H. Randall, Minneapolis; junior grand warden, A. C. Conynman, Appleton; grand treasurer, J. H. Thompson, Minneapolis; re-elected; grand secretary, Thomas Montgomery, re-elected, St. Paul.

The grand master appointed H. R. Adams, Minneapolis, grand orator; Robert Forbes, Duluth, grand chaplain; J. G. Wheeler, Kasson, senior grand deacon; E. S. Barrett, Le Sueur, junior grand deacon; John I. Carroll, Newport, grand marshal; L. L. Manwaring, Stillwater, grand standard bearer; M. C. Sullivan, Granite Falls, grand sword bearer; E. Stott, Winona, senior grand steward; Alex. Fiddes, Jackson, junior grand steward; W. B. Milson, Alexandria, grand purveyor; Jean C. Fisher, St. Paul, grand Tyler.

SUICIDE OF A PHYSICIAN.

Son of the Late Dr. David Day of St. Paul Shoots Himself Through the Head.

Glencoe, Minn., Special. — Dr. C. B. Day of this place, and a son of Dr. David Day, ex-postmaster of St. Paul, who died about a year ago, committed suicide here in Lestiko's gun shop, where he had gone to look over some firearms, by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. Death was instantaneous. He was thirty-one years of age, a graduate of the St. Paul high school and also of the College of Physicians of New York. He had practiced medicine in Horicon, Wis., two years before coming here six years ago. He leaves a brother, Dr. David Day, in Duluth and two sisters in Boston, where his mother also resides.

A COSTLY BLAZE.

A Portion of a Manufacturing Plant Destroyed.

St. Paul, Special. — Fire was discovered by the watchman in the engine room of the factory of the Minneapolis Iron Store company at St. Anthony Park. The fire had gained considerably headway before seen, and the entire plant, a large three-story structure with several annexes, narrowly escaped total destruction. The machine shop was entirely destroyed, and with it a large amount of valuable machinery. The loss on the machinery will amount to \$15,000. The stock of material on hand, both finished and in process of manufacture, was also destroyed, the loss on it being \$10,000.

Indian Burned to Death.

White Earth, Minn., Special. — Intelligence has just been received here from near Fosston that three Indians—See-Veener, Fred Marchant and Korh-gah-shah-kung — took refuge for the night in the straw stack on the farm of a farmer by the name of Tyndall. During the night the straw stack caught fire, and before the slumbering Indians became aware of their danger one of their number, See-Veener, was overcome by the heat and smoke and was entirely cremated, while the two others were terribly burned. The men had been at work in the lumber camp on the reservation and were on their way to get their checks cashed.

CLAIMS CHAMPLIN.

All the Townsite of the Village Is Wanted.

Anoka, Minn., Special. — F. S. Stewart has begun suit against the officers of the town of Champlin to decide the title of a certain piece of land within the limits of the town, set apart for park purposes. Mr. Stewart thinks he has title to the whole town, and he brings this suit against the town as a test case, to settle the matter and no particular hardship to any individual in putting in defense. If he wins this suit he will consider his claim to the whole town good, and will at once take possession of his property.

Convicted After Two Years.

New Ulm, Minn., Special. — Judge Webber sentenced Roswell D. Rice of Madelia, indicted two years ago for grand larceny, to sixty-four months at Stillwater. At two previous trials the jury disagreed, and the conviction this time surprised the prosecution as well as the defense. Rice's crime consisted of stealing wheat. Banker C. D. Griffith of Sleepy Eye was arraigned for violating the game laws to the extent of having in his possession three prairie chickens on Aug. 20 last. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$50 and costs.

Get Their Deserts.

Hastings, Minn., Special. — Charles Weldon, found guilty of improper treatment of his niece, Lillie Weldon, aged thirteen, was sentenced by Judge Crosby to imprisonment in the state reformatory at St. Cloud. Frank Young, for stealing meat from George Brann of South St. Paul, was sentenced to ten days in jail. Charles Doyle and Richard Hayes, indicted on the charge of grand larceny, were found not guilty.

Died at Anoka.

Anoka, Minn., Special. — Mrs. M. D. Lapham, one of the oldest residents of this county, died suddenly of pneumonia. She leaves a husband and several children.

State Fair Officials.

St. Paul, Special. — John Cooper of St. Cloud is the new president of the Minnesota Agricultural society, and he will be aided in his efforts to make the fair of 1898 the "biggest that ever was" in the history of state fairs by the same efficient corps of assistants that labored so zealously for the success of the fair of 1897. There were four vacancies to be filled besides the presidency, and the former officials were all re-elected at the annual meeting of the society.

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All regulations of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

H. C. STIVERS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1907.

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AND CLOAKS

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Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontotruder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

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We have added a number of new faces of job type to our job department this week which insures up to date printing. If you are looking for neat, clean work, call at the DISPATCH printing office, Sleeper block.

With prices right, all the latest faces in job type, and especial attention given to neatness, we claim to be able to please all in the line of job printing. Commercial work, wedding stationery, ball programmes, cards and anything in the printing line at the DISPATCH office.

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Farm for Sale.

A farm suitable for dairy, small fruit, poultry, etc., which has been run successfully for a number of years in the gardening business is offered for sale, an excellent opportunity for some man to run a dairy in connection with the new creamery. Also the following farming implements are offered for sale: mower and rake, plow and harrow, cutter, bob sleds, top buggy, spring wagon and Mitchell wagon, working and driving harnesses, four cows (two fresh), chickens, team, etc. Also house for sale cheap, No. 53, Ninth street south, one block from where the opera house stood. For terms, etc., apply to the owner.

GEO. SHEARD,
Two and a half miles out on Gull Lake road.

Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall, Feb. 21st.

F. J. MURPHY,
Successor to J. N. ELDER.

Practical Plumber.

All kinds of plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Plans and Estimates furnished on all Work.

REPAIRING WELL PUMPS, etc.

First National Bank Block.
SIXTH STREET.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies not directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

- | | |
|--|------|
| 1-Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations. | .35 |
| 2-Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic. | .35 |
| 3-Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness. | .35 |
| 4-Diarrhea, of Children or Adults. | .35 |
| 5-Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis. | .35 |
| 6-Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. | .35 |
| 7-Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo. | .35 |
| 8-Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach. | .35 |
| 9-Suppressed or Painful Periods. | .35 |
| 10-Whites, Too Profuse Periods. | .35 |
| 11-Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness. | .35 |
| 12-Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions. | .35 |
| 13-Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains. | .35 |
| 14-Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague. | .35 |
| 15-Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head. | .35 |
| 16-Whooping-Cough. | .35 |
| 17-Kidney Diseases. | .35 |
| 18-Nervous Debility. | 1.00 |
| 19-Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed. | .35 |
| 20-Grip, Hay Fever. | .35 |
- Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.
Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

Brainerd Machine Shops

7th St. between Front and Laurel.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

All Colds are Tainted.
All colds are tainted with grip, when grip prevails. "77" breaks up grip and colds that "hang on." 25c. all druggists.

Klondike Gold Nuggets.

The above is the name of a Brand of Flour the

Gravel Mercantile Co.

Walker Block, Laurel Street,

Is offering to the trade in Brainerd as an A1 article—Nothing Better Manufactured.

Groceries, Flour & Feed,

Are the articles which this new firm call the attention of the public to. The line of

GROCERIES Is as complete as any stock in the north-west, and an inspection of goods and prices is requested whether you wish to purchase or not.

Our Goods Will be Sold at Either Wholesale or Retail,

and we guarantee to give satisfaction in every case.
Yours for trade,

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NORTHERN PACIFIC		To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND PORTS EAST & SOUTH		To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE	
Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.					
TIME CARD—BRainerd.					
EAST BOUND:		Arrive.		Depart.	
No. 6, St. Paul Express.		11:55 a. m.		12:15 p. m.	
No. 14, Duluth Express.		3:10 a. m.		3:30 a. m.	
No. 54, Duluth Freight.		8:15 a. m.		9:00 a. m.	
No. 68, Duluth Freight.		8:35 p. m.		9:40 p. m.	
WEST BOUND:		Arrive.		Depart.	
No. 5, Fargo Express.		1:20 p. m.		1:40 p. m.	
No. 11, Pacific Mail.		7:45 p. m.		8:05 p. m.	
No. 67, Staples Freight.		4:15 p. m.		5:00 p. m.	
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58. Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.					
L. F. & D. BRANCH		Arrive.		Depart.	
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris.		1:20 p. m.		1:40 p. m.	
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd.		5:30 p. m.		6:30 a. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.					
W. D. McKay, Agent, Brainerd, Minn.					

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

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We carry the Finest Stock in the Northwest, and Our Goods are always Fresh and "Up-to-Date."

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* FLOUR AND FEED. *

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Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Dealer in

A Grocer Can Slight Things

in more ways than one, and it will not be apparent to the average customer. They know something is wrong and that is all. Perfect Satisfaction is guaranteed here. If what you get here is not as represented bring it back and get your money.

ARTHUR HAGBERG,

TELEPHONE CALL, 5-4.

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A farm suitable for dairy, small fruit, poultry, etc., which has been run successfully for a number of years in the gardening business is offered for sale, an excellent opportunity for some man to run a dairy in connection with the new creamery. Also the following farming implements are offered for sale: mower and rake, plow and harrow, cutter, bob sleds, top buggy, spring wagon and Mitchell wagon, working and driving harnesses, four cows (two fresh), chickens, team, etc. Also house for sale cheap, No. 53, Ninth street south, one block from where the opera house stood. For terms, etc., apply to the owner.

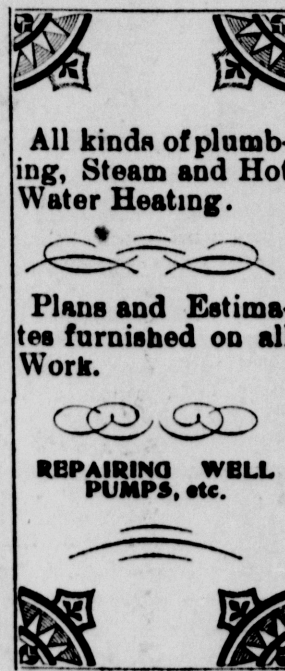
GEO. SHEARD,

Two and a half miles out on Gull Lake road.

Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall, Feb. 21st.

F. J. MURPHY,
Successor to J. N. ELDER.

Practical Plumber.



First National Bank Block, SIXTH STREET.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

- | | |
|--|------|
| 1—Fever, Congestions, Inflammations..... | .25 |
| 2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic..... | .25 |
| 3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness..... | .25 |
| 4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults..... | .25 |
| 5—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis..... | .25 |
| 6—Neuralgia, Toothache, Facia..... | .25 |
| 7—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..... | .25 |
| 8—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach..... | .25 |
| 9—Suppressed or Painful Periods..... | .25 |
| 10—Whites, Too Profuse Periods..... | .25 |
| 11—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness..... | .25 |
| 12—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..... | .25 |
| 13—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains..... | .25 |
| 14—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague..... | .25 |
| 15—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head..... | .25 |
| 16—Whooping Cough..... | .25 |
| 17—Kidney Diseases..... | .25 |
| 18—Nervous Debility..... | 1.00 |
| 19—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed..... | .25 |
| 20—Grip, Hay Fever..... | .25 |
- Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price, Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

Brainerd Machine Shops

7th St. between Front and Laurel.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

All Colds are Tainted.
All colds are tainted with grip, when grip prevails. "77" breaks up grip and colds that "hang on;" 25c. all druggists.

Klondike Gold Nuggets.

The above is the name of a Brand of Flour the

Gravel Mercantile Co.

Walker Block, Laurel Street,

Is offering to the trade in Brainerd as an A1 article—Nothing Better Manufactured.

Groceries, Flour & Feed,

Are the articles which this new firm call the attention of the public to. The line of

GROCERIES

Is as complete as any stock in the north-west, and an inspection of goods and prices is requested whether you wish to purchase or not.

Our Goods Will be Sold at Either Wholesale or Retail,

and we guarantee to give satisfaction in every case.
Yours for trade,

GRAVEL MERCANTILE CO.,

WALKER BLOCK, LAUREL STREET.

To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND PORTS EAST & SOUTH

NORTHERN PACIFIC

To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE

W. D. McKEAY, Agent | Chas. S. Fox, G. P. A. Brainerd, Minn. | ST. PAUL, MINN.

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.

TIME CARD—BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	11:55 a. m.	12:15 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:10 a. m.	3:20 a. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	8:15 a. m.	8:00 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:55 p. m.	9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND:		
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:20 p. m.	1:40 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail	7:45 p. m.	8:05 p. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:15 p. m.	5:00 p. m.
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.		
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.		
L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 12, Little Falls, Bank Center & Morris		6:30 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Bank Center & Brainerd	5:30 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST.

We carry the Finest Stock in the Northwest, and Our Goods are always Fresh and "Up to Date."

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *


Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

Arthur Hagberg,

Successor to T. McMaster.

Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Dealer in



A Grocer Can Slight Things

in more ways than one, and it will not be apparent to the average customer. They know something is wrong and that is all. Perfect Satisfaction is guaranteed here. If what you get here is not as represented bring it back and get your money.

ARTHUR HAGBERG,

TELEPHONE CALL, 5-4.

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A SPECTATOR.

Hoffman's second store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments

Great Bankrupt And Sheriff Sale.

The BRAND NEW DRY GOODS STOCK

of Geo. F. Woods of Lincoln, Ill., has been shipped here, and will be opened for sale

Saturday, January 22nd.

Everything Contained in this Stock Will be Sold at Prices that will be of interest to Everybody.

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Remember that every item and piece of these goods are **Brand New**, as Mr. Woods was in business only two months before he was closed by the sheriff. Will also say that this is no new venture, as I have been in the Dry Goods business continually for over 16 years, during which time I have visited all the eastern markets several times a year taking advantage of all forced conditions of the market.

Soliciting a share of your patronage and believing that our interests and benefits will be mutual and acknowledging respectful appreciation of past favors, I remain, respectfully yours,

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Recitations by Misses T. R. Moulton and Lurline Cale.
Duet by Messrs. Alderman and Webb.
Instrumental selections by Mrs. Kelsey, Miss Cale and Prof. Graham.
Acrobatic exercises by Prof. G. H. Brown and his Jack Pine Athletics.

Light refreshments will be served and those present will have the opportunity to renew the acquaintances of Rev. Geo. H. Davis, the former pastor of the church, who has promised to be present on this occasion. It will be a very pleasant evening. Admission 35 cents, children 25 cents.

To Whom it May Concern.

BRAINERD, MINN., Jan. 11, 1898.
In view of certain rumors in this city regarding the relative purity of the water furnished through the water works and the spring water furnished by H. J. Spencer, we cheerfully state our opinion that the spring water referred to is much more free from unhealthy substances, and that its use for drinking and cooking purposes is conducive to the good health of the community. We do not hesitate to recommend its use to all.

JAMES L. CAMP,
President Board of Health.
A. F. CROVES,
GEO. S. MCPHERSON,
WERNER HEMSTEAD,
WALTER COURTNEY.
Chief Surgeon N. P. Ry., using the water in our hospital.

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The discussion which followed each paper was interesting and profitable.
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Special Jelly Roll Sale.

Special sale of Jelly Rolls at Mahoney's this week, Saturday. Three rolls for 10 cents. The material in the rolls is the best that years of experience and money can buy, and our bakers are artists in that line while the people get the benefit. See?

Yours to please.
D. MAHONEY.
No. 8 Fushing St.

A United States Map.

Mounted on rollers, 40 by 48 inches suitable for home or office, will be sent by mail to any address, on receipts of fifteen cents by

GEO. P. LYMAN,
Gen. Pass. Agt. C. B. & N. R. R.
4w. St. Paul, Minn.

If you want neat job work leave your orders with the DISPATCH.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

Digging Fishes With a Hoe.

The following is vouched for by F. Makett, who lives in Leflore county, Miss., near Cane lake. Mr. Makett went out a few mornings ago to a marshy place that had dried out on account of the continued dry weather to dig fish bait and while digging with a grub hoe to his great surprise instead of finding fish bait he dug up a fine fish that weighed three pounds, and upon examination he found that in the mud for 100 yards around there was a great quantity of trout, white perch and bass. Mr. Makett carried home a half bushel of the fish, and now, instead of digging bait, he goes out every morning and digs a mess of fine bass. The fish are under the surface about ten inches.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

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In his will General Jackson requested that his faithful valet be given a home at The Hermitage all his life. Uncle Alf chews, smokes and drinks, and thinks he is good for ten years more of life.

Read the Bible For a "Shine."

The other Sunday morning in Washington a gentleman called forth betimes to have his shoes polished and finally discovered a coal black "professor" who was intently reading the Bible. "Hello," says the early citizen. "Give me a shine." "Yex I will, boss, if you'll read this second chapter of St. John while I be at work." "All right," responded the gentleman. "Go ahead." And he read aloud the chapter as requested. "Thank you, boss—Guess you read it straight," said the old dandy, "an your looks am right too."—Boston Herald.

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The height of luxurious traveling has been reached by the czar and czarina. The empress' private car is upholstered in pale blue satin. The electric lamps are all in the form of lilies, and it contains writing and tea tables made of mother of pearl. The nursery is the next apartment and is as comfortable and handsome as the same rooms of any of the czar's palaces. There are dining rooms and drawing rooms and several sleeping apartments. In fact, this train is a miniature palace. The wheels are covered with india rubber tires.

A Princess' Favorite.

The Princess of Wales' favorite flower is the lily of the valley, and the largest grower of these flowers in Great Britain has his gardens near Sandringham.

An Aged Hairpin.

A woman in Hope, Knox county, Me., still wears a common wire hairpin which she has worn for 40 years.

BICYCLES

CANCER CURED

—AND A—
LIFE SAVED
By the Persistent Use of
Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"I was troubled for years with a sore on my knee, which several physicians, who treated me, called a cancer, assuring me that nothing could be done to save my life. As a last resort, I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after taking a number of bottles, the sore



began to disappear and my general health improve. I persisted in this treatment, until the sore was entirely healed. Since then, I use Ayer's Sarsaparilla occasionally as a tonic and blood-purifier, and, indeed, it seems as though I could not keep house without it."—Mrs. S. A. FIELDS, Bloomfield, Ia.

AYER'S
The Only World's Fair Sarsaparilla.
Ayer's Pills Regulate the Liver.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

H. M. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.
We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.
All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

H. C. STIVERS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1898.

TEN PAGES.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1898.

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No agent. We sell
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"I was troubled for years with a sore on my knee, which several physicians, who treated me, called a cancer, assuring me that nothing could be done to save my life. As a last resort, I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after taking a number of bottles, the sore



began to disappear and my general health improve. I persisted in this treatment, until the sore was entirely healed. Since then, I use Ayer's Sarsaparilla occasionally as a tonic and blood-purifier, and, indeed, it seems as though I could not keep house without it."—Mrs. S. A. FIELDS, Bloomfield, Ia.

AYER'S

The Only World's Fair Sarsaparilla.
Ayer's Pills Regulate the Liver.

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Little Bobbie (a dime novel fiend)—Aha! But wouldn't do ole man drop dead wid fear of he knew dat he wuz spankin Biproaring Ronald, the Red Boyer of the Roncesvalles range!—New York Journal.

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With Great Expression.
"They tell me, Grimly, that your daughter sings with great expression." "Greatest expression you ever saw. Her own mother can't recognize her face when she's singing at her best."—Tit-Bits.

Length of a Sermon.
An English judge, Baron Alderson, on being asked to give his opinion as to the proper length of a sermon, replied, "Twenty minutes, with a leaning to the side of mercy."

Experientia Docet.
Singleton—What is the effect of eating homemade bread?
Benedict—Home made desolate.—Brooklyn Life.

The Height of the Ridiculous.
I wrote some lines once on a time
In wondrous merry mood
And thought, as usual, men would say
They were exceeding good.

They were so queer—so very queer—
I laughed as I would die
Albeit, in the general way,
A sober man am I.

I called my servant, and he came.
How kind it was of him
To mind a slender man like me,
He of the mighty limb!

"These to the printer," I exclaimed,
And in my humorous way
I added, as a trifling jest,
"There'll be the devil to pay."

He took the paper, and I watched
And saw him peep within.
At the first line he read his face
Was all upon the grin.

He read the next. The grin grew broad
And shot from ear to ear.
He read the third. A chuckling noise
I now began to hear.

The fourth, he broke into a roar.
The fifth, his waistband split.
The sixth, he burst five buttons off
And tumbled in a fit.

Ten days and nights, with sleepless eye,
I watched that wretched man,
And since I never dare to write
As funny as I can.

—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

COSTLY DIPLOMACY.

THE TRANSVAAL PAYS A FOREIGN MINISTER \$85,000 A YEAR.

Sharp Contrast to Uncle Sam's Frugal Policy—American Ministers Must Have Private Fortunes—Advantages Which Money Gives in Diplomatic Negotiations.

Our state department at Washington must have read with astonishment the recently published report that Dr. William J. Leyds, secretary of state of the Boer republic, had been accorded the enormous salary of \$85,000 a year for representing the Transvaal as minister plenipotentiary in the various capitals of Europe. Uncle Sam is so frugal in his expenditures for diplomatic purposes that such prodigality on the part of the puny South African Republic must have given the good gentleman a severe shock.

It is probable, however, that Oom Paul Kruger knows what he is paying for. No doubt the object in giving Dr. Leyds so large a salary as \$85,000 a year is to enable him to represent the Transvaal in such a manner in the various capitals of Europe as to impress the people with whom he is brought into official contact with the importance of his government.

While much has been written about the uselessness of costly missions abroad in these modern days, when all the great capitals of the world are connected with one another by wire and when it is possible for a minister of foreign affairs to convey his instructions and orders to their destinations within a few minutes, without leaving any latitude to the discretion or direction of the envoy, there is no doubt that an ambassador who is able to represent his country on a scale of grandeur and magnificence, who is able to entertain on a



large scale, has it in his power to serve the interests of his government far more efficaciously than a diplomat who for one reason or another can make no show.

Not one but dozens of treaties of the utmost international importance have been, so to speak, floated into port on a tidal wave of champagne, and this is even more the case nowadays, when alliances are announced in the shape of postprandial toasts than it was when Lord Elgin came to this country with Laurence Oliphant in the fifties for the purpose of concluding his commercial treaty with the United States. That is why Great Britain accords to her ambassador at Paris a salary of \$50,000, together with allowances to the tune of an additional \$20,000, and the use of a handsome place entirely furnished.

The ambassadors of Russia, Germany and Austria in Paris have abodes which, if not quite so sumptuous, are still very grand and stately, and salaries of about \$40,000 per annum, while England pays her envoys in the other capitals of Europe on the same magnificent scale; providing in almost every case an imposing palace or mansion furnished even down to the item of gold and silver plate, as at Paris. The English ambassador at Constantinople has two palaces, one at Pera and the other at Therapia, together with a couple of steam launches, a state barge and a government steam yacht, commanded by a lieutenant and manned by 80 British tars, all being maintained for the official and private use of his excellency by the British government.

It will readily be seen from this that unless the United States happens to find a man of wealth willing to undertake the not always grateful task of representing this country as ambassador abroad he must necessarily, with his \$17,000 salary, convey to the people among whom he is sent to reside a less powerful impression of the prestige and of the grandeur of his native land than his fellow ambassadors.

It is only fair to add that these highly paid ambassadors of European countries devote conscientiously all the money which they receive from the state to the purpose for which it is granted, many of them, indeed, dipping heavily into whatever private resources they may happen to possess.

As a rule Boer ideas of remuneration are not particularly extravagant. The president himself receiving but \$20,000 a year. Dr. Leyds is one of a body of six who form the executive government of the Transvaal, and he is the only non-Afrikaner on that executive. He is a native of Java and was educated in Holland. He studied law at the Amsterdam university, where he was graduated in 1884.

During that year President Kruger visited Europe and offered the position of attorney general of his republic to the young solicitor. After some hesitation Dr. Leyds accepted the post and received to Pretoria. In 1888 he was elected secretary of state by the volksraad and was re-elected in 1892 and 1896, the term being four years. Dr. Leyds is about 40 years old and is described as a person of nervous but urbane manner and a pleasant voice.

A CLEVER DETECTIVE.

A Library Card Gave the Clue to a Debaucher's Whereabouts.

A manager of a branch office of one of the big packing houses in Chicago was found to be short in his accounts, and the day this fact was discovered he disappeared, says the Detroit Journal. His bond was furnished by the Baltimore company, and Mr. Macbeth was sent to Chicago to take charge of his books and, if possible, secure his arrest. Pinkerton's entire force was put to work on the case, and the city was searched for two days without revealing any trace of the whereabouts of the missing man. Mr. Macbeth and Billy Pinkerton went to the absent manager's office to look over his books and personal effects in hopes of finding a clue. They ransacked a private desk without finding anything to which they attached any importance, and Pinkerton had turned to leave the room, when Macbeth spied in one corner of the desk a public library card issued in the name of the man for whom they were looking. He observed by the entries on the card that several books had been taken from the library within a period of a month and that the date of the return of one book corresponded with the date of the issuing of another. He put this card in his pocket and left the office in company with the detective. After they were in the street the detective said:

"Why did you take that library card?"

"I have an idea," Macbeth answered, "and I want to go at once to the public library."

An examination of the card showed that the missing man had procured 14 different books, and a comparison of the numbers on the cards with the titles of the books at the library revealed the subjects he had been studying. The first book taken was entitled "A Trip to Nicaragua," the second "A History of Nicaragua," and nearly all the others related to Central America.

"He has gone to Central America," said Pinkerton.

"That's right," Macbeth answered, "and it's not yet too late to catch him at New Orleans."

Telegrams were sent to the Crescent City giving full descriptions of the man, and the next day he was arrested in the office of a steamship company while waiting for his turn at the ticket window. He would have sailed a few hours later for Central America.

ASHAMED OF HER CHILD.

A Heartless Mother Drowned Her Son Because He Was Ugly.

Idella Powell Banks, widow of a well to do cotton planter, was committed to Brooks county (Ga.) jail recently, charged with the murder of Albert P. Banks, her 4-year-old son. She has confessed the crime and said to a minister who called upon her that she wanted to be hanged as soon as possible. According to her statement, the boy was so ugly in appearance and so lacking in intelligence that she was ashamed to have him grow to manhood. She had been visiting relatives in Lowndes county, and on the train returning she made up her mind to murder the little fellow, who sat in the seat facing her playing with the conductor's punch. On her way to her residence she passed a pond and threw the boy into it. She says he seemed to know what her intentions were and held on to her dress so strongly that she was afraid the struggle would attract somebody. After he was in the water she went to her home and went about her business as usual until the body was found and she was called before the coroner's jury. She is possessed of considerable property and has no other children. She originally came from the north. The murdered boy was not badly deformed in any way, but his face was disfigured from birth.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Number of Our Ancestors.

Dr. David Starr Jordan computes that the child of today must have had at the time of Alfred the Great 870,072,000,000 ancestors and at that of William the Conqueror 8,508,044,592. This is a simple matter of arithmetical calculation. Every child has two parents, four grandparents, and so on, the number doubling with each generation in the ascending line. But, to take the later period of William the Conqueror, we know very well that there was no such number of people on earth at that or any other time as 8,500,000,000. At this point, therefore, our arithmetic appears to break down. It is only by the repetition of these ancestors many times that we can escape the force of the calculation. From these data Dr. Jordan infers that "the blood of each single person in Alfred's time who left capable descendants enduring to our day is represented in each family of strict English descent. In other words, every Englishman is descended from Alfred the Great, as very likely also from the peasant woman whose cakes Alfred is reputed to have burned." This gives us a somewhat modest idea of the value of descent from Alfred the Great or William the Conqueror.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Royalty Holds New York Bonds.

The dowager empress of Germany is a holder of New York city bonds and draws her interest regularly. The sum of \$433.75 was remitted to her a few days ago by City Chamberlain Anson McCook, being the regular half yearly interest on \$84,700 of 5 per cent Central Park bonds. The money was sent through the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., the agents of the dowager empress.

On the books of the city she appears as "her imperial majesty Victoria Adelaide Marie Louise, dowager empress Frederick of Germany and queen of Prussia, princess royal of Great Britain and Ireland." Just how she obtained possession of the bonds is not exactly known in the chamberlain's office, but she has been drawing interest on them for 16 years, according to the memory of some of the old men.

MRS. JOHN W. GRIGGS.

Probable Addition to the Ladies of the Cabinet Circle in Washington.

When Governor John W. Griggs of New Jersey goes to Washington as attorney general of the United States, the circle of cabinet ladies will secure a charming addition in the person of the popular wife of Mr. McKenna's successor.

Mrs. Griggs is the second wife of the governor. She was married about five



MRS. JOHN W. GRIGGS.

years ago and has one daughter, Elizabeth. She is now about 30 years old. By his first wife, who died seven years ago, Governor Griggs has six children, four boys and two girls. The eldest boy is just 21.

Mrs. Griggs is a particularly attractive woman and extremely agreeable in manner. All the children are jealously fond of her, and her love for them is unbounded. She is a splendid conversationalist and a very keen observer. She takes an immense interest in her husband's career and has a pretty good insight into things political herself. She enjoys his pleasure and watches his success with eyes brimming over with admiration.

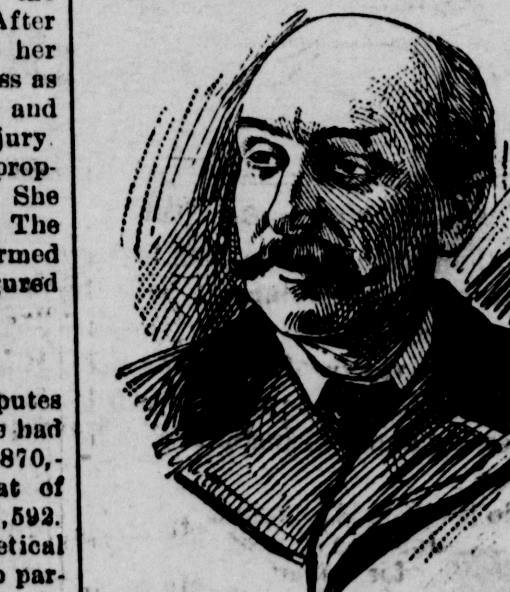
Governor Griggs, like Vice President Hobart, lives in Paterson, and the two families are on very friendly terms. It was due to the influence of Mr. Hobart that the governor is about to enter the president's cabinet.

A PEACE PROMOTER.

William Randall Cremer Is an Active Advocate of International Arbitration.

Arbitration is the specialty of Mr. William Randall Cremer, M. P., and it is in the interest of his hobby that he is now visiting Washington. It was his resolution which passed the house of commons strongly approving the plan of a treaty between Great Britain and the United States, and he has strong hopes of the success of the project, with similar treaties between all the leading nations of the world as an ultimate possibility.

Mr. Cremer visited Washington ten years ago in company with Sir Lyon Playfair and other distinguished members of parliament and presented a memorial signed by many members of the house of commons favorable to an arbit-



WILLIAM RANDALL CREMER.

ration treaty. Three years ago he again came here and presented to President Cleveland and congress a memorial signed by 854 members of the house of commons.

These steps served as the moral force to quicken the two governments to action, and out of it came the notable Olney-Pauncefote treaty, in which for the first time the two English speaking nations agreed to settle by arbitration such differences as diplomacy failed to adjust. That treaty was defeated in the senate.

Mr. Cremer is now here to urge that a similar treaty be introduced in the senate this winter and bears with him a memorial signed by 7,000 representatives of industrial organizations in Great Britain who are favorable to the project.

Rosa Bonheur's Mode of Life.

Rosa Bonheur, the famous artist, leads the life of a peasant, rising early and going to bed late. Every morning on getting up she takes a walk in her garden, invariably accompanied by her dog. From 9 o'clock until 11:30 she works in her studio. Then she has breakfast. At 1 o'clock work is resumed until 5, when Mlle. Bonheur goes for an excursion in the forest near her home. She finishes the day by reading.

The Shah Reverses Cats.

The shah of Persia has a great reverence for cats. He has 50 of them, and each one has an attendant of its own, with a special room for meals. When the shah travels, the cats go along also, being carried by men on horseback.

A Pedestrian's Feet.

A geographically well posted pedestrian succeeded the other day in setting foot in the course of 5 hours and 40 minutes in seven German states.

FACTS IN A FEW LINES.

The chemical name for epsom salt is sulphate of magnesia.

The Caymans in the West Indies export nothing but turtles.

The "learned professors" of Italy comprise 295,000 persons.

There are 10,800 teachers in the diminutive kingdom of Belgium.

Laplanders think nothing of covering 150 miles a day on their skates.

Few people in India eat more than twice a day, and thousands only once.

Paris is admiring a 500-pound Canadian negress who is on exhibition there.

London has 1,380 miles of streets, Paris 600 miles and New York 574 miles.

Most American growers agree that level culture of potatoes brings the largest crops.

M. Bonnard states that Roentgen rays can diagnose pleurisy and similar complaints.

About 60,000 stamps are found loose in the letter bags of the United Kingdom each year.

The greatest cape in the world is Cape Horn, a precipitous mountain over 8,000 feet high.

It is said that there are this year 60,000 pilgrims at Lourdes, so far the "record" figure.

The Gold Coast extends for about 250 miles along the coast, south of Ashanti, in western Africa.

All that remains of Queen Cleopatra is an ugly mummy in a glass case in the British museum.

There are in India 200,000 widows aged between 10 and 14 years and 80,000 less than 9 years old.

A single tree in an orchard near Corvallis, Ore., has yielded this season 900 pounds of Bartlett pears.

In some sections of New York state arsenite of soda has been used for spraying in place of paris green.

The only animal that is really dumb is the giraffe, which is unable to express itself by any sound whatever.

The relative size of the earth as compared with the sun is, approximately, that of a grain of sand to an orange.

The Christian Endeavorers of Alameda county, Cal., have started a crusade against the riding of bicycles on Sunday.

The Australian federation convention has decided that the federal senate shall have no power to amend money bills.

Harbor, the great authority on fish, says that every square mile of the sea is inhabited by 120,000,000 funny creatures.

A recent invention is a cradle that rocks by means of a clockwork mechanism and at the same time plays baby tunes.

In the diocese of Oxford alone no fewer than 23,000 campanologists (as bell ringers are technically designated) are to be found.

There are 200,000 postoffices in the world enjoying organized facilities of correspondence, and of this number 70,000 are in the United States.

A 10-year-old boy in Berlin hanged himself because, at his oldest sister's birthday party, the piece of cake he received was smaller than hers.

Smokers are less liable than nonsmokers to contract diphtheria and other throat diseases in the ratio of 1 to 28. So says Professor Hajak of Vienna.

The eastern hemisphere, on which dwell 92 per cent of the population of the world, has 170,792 miles of railway, or 46 per cent of all the railway.

The agricultural department at Washington, after long experiments with lawn grasses, declares that creeping bent is the finest lawn grass known.

An old maid who keeps four cats finds a scuttful of coal in her back yard every morning. By strict economy she buys only half a ton of coal a year.

A snake does not climb a tree or brush by coiling around it, but by holding on with the points of its scales. A snake on a pane of plate glass is almost helpless.

Dr. Samuel G. Brinton, the archæologist, said in a recent lecture that in North and South America no fewer than 120 or 130 absolutely distinct languages exist.

Mrs. F. J. Chase of Washington, Me., has a hydrangea paniculata grandiflora which covers an area of 156 square feet and has over 1,200 large panicles of flowers upon it.

Notwithstanding all the efforts of inventors, no one has been able to discover a substitute for leather. For shoes, belting, harness and a thousand other uses "there's nothing like leather."

It is said that the patterns on the finger tips are not only unchangeable through life, but the chance of the finger prints of two persons being alike is less than one chance in 64,000,000,000.

In China government appointments are determined by the literary attainments of the applicants, and numerous instances are known of men spending many years in preparing for the government examination.

In one consignment recently a feather dealer in London received 6,000 birds of paradise, 260,000 birds of various kinds from the East Indies and 400,000 humming birds. In three months another dealer imported 356,398 birds from the East Indies.

The Arabic used in the Koran differs as much from the Arabic used in ordinary conversation in the east as the Latin differs from the Italian. The Koran Arabic is that of the literary classes, the colloquial Arabic that of the common people.

New South Wales is to be put to the expense of another long Tichborne trial, a lunatic named Creswell, now in an insane hospital near Sydney, having been identified as the missing Sir Roger by persons who have influence enough to set the law's machinery in motion.

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The policeman collared the scorching. "Here!" he exclaimed, "you blanked—hello, you ride the same make of wheel I do! You'd better pump up that front tire a little. It's too soft."—Chicago Tribune.

With Great Expression.
"They tell me, Grimly, that your daughter sings with great expression." "Greatest expression you ever saw. Her own mother can't recognize her face when she's singing at her best."—Tit-Bits.

Length of a Sermon.
An English judge, Baron Alderson, on being asked to give his opinion as to the proper length of a sermon, replied, "Twenty minutes, with a leaning to the side of mercy."

Experientia Docet.
Singleton—What is the effect of eating homemade bread?
Benedict—Home made desolate.—Brooklyn Life.

The Height of the Ridiculous.
I wrote some lines once on a time
In wondrous merry mood
And thought, as usual, men would say
They were exceeding good.

They were so queer—so very queer—
I laughed as I would die.
Albeit, in the general way,
A sober man am I.

I called my servant, and he came.
How kind it was of him
To mind a slender man like me,
He of the mighty limb!

"These to the printer," I exclaimed,
And in my humorous way
I added, as a trifling jest,
"There'll be the devil to pay."

He took the paper, and I watched
And saw him peep within.
At the first line he read his face
Was all upon the grin.

He read the next. The grin grew broad
And shot from ear to ear.
He read the third. A chuckling noise
I now began to hear.

The fourth, he broke into a roar.
The fifth, his waistband split.
The sixth, he burst five buttons off
And tumbled in a fit.

Ten days and nights, with sleepless eye,
I watched that wretched man,
And since I never dare to write
As funny as I can.

—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

COSTLY DIPLOMACY.

THE TRANSVAAL PAYS A FOREIGN MINISTER \$85,000 A YEAR.

Sharp Contrast to Uncle Sam's Frugal Policy—American Ministers Must Have Private Fortunes—Advantages Which Money Gives In Diplomatic Negotiations.

Our state department at Washington must have read with astonishment the recently published report that Dr. William J. Leyds, secretary of state of the Boer republic, had been accorded the enormous salary of \$85,000 a year for representing the Transvaal as minister plenipotentiary in the various capitals of Europe. Uncle Sam is so frugal in his expenditures for diplomatic purposes that such prodigality on the part of the puny South African Republic must have given the good gentleman a severe shock.

It is probable, however, that Oom Paul Kruger knows what he is paying for. No doubt the object in giving Dr. Leyds so large a salary as \$85,000 a year is to enable him to represent the Transvaal in such a manner in the various capitals of Europe as to impress the people with whom he is brought into official contact with the importance of his government.

While much has been written about the uselessness of costly missions abroad in these modern days, when all the great capitals of the world are connected with one another by wire and when it is possible for a minister of foreign affairs to convey his instructions and orders to their destinations within a few minutes, without leaving any latitude to the discretion or direction of the envoy, there is no doubt that an ambassador who is able to represent his country on a scale of grandeur and magnificence, who is able to entertain on a



DR. WILLIAM J. LEYDS.

large scale, has it in his power to serve the interests of his government far more efficaciously than a diplomat who for one reason or another can make no show.

Not one but dozens of treaties of the utmost international importance have been, so to speak, floated into port on a tidal wave of champagne, and this is even more the case nowadays, when alliances are announced in the shape of postprandial toasts than it was when Lord Elgin came to this country with Laurence Oliphant in the fifties for the purpose of concluding his commercial treaty with the United States. That is why Great Britain accords to her ambassador at Paris a salary of \$50,000, together with allowances to the tune of an additional \$20,000, and the use of a handsome place entirely furnished.

The ambassadors of Russia, Germany and Austria in Paris have abodes which, if not quite so sumptuous, are still very grand and stately, and salaries of about \$40,000 per annum, while England pays her envoys in the other capitals of Europe on the same magnificent scale, providing in almost every case an imposing palace or mansion furnished even down to the item of gold and silver plate, as at Paris. The English ambassador at Constantinople has two palaces, one at Pera and the other at Therapia, together with a couple of steam launches, a state barge and a government steam yacht, commanded by a lieutenant and manned by 80 British tars, all being maintained for the official and private use of his excellency by the British government.

It will readily be seen from this that unless the United States happens to find a man of wealth willing to undertake the not always grateful task of representing this country as ambassador abroad he must necessarily, with his \$17,000 salary, convey to the people among whom he is sent to reside a less powerful impression of the prestige and of the grandeur of his native land than his fellow ambassadors.

It is only fair to add that these highly paid ambassadors of European countries devote conscientiously all the money which they receive from the state to the purpose for which it is granted, many of them, indeed, dipping heavily into whatever private resources they may happen to possess.

As a rule Boer ideas of remuneration are not particularly extravagant. The president himself receiving but \$20,000 a year. Dr. Leyds is one of a body of six who form the executive government of the Transvaal, and he is the only non-Afrikaner on that executive. He is a native of Java and was educated in Holland. He studied law at the Amsterdam university, where he was graduated in 1884.

During that year President Kruger visited Europe and offered the position of attorney general of his republic to the young solicitor. After some hesitation Dr. Leyds accepted the post and removed to Pretoria. In 1888 he was elected secretary of state by the volksraad and was re-elected in 1892 and 1896, the term being four years. Dr. Leyds is about 40 years old and is described as a person of nervous but arduous manner and a pleasant voice.

A CLEVER DETECTIVE.

A Library Card Gave the Clue to a Detective's Whereabouts.

A manager of a branch office of one of the big packing houses in Chicago was found to be short in his accounts, and the day this fact was discovered he disappeared, says the Detroit Journal. His bond was furnished by the Baltimore company, and Mr. Macbeth was sent to Chicago to take charge of his books and, if possible, secure his arrest. Pinkerton's entire force was put to work on the case, and the city was searched for two days without revealing any trace of the whereabouts of the missing man. Mr. Macbeth and Billy Pinkerton went to the absent manager's office to look over his books and personal effects in hopes of finding a clue. They ransacked a private desk without finding anything to which they attached any importance, and Pinkerton had turned to leave the room, when Macbeth spied in one corner of the desk a public library card issued in the name of the man for whom they were looking. He observed by the entrance on the card that several books had been taken from the library within a period of a month and that the date of the return of one book corresponded with the date of the issuing of another. He put this card in his pocket and left the office in company with the detective. After they were in the street the detective said:

"Why did you take that library card?"

"I have an idea," Macbeth answered, "and I want to go at once to the public library."

An examination of the card showed that the missing man had procured 14 different books, and a comparison of the numbers on the cards with the titles of the books at the library revealed the subjects he had been studying. The first book taken was entitled "A Trip to Nicaragua," the second "A History of Nicaragua," and nearly all the others related to Central America.

"He has gone to Central America," said Pinkerton.

"That's right," Macbeth answered, "and it's not yet too late to catch him at New Orleans."

Telegrams were sent to the Crescent City giving full descriptions of the man, and the next day he was arrested in the office of a steamship company while waiting for his turn at the ticket window. He would have sailed a few hours later for Central America.

ASHAMED OF HER CHILD.

A Heartless Mother Drowned Her Son Because He Was Ugly.

Idella Powell Banks, widow of a well to do cotton planter, was committed to Brooks county (Ga.) jail recently, charged with the murder of Albert P. Banks, her 4-year-old son. She has confessed the crime and said to a minister who called upon her that she wanted to be hanged as soon as possible. According to her statement, the boy was so ugly in appearance and so lacking in intelligence that she was ashamed to have him grow to manhood. She had been visiting relatives in Lowndes county, and on the train returning she made up her mind to murder the little fellow, who sat in the seat facing her playing with the conductor's punch. On her way to her residence she passed a pond and threw the boy into it. She says he seemed to know what her intentions were and held on to her dress so strongly that she was afraid the struggle would attract somebody. After he was in the water she went to her home and went about her business as usual until the body was found and she was called before the coroner's jury. She is possessed of considerable property and has no other children. She originally came from the north. The murdered boy was not badly deformed in any way, but his face was disfigured from birth.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Number of Our Ancestors.

Dr. David Starr Jordan computes that the child of today must have had at the time of Alfred the Great 870,072,000,000 ancestors and at that of William the Conqueror 8,598,004,592. This is a simple matter of arithmetical calculation. Every child has two parents, four grandparents, and so on, the number doubling with each generation in the ascending line. But, to take the later period of William the Conqueror, we know very well that there was no such number of people on earth at that or any other time as 8,500,000,000. At this point, therefore, our arithmetic appears to break down. It is only by the repetition of these ancestors many times that we can escape the force of the calculation. From these data Dr. Jordan infers that "the blood of each single person in Alfred's time who left capable descendants enduring to our day is represented in each family of strict English descent. In other words, every Englishman is descended from Alfred the Great, as very likely also from the peasant woman whose cakes Alfred is reputed to have burned." This gives us a somewhat modest idea of the value of descent from Alfred the Great or William the Conqueror.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Royalty Holds New York Bonds.

The dowager empress of Germany is a holder of New York city bonds and draws her interest regularly. The sum of \$438.75 was remitted to her a few days ago by City Chamberlain Anson McCook, being the regular half yearly interest on \$34,700 of 5 per cent Central Park bonds. The money was sent through the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., the agents of the dowager empress.

On the books of the city she appears as "her imperial majesty Victoria Adelaide Marie Louise, dowager empress Frederick of Germany and queen of Prussia, princess royal of Great Britain and Ireland." Just how she obtained possession of the bonds is not exactly known in the chamberlain's office, but she has been drawing interest on them for 16 years, according to the memory of some of the old men.

MRS. JOHN W. GRIGGS.

Probable Addition to the Ladies of the Cabinet Circle in Washington.

When Governor John W. Griggs of New Jersey goes to Washington as attorney general of the United States, the circle of cabinet ladies will secure a charming addition in the person of the popular wife of Mr. McKenna's successor.

Mrs. Griggs is the second wife of the governor. She was married about five



MRS. JOHN W. GRIGGS.

years ago and has one daughter, Elizabeth. She is now about 80 years old. By his first wife, who died seven years ago, Governor Griggs has six children, four boys and two girls. The eldest boy is just 21.

Mrs. Griggs is a particularly attractive woman and extremely agreeable in manner. All the children are jealously fond of her, and her love for them is unbounded. She is a splendid conversationalist and a very keen observer. She takes an immense interest in her husband's career and has a pretty good insight into things political herself. She enjoys his pleasure and watches his success with eyes brimming over with admiration.

Governor Griggs, like Vice President Hobart, lives in Paterson, and the two families are on very friendly terms. It was due to the influence of Mr. Hobart that the governor is about to enter the president's cabinet.

A PEACE PROMOTER.

William Randall Cremer Is an Active Advocate of International Arbitration.

Arbitration is the specialty of Mr. William Randall Cremer, M. P., and it is in the interest of his hobby that he is now visiting Washington. It was his resolution which passed the house of commons strongly approving the plan of a treaty between Great Britain and the United States, and he has strong hopes of the success of the project, with similar treaties between all the leading nations of the world as an ultimate possibility.

Mr. Cremer visited Washington ten years ago in company with Sir Lyon Playfair and other distinguished members of parliament and presented a memorial signed by many members of the house of commons favorable to an arbit-



WILLIAM RANDALL CREMER.

ration treaty. Three years ago he again came here and presented to President Cleveland and congress a memorial signed by 854 members of the house of commons.

These steps served as the moral force to quicken the two governments to action, and out of it came the notable Olney-Pauncefote treaty, in which for the first time the two English speaking nations agreed to settle by arbitration such differences as diplomacy failed to adjust. That treaty was defeated in the senate.

Mr. Cremer is now here to urge that a similar treaty be introduced in the senate this winter and bears with him a memorial signed by 7,000 representatives of industrial organizations in Great Britain who are favorable to the project.

Rosa Bonheur's Mode of Life.

Rosa Bonheur, the famous artist, leads the life of a peasant, rising early and going to bed late. Every morning on getting up she takes a walk in her garden, invariably accompanied by her dog. From 9 o'clock until 11:30 she works in her studio. Then she has breakfast. At 1 o'clock work is resumed until 5, when Mlle. Bonheur goes for an excursion in the forest near her home. She finishes the day by reading.

The Shah Reverses Cats.

The shah of Persia has a great reverence for cats. He has 50 of them, and each one has an attendant of its own, with a special room for meals. When the shah travels, the cats go along also, being carried by men on horseback.

A Pedestrian's Feat.

A geographically well posted pedestrian succeeded the other day in setting foot in the course of 5 hours and 40 minutes in seven German states.

FACTS IN A FEW LINES.

The chemical name for epsom salt is sulphate of magnesium.

The Caymans in the West Indies export nothing but turtles.

The "learned professions" of Italy comprise 295,000 persons.

There are 10,800 teachers in the diminutive kingdom of Belgium.

Laplanders think nothing of covering 150 miles a day on their skates.

Few people in India eat more than twice a day, and thousands only once.

Paris is admiring a 500-pound Canadian negress who is on exhibition there.

London has 1,380 miles of streets, Paris 600 miles and New York 574 miles.

Most American growers agree that level culture of potatoes brings the largest crops.

M. Bondeard states that Roubigen rays can diagnose pleurisy and similar complaints.

About 60,000 stamps are found loose in the letter bags of the United Kingdom each year.

The greatest cape in the world is Cape Horn, a precipitous mountain over 8,000 feet high.

It is said that there are this year 60,000 pilgrims at Lourdes, so far the "record" figure.

The Gold Coast extends for about 250 miles along the coast, south of Ashanti, in western Africa.

All that remains of Queen Cleopatra is an ugly mummy in a glass case in the British museum.

There are in India 200,000 widows aged between 10 and 14 years and 80,000 less than 9 years old.

A single tree in an orchard near Corvallis, Ore., has yielded this season 900 pounds of Bartlett pears.

In some sections of New York state arsenite of soda has been used for spraying in place of paris green.

The only animal that is really dumb is the giraffe, which is unable to express itself by any sound whatever.

The relative size of the earth as compared with the sun is, approximately, that of a grain of sand to an orange.

The Christian Endeavorers of Alameda county, Cal., have started a crusade against the riding of bicycles on Sunday.

The Australian federation convention has decided that the federal senate shall have no power to amend money bills.

Harbor, the great authority on fish, says that every square mile of the sea is inhabited by 120,000,000 finny creatures.

A recent invention is a cradle that rocks by means of a clockwork mechanism and at the same time plays baby tunes.

In the diocese of Oxford alone no fewer than 23,000 campanologists (as bell ringers are technically designated) are to be found.

There are 200,000 postoffices in the world enjoying organized facilities of correspondence, and of this number 70,000 are in the United States.

A 10-year-old boy in Berlin hanged himself because, at his oldest sister's birthday party, the piece of cake he received was smaller than hers.

Smokers are less liable than nonsmokers to contract diphtheria and other throat diseases in the ratio of 1 to 20. So says Professor Hajak of Vienna.

The eastern hemisphere, on which dwell 92 per cent of the population of the world, has 170,792 miles of railway, or 46 per cent of all the railways.

The agricultural department at Washington, after long experiments with lawn grasses, declares that creeping bent is the finest lawn grass known.

An old maid who keeps four cats finds a scuttling of coal in her back yard every morning. By strict economy she buys only half a ton of coal a year.

A snake does not climb a tree or brush by coiling around it, but by holding on with the points of its scales. A snake on a pane of plate glass is almost helpless.

Dr. Samuel G. Brinton, the archæologist, said in a recent lecture that in North and South America no fewer than 120 or 130 absolutely distinct languages exist.

Mrs. F. J. Chase of Washington, Me., has a hydrangea paniculata grandiflora which covers an area of 156 square feet and has over 1,200 large panicles of flowers upon it.

Notwithstanding all the efforts of inventors, no one has been able to discover a substitute for leather. For shoes, belting, harness and a thousand other uses "there's nothing like leather."

It is said that the patterns on the finger tips are not only unchangeable through life, but the chance of the finger prints of two persons being alike is less than one chance in 64,000,000,000.

In China government appointments are determined by the literary attainments of the applicants, and numerous instances are known of men spending many years in preparing for the government examination.

In one consignment recently a feather dealer in London received 6,000 birds of paradise, 360,000 birds of various kinds from the East Indies and 400,000 humming birds. In three months another dealer imported 356,398 birds from the East Indies.

The Arabic used in the Koran differs as much from the Arabic used in ordinary conversation in the east as the Latin differs from the Italian. The Koran Arabic is that of the literary classes, the colloquial Arabic that of the common people.

New South Wales is to be put to the expense of another long Tichborne trial, a lunatic named Creswell, now in an insane hospital near Sydney, having been identified as the missing Sir Roger by persons who have influence enough to set the law's machinery in motion.

Mrs. Wm. Dodd

Is now prepared to meet all demands of her customers in the way of...

Cut Flowers! Designs and Bouquets.

Chinese Sacred Lillies, in bud and bloom, 25c each with pots.

The New Greenhouse is now completed and stock arriving daily. You will be delighted in visiting this modern greenhouse, which will be lit up every night except Sunday, until 9 o'clock. Thanking you for past patronage, we solicit your future trade. No one sells cheaper.

MRS. WM. DODD.

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TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.

GOING SOUTH.

P. M.

A. M.

1:30

4:30

7:30

10:30

1:30

4:30

7:30

10:30

1:30

4:30

7:30

10:30

1:30

4:30

7:30

10:30

Priceless Pain



"If a price can be placed on pain, 'Mother's Friend' is worth its weight in gold as an alleviator. My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did together with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a mother," says a customer.

Thus writes Henderson Dale, Druggist, of Carmi, Ill., to the Bradfield Regulator Company, of Atlanta, Ga., the proprietors and manufacturers of "Mother's Friend." This successful remedy is not one of the many internal medicines advertised to do unreasonable things, but a scientifically prepared liniment especially effective in adding strength and elasticity to those parts of woman's organism which bear the severest strains of childbirth.

The liniment may be used at any and all times during pregnancy up to the very hour of confinement. The earlier it is begun, and the longer used, the more perfect will be the result, but it has been used during the last month only with great benefit and success.

It not only shortens labor and lessens the pain attending it, but greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child, and leaves the mother in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists at \$1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price.

Valuable book for women, "Before Baby is Born," sent free on application. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES, with name and logo stamped on bottom. Sold by

Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage given by William H. Everest and Elsie A. Everest mortgagors to Silas O. Lum, mortgagee, dated February 7th, 1900 and recorded in the registry of deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on February 13th, 1900 at two o'clock p. m. in book J. of mortgages on page 14 on which there is claimed to be due (\$882) eight hundred ninety two dollars and no action or proceeding has been commenced for the collection of said debt or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that the mortgaged premises to-wit: Lots numbered one (1) and four (4) of section number twenty (20) and the west half of the north east quarter (W. & N. E. 1/4) of section number thirty three (33) all in township forty four (44) north of range thirty one (31) west in said Crow Wing county, Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the county court house in the city of Brainerd in Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on February 7th, 1901 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon to satisfy the debt secured by said mortgage as far as possible.

Dated Dec. 13th, 1900.

SILAS O. LUM, Mortgagee.

LUM, NEFF & HARTLEY, Attys. for Mortgagee.

A Birthday Feast.

Mr. Milton McFadden entertained thirty-six Royal Arch Masons at his home on Monday evening the seventeenth inst. A bountiful and excellent supper was provided by Mrs. McFadden and pleasantly served by Mesdames Ahrens, Keene and McFadden, assisted by Misses Ella McFadden and Kitty Keene. The gathering was in honor of Mr. McFadden's birthday which occurred on the 16th. After the supper a great surprise was given the gentleman when he was presented with a beautiful silver satin lined cuff receiver appropriately engraved with his name, age and a keystone, also three artistic vases. The gifts were presented to Mr. McFadden in a unique speech by Companion Rev. G. W. Gallagher who said:

"Our Grand Master Hiram Abiff, had among his workmen a celebrated pugilist, Pat Murphy. One day Murphy asked the privilege of being absent for that day. The request was granted. On the morrow Murphy returned with a court plaster on his brow, one on his cheek and one on his chin. His ear also was bound up. Our Grand Master Hiram meeting Murphy inquired the cause of his unusual appearance. Murphy replied 'Grand Master you remember that I axed permission to be off yesterday. My friend Mike O'Reilly was to be married. As I was goin' up the steps I met a felly with a biled shirt and a swally tailed coat, Sez I, who are you? Sez he, I am the best man. Sez I, 'begorra you are not the best man.' Sez he, 'bedad I am.' With that we went at each other and ye see by the looks of me face that he was the best man." Our Grand Master was much interested in the case and made inquiry as to the name of the "best man." It was reported among the workmen that it was one Mike Fadden but on thorough search it was learned that his name was Milton McFadden. Our Grand Master was anxious to see the man who had vanquished Murphy and went forth to find him. As he was walking through the rubbish of the temple he discovered a man near a pit with a pair of cuffs in his hand and holding fast to a vase. It proved to be the famous McFadden. Our Grand Master approached, but McFadden was so astonished at the unexpected appearance of the Grand Master that he let the cuffs and the vase fall in the pit. The vase contained a sample of the blood of Murphy. Our grand master was sorry that McFadden should lose these trophies of his victory over Murphy, and mentioned the loss to McFadden's companions who immediately sought to repair the loss by purchasing this beautiful silver cuff holder and these handsome vases, and our Grand Master Hiram made it a Masonic principle for all time, that in future encounters with a pugilistic Murphy the blood of an Irishman should be preserved in the archives of the temple, for as McFadden's name was Milton and he had written "Paradise Lost" and "Paradise Regained" and told of "the wreck of matter in crash of worlds" it would be wise to be prepared for that long expected catastrophe. Then, as tokens of the friendship and love of the companions here present, I offer you these rare gifts, calling to your memory the words

"Kind hearts are more than coronets And simple faith than Norman blood."

Mr. McFadden responded briefly, saying like Murphy he was "knocked out."

Births and Deaths for 1897.

So far the births and deaths for Crow Wing county during 1897 have been reported by towns as follows:

OFFICER. B'THS D'THS

Brainerd... J. L. Camp... 145 102

Crow Wing... W. H. Everest... 16 4

Daggett B... H. K. Lanhart... 10 3

Deerwood... O. C. Coffin... 9 2

Garrison... R. J. Rosdahl... 2 0

Long Lake... H. C. Hughey... 9 1

Maple Grove... C. A. Nelson... 1 0

St. Matthias... Chas. Holbert... 14 2

T. 46, R. 29... O. C. Coffin... 5 0

T. 45, R. 28... O. C. Coffin... 4 0

Adair Council No. 1569, Royal Arcanum, will entertain their friends with a Yellow Kid masquerade, at Gardner Hall, Monday evening, Feb. 21st. Like all former entertainments given by this lodge it will be a strictly first-class affair. The scheme is Yellow Kid costumes with appropriate Yellow Kid mottoes printed on costumes or banners. Programme and music will be up to date and a royal good time is assured to all.

Notice.

Having disposed of my jewelry and watchmaking business I desire to have all accounts settled as soon as possible. Parties knowing themselves to be indebted to me will please call at the store on Sixth street where the accounts can be adjusted.

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Orle Dane, of Maple Grove, desires the DISPATCH to tender their sincere thanks to neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted them in their hour of need during the illness and death of their daughter, Hazel.

THE TALK OF EUROPE.

Brief Reflections Upon Events of Current Interest Across the Ocean.

It is solemnly announced from Germany that the kaiser is "about" to perpetrate another of his musical compositions. The action of William in thus giving notice that he is "just about to begin" is presumably prompted by a species of imperial consideration toward the musical critics, who are thus afforded an opportunity of leaving the country before the blow falls. On the occasion of the publication of the emperor's "Sang zu Regir" nearly every critic who ventured to find fault with it was arrested and tried on a charge of lese majesty.

At the time when the Peninsular and Oriental liner Aden was wrecked on the island of Socotra, in the Indian ocean, last May, only those who had been deserted on board the stranded vessel were rescued, no trace being found of those of the passengers and crew who had left the ship on board the three lifeboats. Two of these contained only men, while in the third there were 13 sailors, 9 women and 8 children. It was believed until a few weeks ago that all three boats had gone to the bottom. But quite recently the British authorities at Aden and at Muskat have obtained information to the effect that at least two of the boats, one of them being that containing the two women and children, had reached the Arabian coast, and that those on board are now held in captivity by the lawless Arab tribes of the coast, who are disposed to treat for their release on the basis of ransom. The British government has now taken the matter in hand, and negotiations have been opened both from Aden and Muskat with a view to securing the liberation of the captives.

The widespread misery and want that prevail in Italy appear to be exercising a disastrous and degenerating influence on the physique of the masculine portion of the population. According to official statistics just issued by the war department at Rome, out of every 1,000 young men of 20 years of age liable for military service, which is obligatory in Italy as in Germany and Austria, 520, or more than half, were rejected by the medical authorities as physically disqualified for service in the army.

The French government, finding itself unable to increase the taxation, which is heavier per capita in France than in any other country of the world, has decided to resort to the conversion of its treasury bonds or rentes from 3 per cent to 2 1/2 as the easiest, and indeed the only available, means of increasing the revenues of the state. The ground is taken that as the national credit is such that the government has recently been able to secure temporary loans at 1 1/2 per cent the interest charge on treasury bonds is far too high and that a conversion scheme would respond to the present state of France's national credit. That the latter should stand so high is surprising, when it is remembered that, although in the last 26 years France's population has only increased by 298,000 inhabitants, or at the rate of about 11,500 a year (England having doubled hers in the last 40 years), the consolidated national debt of France has grown from \$8,000,000,000 to \$7,000,000,000, while the taxation, both direct and indirect, has more than doubled.

Now that the French government has concluded the agreement with England whereby the latter power at length recognizes Tunis as a full fledged French dependency, preparations are being made to begin work without delay on the improvement and extensive development of the defences of the Tunisian coast. Apart from the important fortifications at Bizerta there are to be large forts and arsenals at Mehedia and at Cape Le Bon. Government engineers have just left Paris to make the necessary surveys and designs.

A war has broken out at Paris between the restaurant keepers and the newsdealers occupying the kiosks that border the roadway of the boulevards. Hitherto the faces of these kiosks have been turned toward the pavement, and the occupants have been permitted to display their wares by means of boards and tables, which, of course, encroached on the footpath. Traffic was still further impeded by the action of the restaurant keepers and cafe proprietors, who persist in lining the front of their establishments with small tables and chairs for the accommodation of those of their customers who prefer to sip their drinks in the open air. The bonifaces, finding that the police were about to interfere, lodged a complaint against the newsdealers, mainly with the object of saving themselves. This has led to the issue of an order whereby the kiosks are twisted half round, so that their fronts and their tables of wares, instead of facing the footpath, now run parallel with the curb. The occupants of the kiosks are in arms, declaring that their trade will be impaired by the change and that, moreover, they are deprived of seeing at least one-half of life on the boulevards. They vent their wrath on the cafe and restaurant proprietors. This has brought joy to the various Paris newspapers, for until now the newsdealers have been in the habit of hiring out a number of newspapers for the day to the restaurants and cafes and then returning them 24 hours later to the newspaper offices as "bouillon"—that is to say, "unsold." In this way the Parisian press has been shorn of a considerable portion of its receipts, never at any time large.—New York Tribune.

touch the Button and Wash Your Face.

Barber shops in Sweden have bowls in which one can wash his face without using the hands. On touching a button the water spurts up like a small fountain, and the man who has been shaved holds his face in it till the soap is all washed away.

MORKEN & DYKEMAN

HAVE OPENED A

Grocery, Flour & Feed

STORE

At the Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, in the Cooperative Store Building.

A full line of staple and fancy groceries, flour and feed, will be carried in stock and the public is asked to get our prices and examine our stock. Give us a call.

MORKEN & DYKEMAN,

CORNER OF EIGHTH AND MAIN STREETS, NORTH SIDE.

For

Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, La Grippe, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption,

TAKE...

Foley's Honey and Tar

IT IS THE GREAT THROAT AND LUNG REMEDY.

FOR SALE BY M. K. SWARTZ, DRUGGIST.

C. B. WHITE

Dealer in HARDWARE

A Complete Line of Builders' Hardware, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Nails, Paper, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Wall Finish and Brushes.

Contracting and Building.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished. All kinds of Shop and Wagon Work Promptly Attended to.

Guns, Ammunition, and Sporting Goods.

Refrigerators in Stock.

I. U. WHITE, Manager

Walker Block, Laurel Street.

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MEAT MARKET

Is the place to get

Best Meats

Of all kinds at

Lowest Prices

We can say without boasting that we have as fine a Market as there is in the state north of the Twin Cities. We aim to please our many customers by having a Clean Market and selling Best Meats at Lowest Prices.

BENSON & GRAY.

Telephone Call, 8-4. Front St., and Door West of 6th St.

Blankets and Lap-robes

Burlington Route

FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM

St. Paul AND Minneapolis TO ST. LOUIS

A HUMANE MAN

looks after the comfort of his dumb but intelligent servants. We want to aid you in this direction, and so offer for your examination a fine line of horse blankets and lap robes. That we have everything else in the way of harness and horse accessories goes without saying.

Mrs. Wm. Dodd
Is now prepared to meet
all demands of her cus-
tomers in the way of...

Cut Flowers! Designs and Bouquets.

Chinese Sacred Lillies, in bud and
bloom, 25c each with pots.

The New Greenhouse is now com-
pleted and
stock arriving daily. You will be de-
lighted in visiting this modern green-
house, which will be lit up every
night except Sunday, until 9 o'clock.
Thanking you for past patronage,
we solicit your future trade. No one
sells cheaper.

MRS. WM. DODD.

WESTERN TREE PLANTERS

And Those Who Contemplate Planting

Trees should Send to the

EVERGREEN NURSERY COMPANY,

Evergreen, Wis.

For Free Catalogue of

NURSERY STOCK

Particularly adapted to planting in the west. We

have on hand in our nursery a big stock of Ever-

greens and Deciduous Trees that we have grown

with special care for the western trade. Every-

thing that the Farmer or Tree Planter, or city

resident may need for Wind Breaks, Timber Lots

or Ornamentation, we can furnish from our ex-

tensive nurseries. We pack all our stock in native

grown moss that will keep the roots moist and in

splendid condition. Everything true to name and

price. Send for our free catalogue and price

list.

EVERGREEN NURSERY CO.,

Evergreen, Wis.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may

quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an

invention is probably patentable. Communi-

cations strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents

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special notice, without charge, in the

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-

culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5 a

year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsde-

lers.

MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

W. F. HOLST,

General Blacksmithing

And Repairing.

Fourth St., Between Front & Laurel

HIGHEST HONORS.

By the World's Columbian Exposition for

the care shown in all details of construction;

the high standard of materials used;

the simplicity of the working parts and the

many excellent and original improvements.

THE WORLD'S BEST

SEWING MACHINE.

Built thorough throughout. Rapid, noise-

less, handsome and durable. Light and

easy running. No other ever equalled it.

No other ever will. The name guarantees

superiority. Experience has shown that the

Domestic is the cheapest to buy. It will

last a lifetime and is always satisfactory.

Handsome Illustrated Catalogue Free.

Exclusive Territory to Active Agents.

DOMESTIC S. M. CO.,

298 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules cure nausea.

Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.

Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.

Ripans Tabules; gentle cathartic.

Ripans Tabules; pleasant laxative.

Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

Brainerd & Northern

MINNESOTA RY.

TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the

Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.

P. M.

8:30.....lv Brainerd-ar.....10:30

8:40.....lv Hubert-ar.....9:40

8:50.....lv Pine River-ar.....9:50

9:00.....lv Bucke-ar.....9:56

9:10.....lv Lothrop-ar.....9:06

9:35.....ar Walker-lv.....7:40

E. H. HOAR, Supt.

GOING SOUTH.

A. M.

8:30.....lv Brainerd-ar.....10:30

8:40.....lv Hubert-ar.....9:40

8:50.....lv Pine River-ar.....9:50

9:00.....lv Bucke-ar.....9:56

9:10.....lv Lothrop-ar.....9:06

9:35.....ar Walker-lv.....7:40

E. H. HOAR, Supt.

Priceless Pain



"If a price can be placed on pain, 'Mother's
Friend' is worth its weight in gold as an allevi-
ator. My wife suffered more in ten minutes with
either of her other two children than she did at-
tending with her last, having previously used
four bottles of 'Mother's Friend'. It is a blessing
to any one expecting to become a mother," says
a customer.

Thus writes Henderson Dale, Druggist,
of Carmi, Ill., to the Bradfield Regulator
Company, of Atlanta, Ga., the proprie-
tors and manufacturers of "Mother's
Friend." This successful remedy is not
one of the many internal medicines ad-
vertised to do unreasonable things, but a
scientifically prepared liniment especially
effective in adding strength and elasticity
to those parts of woman's organism which
bear the severest strains of childbirth.

The liniment may be used at any and
all times during pregnancy up to the
very hour of confinement. The earlier it
is begun, and the longer used, the more
perfect will be the result, but it has been
used during the last month only with
great benefit and success.

It not only shortens labor and lessens
the pain attending it, but greatly dimin-
ishes the danger to life of both mother
and child, and leaves the mother in a con-
dition more favorable to speedy recovery.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists
at \$1.00, or sent by express on receipt of
price.

Valuable book for women, "Before
Baby is Born," sent free on application.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Professional Cards.

J. L. FREDERICK, D. M. D.

DENTIST.

Rooms 9 and 10 First National Bank Bldg.,

BRainerd, MINNESOTA.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office, Rooms 1 and 2, Bank Block

BRainerd, MINN.

J. H. WARNER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Columbian Block.

Brainerd. - Minn.

W. H. CROWELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Land Office Practice and Collections

a specialty.

Columbian Block, Sixth St, BRainerd, MINN

DRS. CAMP & THABES,

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First National Bank Block.

Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Night Calls received at Office.

Telephone Call, 7-2.

BRainerd, MINNESOTA

DR. A. F. GROVES,

Physician & Surgeon.

Office over McFadden Drug Co.'s Store.

Residence, Cor. 6th and Kingwood Sts.

Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Telephone Call: Office-8-3, Residence-14-5.

BRainerd, MINNESOTA.

McPHERSON & REIMSTAD,

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First Nat. Bank Bldg.

Office Hours: From 9 to 10 A. M. and from

8 to 4 and 7 to 8:30 P. M.

R. K. WHITELEY

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR

Office, Room 2, Leeper Bldg.

BRainerd, MINN

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST.

And other specialties for

Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys

and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertise-

ment which appears in this

paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L.

DOUGLAS SHOES,

with name and price

stamped on bottom. Sold by

Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS default has been made in the condi-

tions of a mortgage given by William H. Everest

and Libbie A. Everest mortgagors to Silas O.

Lum, mortgagee, dated February 7th, 1890 and

recorded in the registry of deeds of Crow Wing

county, Minnesota, on February 13th, 1890 at two

o'clock p. m. in book J. of mortgages on page 14

on which there is claimed to be due (\$892) eight

hundred ninety two dollars and no action or pro-

ceeding has been commenced for the collection of

said debt or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that the

mortgaged premises to-wit: Lots numbered one

(1) and four (4) of section number twenty (20) and

the west half of the north east quarter (W. & N. E. 1/4)

of section number thirty three (33) all in

township forty four (44) north of range thirty one

(31) west in said Crow Wing county, Minnesota,

will be sold at public auction to the highest bid-

der for cash at the front door of the county court

house in the city of Brainerd in Crow Wing con-

ty, Minnesota, on February 7th, 1890 at 2 o'clock

in the afternoon to satisfy the debt secured by

A Birthday Feast.

Mr. Milton McFadden entertained
thirty-six Royal Arch Masons at his
home on Monday evening the seven-
teenth inst. A bountiful and excel-
lent supper was provided by Mrs.
McFadden and pleasantly served by
Mesdames Ahrens, Keene and Mc-

Fadden, assisted by Misses Ella Mc-
Fadden and Kitty Keene. The
gathering was in honor of Mr. Mc-
Fadden's birthday which occurred on
the 16th. After the supper a great
surprise was given the gentleman
when he was presented with a beauti-
ful silver satin lined cuff receiver ap-
propriately engraved with his name,
age and a keystone, also three artistic
vases. The gifts were presented to
Mr. McFadden in a unique speech by
Campanion Rev. G. W. Gallagher
who said:

"Our Grand Master Hiram Abiff,
had among his workmen a celebrated
pugilist, Pat Murphy. One day Mur-
phy asked the privilege of being ab-
sent for that day. The request was
granted. On the morrow Murphy re-
turned with a court plaster on his
brow, one on his cheek and one on
his chin. His ear also was bound up.
Our Grand Master Hiram meeting
Murphy inquired the cause of his un-
usual appearance. Murphy replied
"Grand Master you remember that I
axed permission to be off yesterday.
My friend Mike O'Reilly was to be
married. As I was going up the steps
I met a felly with a biled shirt and a
swally tailed coat, Sez I, who are you?
Sez he, I am the best man. Sez I,
"begorra you are not the best man."
Sez he, "bedad I am." With that we
went at each other and ye see by the
looks of me face that he was the best
man." Our Grand Master was much
interested in the case and made in-
quiry as to the name of the "best
man." It was reported among the
workmen that it was one Mike Fadden
but on thorough search it was learned
that his name was Milton McFadden.
Our Grand Master was anxious to see
the man who had vanquished Murphy
and went forth to find him. As he
was walking through the rubbish of
the temple he discovered a man near
a pit with a pair of cuffs in his hand
and holding fast to a vase. It proved
to be the famous McFadden. Our
Grand Master approached, but Mc-
Fadden was so astonished at the un-
expected appearance of the Grand
Master that he let the cuffs and the
vase fall in the pit. The vase con-
tained a sample of the blood of Mur-
phy. Our grand master was sorry
that McFadden should lose these
trophies of his victory over Murphy,
and mentioned the loss to McFadden's
companions who immediately sought
to repair the loss by purchasing this
beautiful silver cuff holder and these
handsome vases, and our Grand Mas-
ter Hiram made it a Masonic prin-
ciple for all time, that in future en-
counters with a pugilistic Murphy
the blood of an Irishman should be
preserved in the archives of the tem-
ple, for as McFadden's name was
Milton and he had written "Paradise
Lost" and "Paradise Regained" and
told of "the wreck of matter in crash
of worlds" it would be wise to be pre-
pared for that long expected cata-
strophe. Then, as tokens of the friend-
ship and love of the companions here
present, I offer you these rare gifts,
calling to your memory the words
"Kind hearts are more than coronets
And simple faith than Norman blood."

Mr. McFadden responded briefly,
saying like Murphy he was "knocked
out."

Births and Deaths for 1897.

So far the births and deaths for

Crow Wing county during 1897 have

been reported by towns as follows:

OFFICER. B'THS D'THS

Brainerd... J. L. Camp... 145 102

Crow Wing... W. H. Everest... 16 4

Daggett... B. H. K. Lanhart... 10 3

Deerwood... O. C. Coffin... 9 2

Garrison... R. J. Rosdahl... 2 0

Long Lake... H. C. Hughey... 9 1

Maple Grove... C. A. Nelson... 1 0

St. Matthias... Chas. Holbert... 14 2

T. 46, R. 29... O. C. Coffin... 5 0

T. 45, R. 28... O. C. Coffin... 4 0

Adair Council No. 1569, Royal Ar-

caum, will entertain their friends

with a Yellow Kid masquerade, at

Gardner Hall, Monday evening, Feb.

21st. Like all former entertainments

given by this lodge it will be a strictly

first-class affair. The scheme is

Yellow Kid costumes with appropri-

ate Yellow Kid mottoes printed on

costumes or banners. Programme

and music will be up to date and a

royal good time is assured to all.

Notice.

Having disposed of my jewelry and

watchmaking business I desire to

have all accounts settled as soon as

possible. Parties knowing themselves

to be indebted to me will please call

at the store on Sixth street where the

accounts can be adjusted.

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Orle Dane, of Maple

Grove, desires the DISPATCH to tender

their sincere thanks to neighbors and

friends who so kindly assisted them

in their hour of need during the ill-

ness and death of their daughter,

Hazel.

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Two of these contained only men, while
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and designs.

A war has

OUT OF THE SEA.

BY CLARA AUGUSTA.



CHAPTER IV.—(CONTINUED.)

"It is time. Go up and call Miss Trenholme. Where is Imogene?"

Even as she spoke Imogene Ireton stole among them, her eyes flashing, her cheeks scarlet with some unwonted excitement; yet Mrs. Trenholme noticed that when she touched her hand it was cold as ice.

"My dear Imogene, you must go up and summon Marina."

Imogene put her hand to her forehead in a half-dazed way, then, instantly recovering, bowed slightly and passed up the stairs, followed by the three other bridesmaids, of whom Agnes was one.

They stopped before the door of Marina's chamber. Agnes knocked. There was no reply. She repeated the summons again and again, with a like result. Then she turned the knob, and the door swung open partially. Something lay behind it. Agnes stooped down to remove it, and started back pale as death, her hand dripping with blood. For the obstacle was the bleeding body of Quito, the great black dog that for years had been Marina's faithful guardian in all her walks.

The four girls stepped into the room, and it was no wonder that they were pallid as ashes, no wonder their limbs shook under them, and their frantic shrieks rent the air.

There, in her arm-chair, midway in the apartment, clad in her bridal robes, sat Marina, the white, glistening silk spotted with crimson, the long, sweeping veil stained blood-red, and over and above all, the sweet fragrance of orange flowers. Marina's head was a little drooped, the blue eyes closed, the face white as marble, the hands lightly clasped above her heart, from which the blood still came slowly. She was dead! Foully murdered!

The cries of the bridesmaids brought every guest to the fatal chamber—Ralph first of all. He gave one look, then flew to the side of the dead bride, lifted her in his arms, pressed his lips to hers, and called on her wildly to awake and speak to him once more. But in vain. No human voice could ever reach her more.

He laid her down on the couch at last, and raised her face slowly toward the awe-stricken spectators. Then, lifting up his right hand to heaven, he said solemnly:

"Hear me swear it, here before God, and in the presence of my murdered bride, that I will spare no pains to bring the guilty to account, and once discovered, I will hunt him to the death! Though the law may make him free, I never will; but to the latest hour of his existence he shall feel the weight of my vengeance!"

Investigations were at once commenced. A strict guard was placed over the premises, and none of the guests were permitted to leave the house. A shrewd detective was brought up from the city, and the case left in his hands. And in the five hours he had satisfied himself with the facts he had discovered.

There was the mark of two bloody fingers upon the window sill—two very slender fingers, and just beneath the window on the carpet were several little globules of blood. A grapevine climbed nearly to the window on a strong trellis outside, and the bark was stripped from this vine in several places, indicating that the assassin had escaped by that means. In the soft earth, just under the trellis, were the marks of a man—very small tracks indeed for those of a man, yet such they evidently were. And still further, among the leaves of the vine, was found a blood-stained kid glove, and on the inside of the wrist was written the name of Lynde Graham!

Mr. Strickland, the detective, announced his discovery quietly in the library, in the presence of the whole wedding party.

Lynde Graham felt the charge—he knew then that he should be accused of the crime of murder. For a moment the scarlet flush of wounded pride dyed his fine face, and then he was himself again, calm and erect as usual.

Imogene Ireton bent forward, and listened with quick breath and flushed cheeks to the report of the detective, and when it was given she drew back and the color faded out of her face, leaving it like wax.

Further facts were developed before midnight. The boots of Lynde Graham fitted exactly the tracks in the garden, and just without the garden gate was found a surgeon's knife blood-stained and bearing on the handle the initials "L. G." Evidently the murderer had stood behind the girl and stabbed her as she sat in her chair, and then being attacked by the dog had plunged the knife into him.

Perhaps the brute might be able to do something toward bringing the guilty to justice. He was not dead, though severely hurt, and every care was taken to save his life. He was an animal of

wonderful sagacity, and Ralph felt certain that if he could be brought back to health he could make him instrumental in discovering the real murderer.

The chain of circumstances was so strong that it fully warranted Mr. Strickland in arresting Dr. Graham upon the charge of the assassination of Marina Trenholme. At his examination before a justice, Graham refused to offer any plea whatever; he simply said he was innocent of the crime. Two of the old servants testified to having met the prisoner about half-past 9 on the morning of the murder in the garden, on the eastern side of the house. He was pale and singularly agitated, and when one of them asked him if anything had gone wrong, he had pushed by him and hurried on.

Graham was committed to the county jail to await the convening of the Assizes on the first of November, when his final trial would take place.

Marina was laid in the shady graveyard where the Trenholmes had for generations been buried, and after the funeral was over, the guests departed and left Ralph and Agnes and their mother alone at the Rock.

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Since the terrible tragedy Agnes Trenholme had not been herself. She was restless, nervous—given to long fits of passionate weeping, at which times nothing could comfort her. Mrs. Trenholme attributed it to grief for the fearful death of her adopted sister, and though she herself mourned the gentle girl, and was horrified beyond measure at her tragic death, yet as the time passed, and Agnes only grew more and more depressed, she could not resist a little feeling of impatience at her conduct. A few days before the first of November, on which day Lynde Graham would be brought to trial, Agnes sought Ralph in the library.

He started at the sight of Agnes in her white robes, and her face as white as her dress, with the dark circles around the great dilated, gray eyes. He had never noticed before how terribly she had changed.

"My dear Agnes, tell me what troubles you."

She came slowly forward, and sinking at his feet, buried her face in his bosom and burst into sobs.

He lifted up her face and looked into her troubled eyes.

"My dear sister, tell me what it means! I do not understand you. I did not know your love for—your love was so intense."

"O, yes; I loved Marina. I did love her! Ralph, God knows she was dear to me as an own sister could have been. But it is not her death that is wearing me to the grave. No, no—not that!"

"Not that? Then tell me, and let me comfort you."

"I must tell some one! I shall go mad if I do not! Some women would suffer it in silence—would die before they would breathe the secret. But I am made of weaker stuff. I cannot bear it alone. I must have help!"

"And I will give it to you, if it lies in my power, my poor Agnes," he said, stroking her hair.

"Oh, thank you! bless you! If you only mean it. Will you promise to help me in my own way?"

"Tell me the circumstances. It would be wrong to promise without knowing to what I pledged myself."

"I want you to promise to spare the life of Lynde Graham!"

His face grew black, he opened his mouth to speak, but she covered it with her two hands.

"Only her me out, Ralph. You shall not deny me yet. I will hope a little longer. It is shame for me to confess it, but his death upon the gallows will kill me! I could not live and know that while I breathed he was yielding up his precious life at the end of the terrible rope! the spectacle of a jering crowd. He, the noblest, the purest, the best man that ever lived! You can save him! You can refuse to appear against him—I know there are ways by which men prevent the conviction of even the best criminals! And he is not guilty! He never had such a thought. He is innocent as the angels! Ralph, promise me that you will save him!"

He rose to his feet, lifting her up also, and looking down into her face coldly and sternly.

"Agnes, what possible interest can you take in that damnable murderer?"

"My brother! O Ralph! do not

despise me utterly! I love him!" she moaned, sinking to the floor and clasping his knees.

"Love him!" he exclaimed, hoarsely; "you love a murderer! a cowardly assassin! Agnes Trenholme, why did not God let you die before you sank so low? The son of a common fisherman!"

"Hush!" she said, sternly. "Do not speak of rank! You dared to love a woman without a name, and I honored you for ignoring birth and position. I love Lynde Graham because he is worthy of a woman's love more than any man I ever saw! I have loved him for years. I cannot remember when every sweet thought of my heart was not interwoven with him. Love is not the child of wealth alone. It goes whither it is sent. And to me Lynde Graham is as royal as a prince of the realm!"

"And did he dare?—has he dared to ask your love?"

Her face grew scarlet, but she held up her head proudly.

"He has dared nothing. He is blameless. He does not love me—does not even dream I care for him. He never even touched my hand unless his duty called him to render me assistance. I think his heart is Imogene Ireton's. But I have lived only in his presence—I only asked to be allowed to worship him afar off. O Ralph, save him! and in saving him, give peace to your wretched sister!"

"Agnes," he said, slowly and sternly, "by the side of the dead body of my murdered Marina I swore vengeance! That will I have! Neither men nor devils shall prevent me! I believe Lynde Graham is guilty. And he shall be proved so, and at the last shall swing higher than Haman! There—leave me!"

He put her forcibly into the corridor and bolted the door upon her.

CHAPTER V.

LYNDE GRAHAM was brought before a jury of his countrymen to be tried for his life. The great courtroom was crowded. People had come from near and far to look upon the countenance of the man who had dared offend the majesty of the law by taking the life of a fellow creature.

The details of the trial we do not propose to enter upon; they would be too tedious. The counsel on both sides was the best the state afforded, and the pleas were able and eloquent. But the defense amounted to very little. The simple plea of a lawyer, be he ever so eloquent, will not change the minds of men upon whom such a chain of startling facts had been impressed. The evidence was sufficient to commit any man, and those whom the sight of Graham's handsome face had prejudiced in his favor felt their prepossession yielding gradually, and settling down at last upon the inevitable conclusion that he was guilty. The only defense his counsel urged was the unblemished character of the prisoner and the lack of a motive to the crime. He had nothing to gain by the death of Marina Trenholme. He was not the lady's lover that he should seek revenge, and he could have no personally private animosity to indulge, for the two families had always been the best of friends. Where, then, was the motive?

The trial was virtually closed and the jury went out to agree upon a verdict. One could see by their hard-set faces that they were agreed already, but they felt some form necessary. They were absent only a few moments, and when the usual question was put, "Mr. Foreman of the jury, do you find the prisoner at the bar guilty or not guilty?" there was not a moment's hesitation. The man announced instantly, "Guilty!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

LIFE IN LONDON.

An Observing American Paints a Pen Picture of a Great City.

A New York business man, who is in England, has written a letter from London to one of his friends, which is quoted by the Philadelphia Record.

"I was in parliament when the liberal ministers threw up the sponge. There are many curious-looking Englishmen in the house of commons, and I never saw more motley crowd. There were solemn-looking personages, wearing wigs; there were strange beings with bald heads and whiskers; there were red-haired and yellow-haired men; there were 100 faces which Sig. Lombroso ought to put in a book. Three-fourths of the members wore their hats in the house, mostly stove-pipes and derbies. Nearly all of them were clumsily clad. Some wore ill-fitting dress suits, others cutaways; many had sack coats of all colors, and but few had stylish clothes. Lots of them had trousers that were too short or were too long or very slouchy, while some wore clothes that looked so grotesque as to suggest Baxter street in New York or Petticoat lane in London. So much for my first impression of the first assembly of gentlemen in the world. I used to think that the house of representatives at Washington was badly dressed, but I had not seen the British House of Commons. As for brains of parliament, it seems to me that every man whom I have heard speak during my four visits to it had a hatful of them, closely packed, whether he was a Tory, a Unionist or a Gladstonian. The speeches in the House of Commons are not in the nature of rant, but are rather plain and direct statements."

A man never thinks but once that a man's temper isn't loaded.

IS A GREAT JUMPER.

WHY HIGGINS IS CALLED THE HUMAN KANGAROO.

Some of His Extraordinary Feats Described and Illustrated—Into a Case of Eggs Without Breaking a Single One.

In the Strand Magazine Oswald North writes of the extraordinary jumping feats of John Higgins, "The Human Kangaroo." From this article we quote:

The curious thing about Mr. Higgins is that he is considerably below medium stature, being but 5 feet 3½ inches in height. He is not yet twenty-six years of age, and comes from Blackburn—a district famous for the number and variety of athletes it has produced. Higgins' various feats are truly remarkable, whether considered merely as jumps, or as dramatic spectacles, ingeniously contrived and brilliantly executed. The photographs reproduced here were specially taken on the stage of the Pavilion theater, in Piccadilly Circus.

One of the feats which Mr. Higgins is shown performing is one of a number of very extraordinary trick jumps. Clutching his dumb-bells, the wonderful little man gives a few kangaroo-like leaps, and then rises into the air and alights right in the middle of a case of eggs! And yet not an egg is cracked, although the athlete is seen to linger in their midst for a moment and then rise gracefully over the back of the chair. We asked him how this was done. He said he couldn't tell; it was partly an effort of will. When he alighted for that fraction of a second on the eggs, he did not, of course, exercise a single ounce of his weight, but completed the jump by certain strenuous move-



INTO A BASKET OF EGGS.

ments of his shoulders and the upper part of his body generally.

Often people in the audience have doubted that the eggs were real eggs. But such persons are always courteously invited on to the stage, not merely to examine the eggs after the jump, but before, and during its accomplishment. Beyond all doubt the thing is genuine—a really graceful and beautiful feat, calling for extraordinary agility and suppleness, and extremely careful judgment.

A very curious trick jump is seen in another picture given. The subject is Mr. Frank Munro, Mr. Higgins' manager and agent, who, of course, does not usually "oblige" in this respect. The assistant, arrayed in a silk hat (and, of course, other things; only the silk hat is a sine qua non), takes up his position firmly near a table. It would never do for him to wobble about erratically. Well, a lighted candle in a candle-stick is placed carefully on his hat, and this done, the jumper retires some distance to take measurements with his eye.

The reproduction of the photo, fully explains this remarkable performance. It is, indeed, a tremendous jump from the other side of the table right up on to the candle with both feet together. The flame is extinguished with a quick movement of the foot from the ankle, and then the athlete sails gracefully down on to the stage.

In the photo, one dumb-bell dropped by Higgins in his flight is just about to drop on to the table. And these missiles certainly do fall around with alarming promiscuity. The stage



ON TO A MAN'S FACE.

at the Pavilion was fairly corrugated with deep dents from them, and they often disabled a chair or scared an incautious attendant nearly out of his wits.

Yet another candle-extinguishing feat forms the subject of another production. Six chairs are placed close

together in a row and on the seat of the 6th are deposited two lighted candles in candle-sticks. Taking his dumb-bells and bounding hither and thither like a veritable Spring-Heeled Jack (he does this to keep himself in form), Higgins stands well away from the chair most remote from the candles, and takes in the situation with his keen eye. He next gives a few more skittish frolics, and then one, two, and up over the chairs with indescribable elan. He passes through the air with curious slowness, and actually alights gingerly on the lighted candles which he carefully extinguishes, one with each foot. Having successfully accomplished this, the jumper seems to rise off the tips of the candles and alights gracefully on the ground, bowing to his admiring audience. Of course, the whole of the jump takes only two or three seconds, but it calls



EXTINGUISHING A CANDLE.

for marvelous nicety of judgment and delicacy of movement. Now and then it happens that Higgins only extinguishes one candle. In such cases he always performs the feat over again.

Mr. Higgins is next seen in the very act of ringing a bell in his flight—one of those bells you push down sharply. It is placed on a chair, which stands on a table, so that the mere jump, to say nothing about the bell ringing, is worthy of notice. Of course, doubting Thomases have their say about this remarkably clever feat—"It is an electric bell rung from the wings at the proper moment," and so on. Nothing but a close examination of the bell in situ will convince such people. A curious thing is that Higgins never practices. He considers his evening's work before the public quite enough practice. Another remarkable thing is the way in which he has attained, after years of perseverance, his present position as champion all-around jumper. Fearlessly he has attacked professional and semi-professional men, who have made one particular kind of jump their specialty. For example, there was the match with Gregson, of Grimshaw Park, for £50 a side. The conditions were "stand, one cross, and four jumps." That Gregson was a specialist was evidenced by the betting, which was three to one against Higgins for the cross, and ten to one on him for the match. Higgins,



RINGING A BELL IN FLIGHT.

however, won the cross by one and a half inches, and the jumps by nine feet!

What may be called the athlete's most sensational jump is also shown. His victim for this occasion only was Mr. Frank Munro. As a rule Higgins has to content himself with a paid, underling as corpus vile, unless there happens to be some one in the audience burning for distinction. A chair is placed on the table, and the assistant leans back with his elbows on the table and the back of his head resting on the seat of the chair.

When all is in readiness, and the audience suitably worked up, Higgins retires slowly to the other end of the stage. Here he dips his shoes into a preparation of lampblack and oil, so that "his mark" may be proof positive of successful accomplishment. Then giving the usual preliminary leaps, and carefully calculating distances with his eye, he bounds into the air, hinders for an infinitesimal period on his subject's face, and then descends to the stage on the other side. The ordeal past, the subject rises bashfully to take that share of applause to which the big smuts on his nose and eyes entitle him.

Another illustration depicts Mr. Higgins' showiest feat—jumping over an ordinary brougham. Of course, Higgins does not leap off the ground clean over the carriage; no human being could do that. Observe the small table 2 ft. 3 in. high, which is placed close

to the near hind wheel. Taking as great a run as the stage will allow Higgins springs lightly on to the table, pauses for a moment, then rises with an extraordinary bound right over—and across—the top of the brougham. One opines that the value of the carriage deteriorates nightly, mainly on account of those dumb-bells, which are discarded in flight. Often they fall on the carriage and knock it about. Or one will fall on a lamp, and batter it somewhat. But it is a grand feat this jumping over a full-sized brougham—splendidly engineered so as to bring down the house the moment the "Human Kangaroo" alights on the carpets placed on the other side.

SIGHT SEEING IN DELHI.

Some of the Wonders of the Indian City Described by a Visitor.

You may like to have an account of the day I spent at Delhi. I went down on Sunday by the morning train, arriving about a quarter to 11, and had a hard day's sight-seeing that would have done credit to a yankee. I went to the Jama Masjid, which is, I think, the finest mosque of its kind I have seen. It has two minarets, each 130 feet high, so I had an opportunity of gratifying my taste for bird's-eye views again, and certainly this was the best I have ever seen, for, apart from a magnificent view of the city, I could see many of the famous ruins which cluster profusely for miles round Delhi. A little to the south, near the Jumna, stands a tall shaft, surrounded by ruins, which was set up by the Emperor Feroz Shah, who reigned at Delhi the fourteenth century. Then, three miles to the east, I could see the ruins of the old fort, and not far from it the tomb of Humayun, the second Mogul emperor. Scores of other ruins could be seen in the distance and I much regretted that I had not time to drive around and see some of them, but no doubt I shall have another opportunity. When I came down I was shown some relics of Mohammed, including his foot print in stone and a hair of his beard. The keeper of the relics, who kept them very carefully locked up in a small casket, could not explain why his hair was red. I then drove to the palace, which contains much less to see than the fort at Agra, and I had not much time to see what there was. The private hall of audience is very fine, all in white marble, and you can see the place where the peacock throne used to stand, which was valued, if I remember rightly at £6,000,000. It was carried off by a Persian gentleman named Nadir Shah, who is said to have possessed himself of a few trifles, amounting in all to the value of £142,000,000. The pearl mosque is extremely beautiful and of the purest white marble, but it is not equal to the pearl mosque in the Agra fort.

Extremities.

She—"Every one says she has such very small feet." He—"Yes; she's heard it so often that it's given her the big head."—Yonkers Statesman.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

To prevent rubber boots from wearing out quickly a protecting slipper of woven wire is made to cover the sole and extend a short distance up the sides of the boot.

To prevent cutting the hide of an animal when skinning it, a new knife has a dull blade lying parallel with the cutting blade, which keeps the latter away from the hide.

Electricity is used to operate a new railway gate, a small motor being geared to the rocking shaft on which the gate arm is mounted, to be operated by a controller in the gateman's shelter.

A western man has patented a grain elevator in which compressed air is used to carry the grain, a receiving vessel being mounted at the end of a suction pipe, which draws the grain into a blast pipe and forces it with the air to the top of the elevator.

A combined spring shackle and oil ejector is attached to anchor cables and towing hawsers to lessen the liability of breakage, the spring being set in an oil-containing casing with an eyelet at each end to which the cable in a storm depresses the spring and forces oil through the perforations in the casing.

Expansion pulleys are to be used on machine lathes, the new pulley consisting of a flat disk, in which are set a series of short shafts, with a second disk having slots in it to adjust the shafts so as to increase the circumference of the circle in which they move. Two pulleys can be operated by one lever to increase and decrease in an opposite equal ratio.

Shrubs and small trees can be protected in winter by a straw rope, which is easily made in a newly designed box of oblong shape, having transverse notches cut in its sides at short intervals. A cord is placed in the box with short strings attached to it to fit the notches, so they can be drawn together and tied around the straw which forms the rope.

To catch queen bees and drones as they attempt to leave a hive a frame is placed over the opening, having a depending screen with openings large enough to permit the passage of the worker bees, a number of open-end cones being set on a partition in the center of the frame and opening into a removable chamber. The large bees crawl through the cones into the trap and can then be taken out.

A Kentucky man has married the granddaughter of the girl who refused him.

All the world practices the art of acting.

OUT OF THE SEA.

BY CLARA AUGUSTA.

CHAPTER IV.—(CONTINUED.)

"It is time. Go up and call Miss Trenholme. Where is Imogene?"

Even as she spoke Imogene Ireton stole among them, her eyes flashing, her cheeks scarlet with some unwonted excitement; yet Mrs. Trenholme noticed that when she touched her hand it was cold as ice.

"My dear Imogene, you must go up and summon Marina."

Imogene put her hand to her forehead in a half-dazed way, then, instantly recovering, bowed slightly and passed up the stairs, followed by the three other bridesmaids, of whom Agnes was one.

They stopped before the door of Marina's chamber. Agnes knocked. There was no reply. She repeated the summons again and again, with a like result. Then she turned the knob, and the door swung open partially. Something lay behind it. Agnes stooped down to remove it, and started back pale as death, her hand dripping with blood. For the obstacle was the bleeding body of Quito, the great black dog that for years had been Marina's faithful guardian in all her walks.

The four girls stepped into the room, and it was no wonder that they were pallid as ashes, no wonder their limbs shook under them, and their frantic shrieks rent the air.

There, in her arm-chair, midway in the apartment, clad in her bridal robes, sat Marina, the white, glistening silk spotted with crimson, the long, sweeping veil stained blood-red, and over and above all, the sweet fragrance of orange flowers. Marina's head was a little drooped, the blue eyes closed, the face white as marble, the hands lightly clasped above her heart, from which the blood still came slowly. She was dead! Foully murdered!

The cries of the bridesmaids brought every guest to the fatal chamber—Ralph first of all. He gave one look, then flew to the side of the dead bride, lifted her in his arms, pressed his lips to hers, and called on her wildly to awake and speak to him once more. But in vain. No human voice could ever reach her more.

He laid her down on the couch at last, and raised her face slowly toward the awe-stricken spectators. Then, lifting up his right hand to heaven, he said solemnly:

"Hear me swear it, here before God, and in the presence of my murdered bride, that I will spare no pains to bring the guilty to account, and once discovered, I will hunt him to the death! Though the law may make him free, I never will; but to the latest hour of his existence he shall feel the weight of my vengeance!"

Investigations were at once commenced. A strict guard was placed over the premises, and none of the guests were permitted to leave the house. A shrewd detective was brought up from the city, and the case left in his hands. And in the five hours he had satisfied himself with the facts he had discovered.

There was the mark of two bloody fingers upon the window sill—two very slender fingers, and just beneath the window on the carpet were several little globules of blood. A grapevine climbed nearly to the window on a strong trellis outside, and the bark was stripped from this vine in several places, indicating that the assassin had escaped by that means. In the soft earth, just under the trellis, were the marks of a man—very small tracks indeed for those of a man, yet such they evidently were. And still further, among the leaves of the vine, was found a blood-stained kid glove, and on the inside of the wrist was written the name of Lynde Graham!

Mr. Strickland, the detective, announced his discovery quietly in the library. In the presence of the whole wedding party.

Lynde Graham felt the charge—he knew then that he should be accused of the crime of murder. For a moment the scarlet flush of wounded pride dyed his fine face, and then he was himself again, calm and erect as usual.

Imogene Ireton had bent forward, and listened with quick breath and flushed cheeks to the report of the detective, and when it was given she drew back and the color faded out of her face, leaving it like wax.

Further facts were developed before midnight. The boots of Lynde Graham fitted exactly the tracks in the garden, and just without the garden gate was found a surgeon's knife blood-stained and bearing on the handle the initials "L. G." Evidently the murderer had stood behind the girl and stabbed her as she sat in her chair, and then being attacked by the dog had plunged the knife into him.

Perhaps the brute might be able to do something toward bringing the guilty to justice. He was not dead, though severely hurt, and every care was taken to save his life. He was an animal of

wonderful sagacity, and Ralph felt certain that if he could be brought back to health he could make him instrumental in discovering the real murderer.

The chain of circumstances was so strong that it fully warranted Mr. Strickland in arresting Dr. Graham upon the charge of the assassination of Marina Trenholme. At his examination before a justice, Graham refused to offer any plea whatever; he simply said he was innocent of the crime. Two of the old servants testified to having met the prisoner about half-past 9 on the morning of the murder in the garden, on the eastern side of the house. He was pale and singularly agitated, and when one of them asked him if anything had gone wrong, he had pushed by him and hurried on.

Graham was committed to the county jail to await the convening of the Assizes on the first of November, when his final trial would take place.

Marina was laid in the shady graveyard where the Trenholmes had for generations been buried, and after the funeral was over, the guests departed and left Ralph and Agnes and their mother alone at the Rock.

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"O, yes; I loved Marina. I did love her! Ralph, God knows she was dear to me as an own sister could have been. But it is not her death that is wearing me to the grave. No, no—not that!"

"Not that? Then tell me, and let me comfort you."

"I must tell some one! I shall go mad if I do not! Some women would suffer it in silence—would die before they would breathe the secret. But I am made of weaker stuff. I cannot bear it alone. I must have help!"

"And I will give it to you, if it lies in my power, my poor Agnes," he said, stroking her hair.

"Oh, thank you! bless you! if you only mean it. Will you promise to help me in my own way?"

"Tell me the circumstances. It would be wrong to promise without knowing to what I pledged myself."

"I want you to promise to spare the life of Lynde Graham!"

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"Only her me out, Ralph. You shall not deny me yet. I will hope a little longer. It is shame for me to confess it, but his death upon the gallows will kill me! I could not live and know that while I breathed he was yielding up his precious life at the end of the terrible rope! the spectacle of a jeering crowd. He, the noblest, the purest, the best man that ever lived! You can save him! You can refuse to appear against him—I know there are ways by which men prevent the conviction of even the basest criminals! And he is not guilty! He never had such a thought. He is innocent as the angels! Ralph, promise me that you will save him!"

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"Love him!" he exclaimed, hoarsely: "you love a murderer! a cowardly assassin! Agnes Trenholme, why did not God let you die before you sank so low? The son of a common fisherman—and—"

"Hush!" she said, sternly. "Do not speak of rank! You dared to love a woman without a name, and I honored you for ignoring birth and position. I love Lynde Graham because he is worthier of a woman's love than any man I ever saw! I have loved him for years. I cannot remember when every sweet thought of my heart was not interwoven with him. Love is not the child of wealth alone. It goes whither it is sent. And to me Lynde Graham is as royal as a prince of the realm!"

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CHAPTER V.

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(TO BE CONTINUED.)

LIFE IN LONDON.

An Observing American Paints a Few Pictures of a Great City.

A New York business man, who is in England, has written a letter from London to one of his friends, which is quoted by the Philadelphia Record.

"I was in parliament when the liberal ministers threw up the sponge. There are many curious-looking Englishmen in the house of commons, and I never saw more motley crowd. There were solemn-looking personages, wearing wigs; there were strange beings with bald heads and whiskers; there were red-haired and yellow-haired men; there were 100 faces which Sig. Lombroso ought to put in a book. Three-fourths of the members wore their hats in the house, mostly stove-pipes and derbies. Nearly all of them were clumsily clad. Some wore ill-fitting dress suits, others cutaways; many had sack coats of all colors, and but few had stylish clothes. Lots of them had trousers that were too short or were too long or very slouchy, while some wore clothes that looked so grotesque as to suggest Baxter street in New York or Petticoat lane in London. So much for my first impression of the first assembly of gentlemen in the world. I used to think that the house of representatives at Washington was badly dressed, but I had not seen the British House of Commons. As for brains of parliament, it seems to me that every man whom I have heard speak during my four visits to it had a hatful of them, closely packed, whether he was a Tory, a unionist or a Gladstonian. The speeches in the House of Commons are not in the nature of rant, but are rather plain and direct statements."

A man never thinks but once that a woman's temper isn't loaded.

IS A GREAT JUMPER.

WHY HIGGINS IS CALLED THE HUMAN KANGAROO.

Some of His Extraordinary Feats Described and Illustrated—Into a Case of Eggs Without Breaking a Single One.

In the Strand Magazine Oswald North writes of the extraordinary jumping feats of John Higgins, "The Human Kangaroo." From this article we quote:

The curious thing about Mr. Higgins is that he is considerably below medium stature, being but 5 feet 3½ inches in height. He is not yet twenty-six years of age, and comes from Blackburn—a district famous for the number and variety of athletes it has produced. Higgins' various feats are truly remarkable, whether considered merely as jumps, or as dramatic spectacles, ingeniously contrived and brilliantly executed. The photographs reproduced here were specially taken on the stage of the Pavilion theater, in Piccadilly Circus.

One of the feats which Mr. Higgins is shown performing is one of a number of very extraordinary trick jumps. Clutching his dumb-bells, the wonderful little man gives a few kangaroo-like leaps, and then rises into the air and alights right in the middle of a case of eggs! And yet not an egg is cracked, although the athlete is seen to linger in their midst for a moment and then rise gracefully over the back of the chair. We asked him how this was done. He said he couldn't tell; it was partly an effort of will. When he alighted for that fraction of a second on the eggs, he did not, of course, exercise a single ounce of his weight, but completed the jump by certain strenuous move-



ments of his shoulders and the upper part of his body generally.

Often people in the audience have doubted that the eggs were real eggs. But such persons are always courteously invited on to the stage, not merely to examine the eggs after the jump, but before, and during its accomplishment. Beyond all doubt the thing is genuine—a really graceful and beautiful feat, calling for extraordinary agility and suppleness, and extremely careful judgment.

A very curious trick jump is seen in another picture given. The subject is Mr. Frank Munro, Mr. Higgins' manager and agent, who, of course, does not usually "oblige" in this respect. The assistant, arrayed in a silk hat (and, of course, other things; only the silk hat is a sine qua non), takes up his position firmly near a table. It would never do for him to wobble about erratically. Well, a lighted candle in a candle-stick is placed carefully on his hat, and, this done, the jumper retires some distance to take measurements with his eye.

The reproduction of the photo, fully explains this remarkable performance. It is, indeed, a tremendous jump from the other side of the table right up on to the candle with both feet together. The flame is extinguished with a quick movement of the foot from the ankle, and then the athlete sails gracefully down on to the stage.

In the photo, one dumb-bell dropped by Higgins in his flight is just about to drop on to the table. And these missiles certainly do fall around with alarming promiscuity. The stage



ON TO A MAN'S FACE.

at the Pavilion was fairly corrugated with deep dents from them, and they often disabled a chair or scared an incautious attendant nearly out of his wits.

Yet another candle-extinguishing feat forms the subject of another production. Six chairs are placed close

together in a row and on the seat of the 6th are deposited two lighted candles in candle-sticks. Taking his dumb-bells and bounding hither and thither like a veritable Spring-Heeled Jack (he does this to keep himself in form), Higgins stands well away from the chair most remote from the candles, and takes in the situation with his keen eye. He next gives a few more skittish trolleys, and then one, two, and up over the chairs with indescribable elan. He passes through the air with curious slowness, and actually alights gingerly on the lighted candles which he carefully extinguishes, one with each foot. Having successfully accomplished this, the jumper seems to rise off the tips of the candles and alights gracefully on the ground, bowing to his admiring audience. Of course, the whole of the jump takes only two or three seconds, but it calls



EXTINGUISHING A CANDLE.

for marvelous nicety of judgment and delicacy of movement. Now and then it happens that Higgins only extinguishes one candle. In such cases he always performs the feat over again.

Mr. Higgins is next seen in the very act of ringing a bell in his flight—one of those bells you push down sharply. It is placed on a chair, which stands on a table, so that the mere jump, to say nothing about the bell ringing, is worthy of notice. Of course, doubting Thomases have their say about this remarkably clever feat—"it is an electric bell rung from the wings at the proper moment," and so on. Nothing but a close examination of the bell in situ will convince such people. A curious thing is that Higgins never practices. He considers his evening's work before the public quite enough practice. Another remarkable thing is the way in which he has attained, after years of perseverance, his present position as champion all-around jumper. Fearlessly he has attacked professional and semi-professional men, who have made one particular kind of jump their specialty. For example, there was the match with Gregson, of Grimshaw Park, for £50 a side. The conditions were "stand, one cross, and four jumps." That Gregson was a specialist was evidenced by the betting, which was three to one against Higgins for the cross, and ten to one on him for the match. Higgins,



RINGING A BELL IN FLIGHT.

however, won the cross by one and a half inches, and the jumps by nine feet!

What may be called the athlete's most sensational jump is also shown. His victim for this occasion only was Mr. Frank Munro. As a rule Higgins has to content himself with a paid, underling as corpus vile, unless there happens to be some one in the audience burning for distinction. A chair is placed on the table, and the assistant leans back with his elbows on the table and the back of his head resting on the seat of the chair.

When all is in readiness, and the audience suitably worked up, Higgins retires slowly to the other end of the stage. Here he dips his shoes into a preparation of lampblack and oil, so that "his mark" may be proof positive of successful accomplishment. Then giving the usual preliminary leaps, and carefully calculating distances with his eye, he bounds into the air, hinders for an infinitesimal period on his subject's face, and then descends to the stage on the other side. The ordeal past, the subject rises bashfully to take that share of applause to which the big smuts on his nose and eyes entitle him.

Another illustration depicts Mr. Higgins' showiest feat—jumping over an ordinary brougham. Of course, Higgins does not leap off the ground clean over the carriage; no human being could do that. Observe the small table 2 ft. 3 in. high, which is placed close

to the near hind wheel. Taking as great a run as the stage will allow Higgins springs lightly on to the table, pauses for a moment, then rises with an extraordinary bound right over—and across—the top of the brougham. One opines that the value of the carriage deteriorates nightly, mainly on account of those dumb-bells, which are discarded in flight. Often they fall on the carriage and knock it about. Or one will fall on a lamp, and batter it somewhat. But it is a grand feat this jumping over a full-sized brougham—splendidly engineered so as to bring down the house the moment the "Human Kangaroo" alights on the carpets placed on the other side.

SIGHT SEEING IN DELHI.

Some of the Wonders of the Indian City Described by a Visitor.

You may like to have an account of the day I spent at Delhi. I went down on Sunday by the morning train, arriving about a quarter to 11, and had a hard day's sight-seeing that would have done credit to a Yankee. I went to the Jama Masjid, which is, I think, the finest mosque of its kind I have seen. It has two minarets, each 130 feet high, so I had an opportunity of gratifying my taste for bird's-eye views again, and certainly this was the best I have ever seen, for, apart from a magnificent view of the city, I could see many of the famous ruins which cluster profusely for miles round Delhi. A little to the south, near the Jumna, stands a tall shaft, surrounded by ruins, which was set up by the Emperor Feroz Shah, who reigned at Delhi the fourteenth century. Then, three miles to the east, I could see the ruins of the old fort, and not far from it the tomb of Humayun, the second Mogul emperor. Scores of other ruins could be seen in the distance and I much regretted that I had not time to drive around and see some of them, but no doubt I shall have another opportunity. When I came down I was shown some relics of Mohammed, including his foot print in stone and a hair of his beard. The keeper of the relics, who kept them very carefully locked up in a small casket, could not explain why his hair was red. I then drove to the palace, which contains much less to see than the fort at Agra, and I had not much time to see what there was. The private hall of audience is very fine, all in white marble, and you can see the place where the peacock throne used to stand, which was valued, if I remember rightly at £6,000,000. It was carried off by a Persian gentleman named Nadir Shah, who is said to have possessed himself of a few trifles, amounting in all to the value of £142,000,000. The pearl mosque is extremely beautiful and of the purest white marble, but it is not equal to the pearl mosque in the Agra fort.

Extremities. She—"Every one says she has such very small feet." He—"Yes; she's heard it so often that it's given her the big head."—Yonkers Statesman.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

To prevent rubber boots from wearing out quickly a protecting slipper of woven wire is made to cover the sole and extend a short distance up the sides of the boot.

To prevent cutting the hide of an animal when skinning it, a new knife has a dull blade lying parallel with the cutting blade, which keeps the latter away from the hide.

Electricity is used to operate a new railway gate, a small motor being geared to the rocking shaft on which the gate arm is mounted, to be operated by a controller in the gateman's shelter.

A western man has patented a grain elevator in which compressed air is used to carry the grain, a receiving vessel being mounted at the end of a suction pipe, which draws the grain into a blast pipe and forces it with the air to the top of the elevator.

A combined spring shackle and oil ejector is attached to anchor cables and towing hawsers to lessen the liability of breakage, the spring being set in an oil-containing casing with an eyelet at each end to which the cable in a storm depresses the spring and forces oil through the perforations in the casing.

Expansion pulleys are to be used on machine lathes, the new pulley consisting of a flat disk, in which are set a series of short shafts, with a second disk having slots in it to adjust the shafts so as to increase the circumference of the circle in which they move. Two pulleys can be operated by one lever to increase and decrease in an opposite equal ratio.

Shrubs and small trees can be protected in winter by a straw rope, which is easily made in a newly designed box of oblong shape, having transverse notches cut in its sides at short intervals. A cord is placed in the box with short strings attached to it to fit the notches, so they can be drawn together and tied around the straw which forms the rope.

To catch queen bees and drones as they attempt to leave a hive a frame is placed over the opening, having a depending screen with openings large enough to permit the passage of the worker bees, a number of open-ended cones being set on a partition in the center of the frame and opening into a removable chamber. The large bees crawl through the cones into the trap and can then be taken out.

A Kentucky man has married the granddaughter of the girl who refused him.

All the world practices the art of acting.

FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURALIST.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof— Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.

Corn Culture.

The great increase in the number of silos of late years has greatly increased the acreage of corn and each succeeding year farmers who have never grown corn for fodder before will grow it to a greater or less extent, and those who have grown it for years will increase the amount of corn grown.

Where to Plant.—To answer this question satisfactorily we must know the life history and needs of the plant. We learn that it is a native weed of America; that its home is in Guatemala, where it grows as of old; from there it was introduced by some Indian or early traveler into every state of the Union and Canada. Thus it is seen that it is a tropical plant, and to get it to grow to perfection we must get it as near natural conditions as possible. To obtain these we must plant it upon freshly decaying sod (clover is the best), in warm soil, with a fair degree of moisture, but not wet. The land must be thoroughly prepared, and to obtain this it must be planted in the fall and cultivated thoroughly in the spring, so as to start every weed seed that is in the surface soil. It is better to cultivate in spring rather than to plow, because all grass that was turned down the fall before will be kept more readily in check, and instead of turning up the damp, cold subsoil we get a deep, warm seed bed and are enabled to plant a week or ten days earlier; also when the soil is managed in this way it is better enabled to withstand drouth.

Time to Sow.—Sow as soon as the soil is thoroughly prepared, having given sufficient time between cultivation to allow all weed seeds to sprout, and when danger of frost is past. Sow with the common seed drill, two sprouts to the drill, or if it be of a small variety three may be left open. Sow at the rate of from one to one and a half pecks to the acre. Put in a couple of inches deep. If dry weather is feared it is well to roll. A few days after sowing a light harrow should be run over the field to break the crust and to kill weeds, and again as the plants are coming up, and at intervals until it becomes too high. It is better to drag in the afternoon, as the stalks are tougher then. If the harrow is heavy or the field soft or full of grass roots this harrowing will often do more harm than good, as much of the corn will be pulled up. If a suitable harrow is not at hand one can be easily made by taking three 2x6 pine boards and bolting them together in the form of a triangle and studding them with seven-inch wire nails driven up to the head. If the nails are slanted backward they will not be so likely to tear out the corn. When too high to harrow start the horse hoe and keep it going through the summer, not only as a weed cleaner, but also to keep the soil loose, so that it will retain the moisture. The cultivation should be shallow, so that the roots will not be injured. A harrow made something like the one described but small enough to go between the rows, is one of the best tools for cultivating the corn. The different kinds of weeder with long vibrating teeth are coming rapidly into use. With these the corn can be raked until it is over two feet high, and thus promotes great economy in cultivation.

In order to get good returns we must keep weeds down and keep the surface well stirred to retain the moisture, and this latter point is very important just after a rain in order to break the crust. When the corn is six or eight feet high it is useless to continue working. It is better to sow rye at the rate of two bushels to the acre and work it with light cultivators. This rye will grow rapidly when the corn is removed, afford a good fall pasture, prevent leaching and washing away of plant food, and forms a nice sod to be turned under in the spring, which will be of great use in supplying humus to the succeeding crop.

Varieties.—Sow as a staple crop some variety which has proved itself adapted to your locality. Where the season is long the large varieties as Red Cob Enslage and Mammoth Southern Sweet will doubtless mature sufficient for the silo. For a middle section Mammoth Cuban is probably one of the best, Learning Laker's North Dakota, High Mixed and Grant Prolific are good, while for a more northern section an earlier corn, as Longfellow or Compton's Early, would be better.

G. F. M.

Corn as a Poultry Feed.

Much has been said for and against corn as a feed for laying hens, chickens, etc. Now corn is a good general poultry feed and a cheap one no doubt as well. It is the staple diet of farm poultry, but all this does not disprove the well-known fact that corn is not well balanced and needs bran, oats, wheat, linseed meal and other feeds to balance it and supply the protein which the corn lacks. Farm poultry does well in summer upon corn alone, simply because they have the run of the farm, can forage about, get insects, clovers and grasses to supplement their corn diet. But in case of birds closely penned it is different, and in the winter season the poultry keeper must pay more attention to supplying a variety. Feed lean meat, freshly cut green bone, clover, cabbage, wheat, bran, oats and linseed meal to make with corn a round system of rations to supply every need.

It is, of course, unnatural for hens to lay freely in the late fall and early winter months, yet this is just the time

we want eggs to get good prices. Manifestly we are to take special pains to get laying hens at this season. We must hatch our chicks in good season in spring, keep them growing well without any breaks; feed them from chickenhood upon egg-producing foods; get them started laying before very cold weather and then take all pains to keep them laying by feeding warm mash in the morning and giving liberal rations of animal food. It is quite a business, this getting plenty of eggs in winter and is certainly well worth studying in order that one may become a master of this sort of craft. Farm poultry too often suffers from the evil effects of close in-breeding. This occurs by the farmers neglecting to send off the farm to secure a male bird to head the breeding flock. It will not do to pick out the "likeliest" young male raised upon the farm to breed from, and follow such a practice year after year. Send off and buy, or trade for, a cockerel every year or two to infuse fresh blood into the poultry stock. This is important. Be satisfied only with the best blooded poultry to be obtained. Have things correspond, for upon a farm where blooded horses, cattle, sheep or swine are raised it does not seem consistent to keep a lot of mongrel, nondescript hens. Get some thoroughbred poultry that not only looks well, but does well. Do not despise the hen, for she asks no favors and will pay a good margin of profit when more pretentious stock is doing nothing but eating.

WM. P. PERKINS.

Composition of Soils.

Missouri Station Bulletin: The soil is a mixture of fine and coarse material mixed with a greater or smaller amount of organic humus-like substance, holding a variable but large quantity of moisture in its composition. The percentage of this organic matter is usually low, amounting in our soils rarely to more than ten in a hundred, being more frequently only four to five. The water reaches a higher figure, and though 15 per cent of it in a soil will support a ripening crop, double the amount is preferable in the early season and more for a limited time advantage rather than otherwise. The nitrogen, through the accumulation of ages, is but a fraction of one per cent and the average composition of our soils during the summer season as follows:

4 per cent organic matter.
0.1 per cent nitrogen.
20 per cent water.
75.9 per cent mineral matter.

The mineral matter is the matter derived from the rocks that originated the soil modified, as suggested, by the action of weather and the growth of plants. It consists of particles of quartz sand, feldspar, mica, and a variety of mineral species, easily recognized under the microscope, and, in addition, of clay, soluble silica, simple and double hydrous silicates, the result of the alteration of soil and the addition to it of the ash constituents of the plants that grew upon it. These latter, the hydrous double silicates, are of the utmost importance to the fertility of a soil as in them really resides the power of holding and storing up for future use the substances for the lack of which a soil is wholly sterile. In all discussions of agricultural problems relating to mineral fertilizers but three substances need to be considered, potash, phosphoric acid and available nitrogen. The large quantities of potash and phosphoric acid in our soils are therefore of value; but insoluble at present to a large extent their value is hypothesized to the future. By their gradual conversion through atmospheric and other agencies of insoluble into soluble compounds they furnish a steady though limited supply of plant food for a moderate crop, but the demands of modern agriculture for large and salable annual harvests sufficient to yield a satisfactory return over and above their cost of production is not responded to. True, improved methods of cultivation will insure better returns, but only up to a certain point beyond which artificial, i. e., mineral fertilizers, become a necessity. The readily available plant food, the accumulation of centuries, has been gleaned by our forefathers of their fertile acres; to us the choice is left of having time to unlock similar treasures yet in our soil and in the meantime quit harvesting, or to supply the deficiencies by becoming buyers with the certainty of becoming to a much larger extent sellers of our products.

Up-Rooting Alders.—The common sweet alder often becomes a nuisance, as its seeds are left by birds in the corners of old rail fences, where a clump of them will soon grow. It is not a difficult shrub to uproot and destroy, as its roots, like its top growth, is very soft, and easily cut. All that is necessary is to dig up the side of the clump next to the fence, and then hitch a span of horses to a chain bound tightly around the bush, close to the ground. As the horses pull, the roots will come into view, and can be cut off with even a dull axe, as the strain on the roots will make them easily severed. It is only the work of two or three hours for two men and one team to destroy a large clump. If the fence can be taken down and the ground plowed and newly seeded, a fine turf will be a year hence in the space now occupied by worthless alders.—Ex.

In many places the apple and other trees are scraped once a year and the trunks whitewashed. It does not injure the looks of the orchard, and it is believed to keep away borers and some other pests.

Always feed the mash crumbly, not sloppy. Millet seed is a great egg-producing grain.

GAINED FORTY-FOUR POUNDS
"I had a strong appetite for liquor which was the beginning of the breaking down of my health. I was also a slave to tea and coffee drinking. I took the gold cure but it did not help me."

This is a portion of an interview clipped from the *Daily Herald*, of Clinton, Iowa. It might well be taken for the subject of temperance lectures but that is not our object in publishing it. It is to show how a system, run down by drink and disease, may be restored. We cannot do better than quote further from the same:

"For years I was unable to do my work. I could not sleep nights or rest days on account of continuous pains in my stomach and back. I was unable to digest my food. It was aches and pains, and my heart's action became increased. I left my farm and retired to city life. I was a complete invalid, and the doctor said I would never be well again."

"Soon after I happened to use 'Four Boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People' and since then have been free from all pain, headache and dyspepsia. I eat heartily and have no appetite for strong drink or tea or coffee, and feel twenty years younger."

"My weight has increased 44 pounds. I cannot say too much for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and claim that they have cured me."

JOHN B. COOK.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixteenth day of February, 1897.

A. F. BARKER, Notary Public.
To people run down in health from whatever cause—drink or disease—the above interview will be of interest. The truth of it is undoubted as the statement is sworn to, and we reproduce the oath here. For any further facts concerning this medicine write to Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The name and address of the subject of above interview is John B. Cook, of 203 South 5th Street, Lyon, Iowa.

That Hump.
Detroit Journal: Many years had passed; but the poet was still writing jubilee odes. In the meantime, his beautiful wife washed the dishes.

"You are making a good deal of noise," he exclaimed, glowering soulfully out at her.

She came over and kissed his brow.

"How," she asked, earnestly, "can I hump myself without more or less bustle?"

And then, forsooth, she must needs weep, silently, as he beat her head against the corner of the coal bin.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.
We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "CASTORIA" and "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," a registered trademark. Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hingham, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is "the kind you have always bought," and has the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which CHAS. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897. SAMUEL PITCHER, M. D.

Each salmon, it is estimated, produces about 20,000,000 eggs.

Do You Dance To-Night?
Shake out your Shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Chills and Swelling Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores. 25c. Samples sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for 10 cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c. 25c. 50c.

A horseshoe which is likely to increase the speed of racers has been produced by E. C. Loyd, of Janesville, Wis. It is made of aluminum, and weighs only an ounce and a half.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad stands third in the list of freight equipment according to the report of the Official Railway Equipment Register in the possession of eight wheel freight cars for all purposes. The total number of cars is 34,674. Of this number almost 14,000 are box cars and 18,000 coal cars, the others being refrigerator, live stock, passenger and caboose cars. Even with this equipment there are many days that a shortage of cars is severely felt.

I know that my life was saved by Pilo's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

Nine young women recently engaged in a wood-sawing contest, for prizes, at Beaver Dam, Wis.

Smoke Sledge Cigarettes, 20 for 5 cts.

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Of Weakness in Men They Treat and Fail to Cure.
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This MAGICAL TREATMENT may be taken at home under their directions, or they will pay railroad fare and hotel bills to all who prefer to go there for treatment, if they fail to cure. They are perfectly reliable; have no Free Reproductive, Free Cure, Free Sample for C. O. D. Sale. The cost, \$250.00 capital, and guarantee to cure every case they treat or refund every dollar; or their charges may be deposited in a bank to be paid to them when a cure is effected. Write them today.

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A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Blood Poison cured in 15 to 30 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will treat to pay railroad fare and hotel bills and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodine, potassium, and all the other poisons, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Eruptions, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the skin or yellow falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a cure we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. \$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proof sent upon application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1400 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.
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Cure all sorts of discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations, in men or women, by using the EYE WATER. It is a sure cure for Gonorrhea, Syphilis, and all other diseases of the eye, nose, throat, and lungs. It is a sure cure for all sorts of skin diseases, such as Eczema, Psoriasis, and all other diseases of the skin. It is a sure cure for all sorts of internal diseases, such as Indigestion, Constipation, and all other diseases of the digestive system. It is a sure cure for all sorts of external diseases, such as Rheumatism, Gout, and all other diseases of the joints. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the nervous system, such as Neuralgia, Migraine, and all other diseases of the head. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the reproductive system, such as Impotence, Sterility, and all other diseases of the sex. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the urinary system, such as Catarrh, Stricture, and all other diseases of the bladder. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the circulatory system, such as Anemia, Leukemia, and all other diseases of the blood. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the respiratory system, such as Asthma, Bronchitis, and all other diseases of the lungs. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the digestive system, such as Indigestion, Constipation, and all other diseases of the stomach and bowels. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the excretory system, such as Dropsy, Hemiplegia, and all other diseases of the kidneys. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the locomotor system, such as Paralysis, Palsy, and all other diseases of the muscles and bones. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the sensory system, such as Deafness, Blindness, and all other diseases of the senses. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the intellectual system, such as Insanity, Dementia, and all other diseases of the mind. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the moral system, such as Sin, Vice, and all other diseases of the soul. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the physical system, such as Weakness, Exhaustion, and all other diseases of the body. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the spiritual system, such as Fear, Doubt, and all other diseases of the spirit. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the eternal system, such as Hell, Damnation, and all other diseases of the soul's destiny. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the universal system, such as Chaos, Darkness, and all other diseases of the universe. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the divine system, such as Sin, Death, and all other diseases of the eternal life. It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the immortal system, such as Hell, Damnation, and all other diseases of the soul's destiny. 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It is a sure cure for all sorts of diseases of the immortal system, such as Hell,

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

FARMS In the South. Cheap. Easy Terms.
Free Cat. **W.H.Crawford & Co.**
Southern Colonizers, Nashville, Tenn.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - \$200,000
Paid up Capital. - \$50,000
Surplus, - \$30,000
Business accounts invited.

NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
H. D. TREGLOWNY, Cashier.

County, School and
City Orders Bought.

Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cash.

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Wagon Maker

FOURTH ST., NEAR LAUREL.



Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades.

Work Guaranteed and Prices Reasonable.

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Locating Settlers a Specialty.

RAILROAD LANDS sold at from \$2.25 to \$4 per acre. One-sixth cash.

Balance on easy payments. Office with Keene & McFadden.

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Ready for Business.

JAMES WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

Local News Condensed.

Hose Co. No. 2 will give a grand ball at Gardner hall on Tuesday evening Feb. 22.

No business was transacted by the city council on Monday evening on account of no quorum.

News has been received of the arrival of a daughter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Merritt, of Tacoma, Wash.

The installation of officers of Pap Thomas W. R. C. will take place at their hall on Sixth street Saturday evening.

Mrs. L. P. White assisted by Mrs. W. M. Dressell and Miss Gillis will entertain their friends at the home of Mrs. White this afternoon.

A very pleasant dancing and card party was given by the Ladies of the Macabees at the hall in Columbian block on Wednesday evening.

The ladies of the Pleasant Hour Club were entertained on Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. A. P. Farrar assisted by Mrs. J. M. Elder.

The Germania Männerchor's annual ball will occur on Tuesday evening next at Gardner hall and as usual it will be a very pleasant social event.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer gave the fourth and last of a series of parties yesterday afternoon, entertaining sixteen of her lady friends at a 1 o'clock luncheon.

The young friends of Jimmie McGinnis, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McGinnis, gave him a surprise on Wednesday evening which was greatly enjoyed by those present.

A new court of Catholic Order of Foresters will be instituted early next month at Brainerd, and the St. Cloud court has been invited to be present and assist in the work of institution, says the Journal-Press.

East Grand Forks was visited by a disastrous fire yesterday the loss reaching \$125,000, six saloons, a restaurant, elevator and the east approach of the bridge connecting the city with Grand Forks being consumed.

Rev. C. C. Markham will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning on the subject "Endurance." The evening sermon will be the third in the series on seven wishes of St. Paul, subject being, "That he might magnify Christ."

The Northern Pacific boiler makers of this city gave a dancing party at Gardner hall on Friday evening of last week it being the first annual. Robert Percy and James Somers "took the cake" in a contest participated in by twelve couple.

L. Lundquist has sold the stock of goods of the Scandia Shoe Co. to O. S. Hendrickson & Co. and the business will be conducted at the old stand. Mr. Lundquist will return to his former home at Minneapolis. The announcement of the new firm will be found in another column.

Miss Ethel Fulton entertained a large number of her friends on Tuesday evening at her home on Norwood street. Cards and dancing were indulged in and refreshments were served. The occasion was her birthday and several tokens of esteem were tendered the young lady by her admiring friends.

J. H. Hallett has brought a civil action against A. Atherton to recover \$39.05 and the case will be tried in the municipal court on Feb. 1st. The action is brought by Mr. Hallett on account of the seizure of a barrel of game the contents of which was ducks by Mr. Atherton in his capacity as game warden on Nov. 11 when the same was at the express office for shipment to St. Paul, the action being based on the grounds that the game warden was unauthorized to examine the same without first having obtained a search warrant.

Yesterday afternoon while looking over some ties near H. J. Cunningham's place on Laurel street east Con. O'Brien discovered a number of papers which upon investigation proved to be a relic of the Brainerd post office robbery. Among the papers was a package of deeds and some life insurance policies belonging to Postmaster Johnson which were taken along with the valuable documents and cash at the time the robbery was committed in November. The two drawers that belonged to the postoffice safe were also found. This was undoubtedly the place where the robbers secreted themselves while sorting over their booty.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the Y. M. C. A. parlors next Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 25th at 8 o'clock. Members are requested to be present, visitors will be welcome.

Tomorrow afternoon the stockholders of the Pine City Creamery will hold a meeting at Peabody & Baker's hall at which time it is expected the organization will be perfected and the location definitely settled on.

We are in receipt of a copy of the prospectus of the Gold Miner's Forwarding & Investment Co., of Victoria, B. C., from Alex McPherson. "Sandy" as he was commonly known in Brainerd expects to make a strike in the new gold country.

Rev. Orrin R. Jenks, pastor of the advent Christian church, Minneapolis, has announced his intention of resigning his pastorate at the end of the church year in March, says the Journal. Mr. Jenks was formerly at Ft. Ripley in this county.

The ladies aid society of the First Congregational church will give a supper at the residence of A. E. Losey Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 26th. Mrs. Losey will be assisted by Mrs. Follett, Mrs. Keene, Mrs. Sanborn and Mrs. Chase. The gentlemen are cordially invited to supper.

Mrs. Geo. Mosher, of Motley, who was examined in probate court Monday afternoon, was adjudged insane and was committed to the Fergus Falls asylum. Sheriff Rider left on the midnight train Monday night to take her to that institution, says the Little Falls Transcript.

The relatives of James Wilson, who died some days ago of liver complaint and whose remains have been held since that time have been located at Thornton, Arkansas. A letter received at the postoffice addressed to the deceased brought the desired information and the family has been communicated with.

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I hereby tender my resignation of the office of Chief Engineer of the Brainerd Fire Department. I do this after mature deliberation. I have been an active member of the department since its organization and have served as chief for ten years. Some one else should be called upon to assume the duties and responsibilities of the position. I do not wish to be understood as in any way seeking to shirk any duty which I may be called upon to perform as a member of the department as I have always had and always will have the best interest of the organization at heart. But there are others as deserving of the high honors as myself, and who no doubt will perform the duties as faithfully and conscientiously as myself. I hereby respectfully ask to be relieved. With great respect I am,

Very Truly Yours,
D. F. MCINTOSH.

CANDY FACTORY.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
CAMPBELL & PHELAN.
We are prepared to fill all orders on short notice.

Mixtures.	Penny Goods.
FRENCH CREAM. RUGBY. AMERICAN. XMAS. GLOBE.	NEEDHAM'S. B. C. BAR. CHEWING COMFORTS. BOSS ROLLS. PEANUT BAR. BONESET BAR. CHOCOLATE CREAM STICK CHOCOLATE CREAM MICE. ALL DAY SUCKERS. TELEGRAPH POLES. PAW PAW. EXTRA CREAM CARAMELS LONG JIM. DUDE.
Specialties.	
KLONDIKE NUGGETS. Philadelphia Cream Caramels. BOSTON CHIPS. WALNUT. COCONUT, } SHERBERT. FIG. LEMON DROPS. HOARHOUND DROPS. BUTTERSCOTCH. N. Z. PEPPERMINTS.	

Many other Kinds that space will not permit our mentioning. All Kinds of Taffy Every Day.

CAMPBELL & PHELAN, Proprietors.

Seventh Street, next door to Post Office.

BIG BARAINS

AT THE

SCANDIA SHOE STORE!

O. S. HENDRICKSON & CO.

Having Purchased the Scandia Shoe Company's Stock of Goods will close out all Winter Goods at

LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

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Ladies' \$2.00 Felt Shoe, now \$1.25	Men's \$1.50 Arctics, now \$1.00
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Misses' \$1.35 Felt Shoe, now .90	Men's \$1.00 Low Overshoes, now .75
Misses' \$1.75 Goat Skin, now .60	Lumbermen's \$1.75 Rubbers, \$1.15
Men's \$2.00 Felt Shoe, now \$1.00	Huron Rubbers \$1.50, reduced to \$1.00

REPAIRING.

Men's Half Soleing.... 65 Cents.

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All Other Repairs at a Proportionate Reduction.

All other goods will be sold in proportion to the above prices. We have a large line of the VERY BEST SHOES MADE to be sold at once.

SCANDIA SHOE STORE, FRONT STREET.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President

G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - \$200,000

Paid up Capital, - \$50,000

Surplus, - \$30,000

Business accounts invited.

NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.

H. D. TREGLAWNY, Cashier.

County, School and City Orders Bought.

Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cash.

JAMES RHODES,

THE

Wagon Maker

FOURTH ST. NEAR LAUREL.



Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades.

Work Guaranteed and Prices Reasonable.

O. C. FOSTER

Local Agent for

A. E. JOHNSON & CO.,

Dealers in

Railroad Lands,

Steamboat Tickets,

Foreign Exchange.

Locating Settlers a Specialty.

RAILROAD LANDS sold at from \$2.25 to \$4 per acre. One-sixth cash. Balance on easy payments. Office with Keene & McFadden.

P. J. MURPHY,

REAL ESTATE INSURANCE.

Successor to R. G. VALLENTYNE.

City and Farm Insurance.

Real Estate Sold on Commission.

RENTS HOUSES,

COLLECTS RENTS.

A General Law Practice.

Room 11, First National Bank Block, BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

Ready for Business.

JAMES WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

Local News Condensed.

Hose Co. No. 2 will give a grand ball at Gardner hall on Tuesday evening Feb. 22.

No business was transacted by the city council on Monday evening on account of no quorum.

News has been received of the arrival of a daughter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Merritt, of Tacoma, Wash.

The installation of officers of Pap Thomas W. R. C. will take place at their hall on Sixth street Saturday evening.

Mrs. L. P. White assisted by Mrs. W. M. Dressell and Miss Gillis will entertain their friends at the home of Mrs. White this afternoon.

A very pleasant dancing and card party was given by the Ladies of the Macabees at the hall in Columbian block on Wednesday evening.

The ladies of the Pleasant Hour Club were entertained on Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. A. P. Farrar assisted by Mrs. J. M. Elder.

The Germania Mannerchor's annual ball will occur on Tuesday evening next at Gardner hall and as usual it will be a very pleasant social event.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer gave the fourth and last of a series of parties yesterday afternoon, entertaining sixteen of her lady friends at a 1 o'clock luncheon.

The young friends of Jimmie McGinnis, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McGinnis, gave him a surprise on Wednesday evening which was greatly enjoyed by those present.

A new court of Catholic Order of Foresters will be instituted early next month at Brainerd, and the St. Cloud court has been invited to be present and assist in the work of institution, says the Journal-Press.

East Grand Forks was visited by a disastrous fire yesterday the loss reaching \$125,000, six saloons, a restaurant, elevator and the east approach of the bridge connecting the city with Grand Forks being consumed.

Rev. C. C. Markham will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning on the subject "Endurance." The evening sermon will be the third in the series on seven wishes of St. Paul, subject being, "That he might magnify Christ."

The Northern Pacific boiler makers of this city gave a dancing party at Gardner hall on Friday evening of last week it being the first annual. Robert Percy and James Somers "took the cake" in a contest participated in by twelve couple.

L. Lundquist has sold the stock of goods of the Scandia Shoe Co. to O. S. Hendrickson & Co. and the business will be conducted at the old stand. Mr. Lundquist will return to his former home at Minneapolis. The announcement of the new firm will be found in another column.

Miss Ethel Fulton entertained a large number of her friends on Tuesday evening at her home on Norwood street. Cards and dancing were indulged in and refreshments were served. The occasion was her birthday and several tokens of esteem were tendered the young lady by her admiring friends.

J. H. Hallett has brought a civil action against A. Atherton to recover \$39.05 and the case will be tried in the municipal court on Feb. 1st. The action is brought by Mr. Hallett on account of the seizure of a barrel of game the contents of which was ducks by Mr. Atherton in his capacity as game warden on Nov. 11 when the same was on the express office for shipment to St. Paul, the action being based on the grounds that the game warden was unauthorized to examine the same without first having obtained a search warrant.

Yesterday afternoon while looking over some ties near H. J. Cunningham's place on Laurel street east Con. O'Brien discovered a number of papers which upon investigation proved to be a relic of the Brainerd post office robbery. Among the papers was a package of deeds and some life insurance policies belonging to Postmaster Johnson which were taken along with the valuable documents and cash at the time the robbery was committed in November. The two drawers that belonged to the postoffice safe were also found. This was undoubtedly the place where the robbers secreted themselves while sorting over their booty.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the Y. M. C. A. parlor next Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 25th at 8 o'clock. Members are requested to be present, visitors will be welcome.

Tomorrow afternoon the stockholders of the Pine City Creamery will hold a meeting at Peabody & Baker's hall at which time it is expected the organization will be perfected and the location definitely settled on.

We are in receipt of a copy of the prospectus of the Gold Miner's Forwarding & Investment Co., of Victoria, B. C., from Alex. McPherson. "Sandy" as he was commonly known in Brainerd expects to make a strike in the new gold country.

Rev. Orrin R. Jenks, pastor of the advent Christian church, Minneapolis, has announced his intention of resigning his pastorate at the end of the church year in March, says the Journal. Mr. Jenks was formerly at Ft. Ripley in this county.

The ladies aid society of the First Congregational church will give a supper at the residence of A. E. Losey Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 26th. Mrs. Losey will be assisted by Mrs. Follett, Mrs. Keene, Mrs. Sanborn and Mrs. Chase. The gentlemen are cordially invited to supper.

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A CITY ON FIRE

WITH TALK ABOUT

HENRY I. COHEN

GENUINE

Clearance SALE

People come into our store with look of doubt on their faces; they who DON'T know us, OUR method and OUR prices. They leave our store with their arms full of bundles containing Merchandise bought ADVERTISED.

Two tables this Week devoted to Special CUTS on

Dress Goods

P. S.—Should you not have received our Big Hand Bill GIVING PRICES, ask for one in the store

Men's All Wool Pants, \$2.50 Goods, Now \$1.40

HENRY I. COHEN

SLEEPER BLOCK.

CANDY FACTORY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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RUGBY.	B. C. BAR.
AMERICAN.	CHEWING COMFORTS.
XMAS.	BOSS ROLLS.
GLOBE.	PEANUT BAR.
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KLONDIKE NUGGETS.	CHOCOLATE CREAM STICK.
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BOSTON CHIPS.	ALL DAY SUCKERS.
WALNUT.	TELEGRAPH POLES.
COCOANUT.	PAW PAW.
FIG.	EXTRA CREAM CAMELS.
LEMON DROPS.	LONG JIM.
HOARHOUND DROPS.	DUDE.
BUTTERSCOTCH.	
N. Z. PEPPERMINTS.	

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BIG BARGAINS

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Misses' \$1.75 Goat Skin, now .60	Lumbermen's \$1.75 Rubbers, now \$1.00
Men's \$2.00 Felt Shoe, now \$1.00	Huron Rubbers \$1.50, reduced to \$1.00

REPAIRING.

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THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 17, NUMBER 6.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1898.---TEN PAGES

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

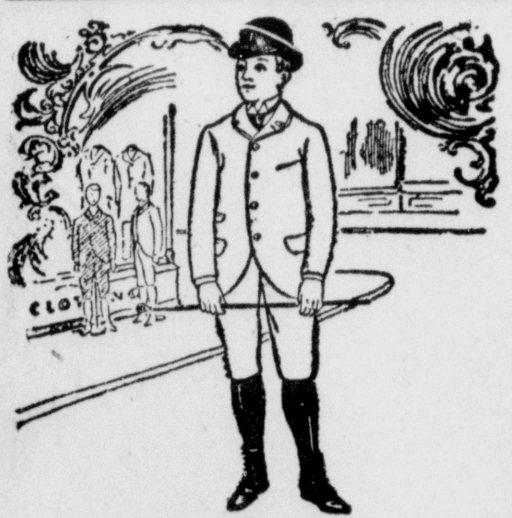
ASK FOR
THE
JOS. BANIGAN RUBBER CO'S



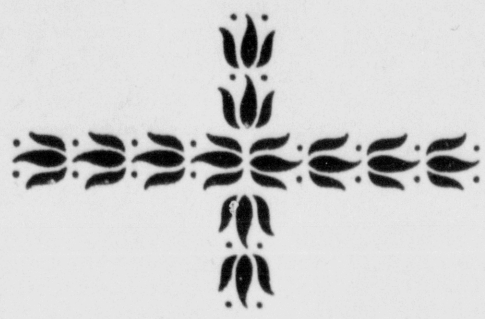
TRADE MARK "BANIGANS."



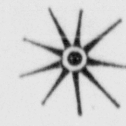
WOMENS
WEAR



L. M. KOOP'S



CLEARANCE SALE



IS BOOMING

At and BELOW COST!

Prices Knocked to Smithereens!

Scattered to the four winds of Heaven!

THE BOTTOM OUT!!!

Some Competitors

Are trying to make the public believe that they only have to place the hen on the nest and then hold their hat to catch the fruit, but when it comes to actual sales we are selling all lines of goods



As our Large Business and Many Happy Customers amply prove.

We are Cutting

Cheaper than Any of Them

And Slashing

And doing Everything in our power to **Sell Our Goods**, and our store is **Crowded Daily** with customers taking advantage of

Our Deep Cut Prices

At and Below Cost!

What We Have Not Got.

We have no bankrupt sale, no fire sale, no half price sale, no sacrifice sale, or any humbug sale. We have no \$15 suits for \$4.50, no \$6 pants at \$2.20, neither have we any jockeying or bantering, any tricks, dodges, deception or sham of any kind, nor any of the modern popular schemes for working off trashy goods on unsuspecting customers, schemes that sensible people perfectly understand, some of which would almost make a statue laugh.

If You Want

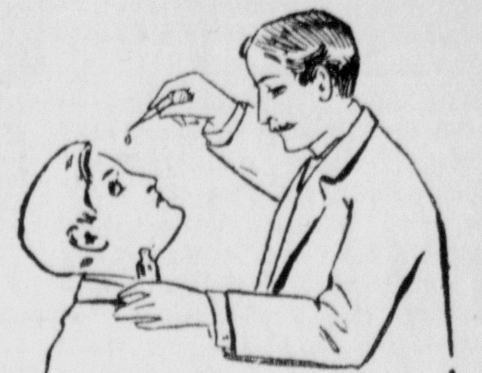
GOOD GOODS AT Low Prices and Fair Honest Figures

we can please you; and after trading with us once you will come again. We cordially invite you to visit our place of business during this **SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE** and test the truth of what we say, and you will certainly be our customer through the year 1898.

L. M. KOOP,

FRONT STREET,

BRAINERD, MINN.



SURE CURE FOR SORE EYES.

Our new assortment of **Blue Label Suits**, Stylish Patterns and Substantial Fabrics.

If you see them you will admire, if you wear them you will praise.

THEY BEAR THIS LABEL.

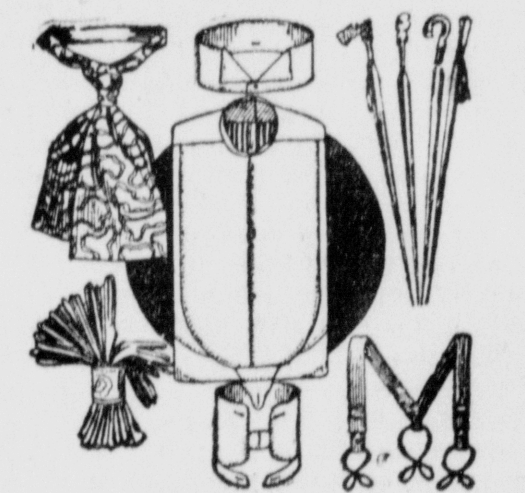
L.A. & Sons

Which is a Guarantee of Good Faith.

SHOES



FOR EVERYBODY



Rev. Dr. A. J. Palmer, a northern minister, is lecturing in the south on the "Federal Soldier," and Gen. John B. Gordon, a confederate soldier, is lecturing in the north on the "Last Days of the Confederacy." Both gentlemen are having crowded houses and making money. One country, one people; no north, no south. No millennium impending, but jolly, good feeling on tap.

Girls all know that the most persistent suitor for the waltz numbers is the very fellow they don't want. For our part we prefer a sitting-down waltz, anyhow. One of those waltz-at-ease movements where you both get away in some quiet corner, sit down side by side, you slip your arm around the girl and sit there and have your waltz out. The girl here has the power of selection.

The punishment of a cartoon publisher and several other German citizens for disrespect to the kaiser is evidence that his majesty has a cheap head as well as a thin skin. Men worthy of the cartoon recognize the compliment involved in it, however severe it may be; and the right of criticism belongs to every man who pays taxes to his government. And the kaiser must inevitably suffer more as a result of his childlike behavior than any of the men he puts in jail.

By refusing to accept the plea of intoxication advanced by an illegal voter in extension of his offense, a Philadelphia judge has taken a stand which good citizens will generally support, and which has reason, judgment and common sense back of it. In a vigorous manner the judge charged the jury that if they found the prisoner had voted illegally, as charged, it was their duty to convict him without regard to his condition at the time, whether he was drunk or sober. The jury promptly convicted the man.

The number of cattle in stock in Britain is given at 6,500,497, of which 2,532,379 are cows and heifers in milk or in calf, and 1,323,230 are returned as being two years and above. As against the two preceding returns, cows show respective increases in number of 20,704 and 46,559; while the cattle of two years old and above present relative decreases of 41,827 and 108,295. Of cattle which have attained the age of one year there is an increase of 54,428 over the return of 1896, and of 170,473 over that of 1895. As compared with the total of 1896, calves or cattle under one year of age show a decrease of 26,390, but present an increase of 37,524 as against that of 1895. Pigs have fallen considerably in number, being 536,499 less than in 1896, and 542,129 below the total of 1895.

In one of William Mountford's books the dialogue runs like this: "I am old and feeble and useless," said Marham, sadly. "No, uncle," said the young Aubin; "you were never more useful than now. You are useful just by being an old man." When Dr. Robert Gordon had outlived his activity as a minister, his friend, Dr. Candlish, said of him: "It is far more important that he should live for several years more than that he should do any work." His presence in the world became like that of a visible spirit of goodness. Fine old people are among the most gracious and humanizing influences, and sometimes their second childhood is more sweet and winsome than the first. We have known more than one gray-haired patriarch who was a very welcome "youth's companion."

Major Handy, special commissioner to the Paris International Exposition, in his report to congress, recommends that an appropriation of \$919,600 be granted, so that a creditable display on behalf of the United States may be made. The president, in transmitting the report, says: "Besides securing a much larger amount of space than had been reserved Major Handy obtained the gratifying assurance that the United States will be placed on a footing with the most favored nations and that in the installation of every important department the United States will have a location commensurate with the dignity and importance of the country and adjoining in every case countries of the first rank. In view of the magnitude and importance of the approaching exposition and of our standing among the nations that will there be represented and in view also of our increased population and acknowledged progress in arts and sciences and manufactures, I earnestly commend the report of Major Handy to your consideration, and trust that a liberal appropriation may be made. Moreover, the magnificent exhibit of the French republic at Chicago in 1893, on which \$1,000,000 were expended, should be a strong incentive to reciprocal liberality on the part of the government of the United States."

Acting Postmaster General Heath, in a circular recently issued recommends the establishment of suitable boxes by the roadside in which carriers may deposit mail as they pass, in districts desirous of securing rural free delivery. The time which would otherwise be consumed by carriers in reaching residences some distance back from the road will thus be saved, the service will be rendered more efficient, its cost will be reduced and the probability of its becoming a permanent feature of postal administration will be increased.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

A General Resume of the Most Important News of the Week From All Parts of the Globe, Boiled Down and Arranged in Convenient Form for Rapid Perusal By Busy People.

The Nation's Capital.

The London Statist expresses the opinion that the fact that a resolution has been introduced in congress to pay the interest on the United States debt either in gold or silver, indicates that there is little chance of any reform of the currency by the present congress. The Statist warns against American investments.

Casualties.

An old maid of sixty-four, named Mary Gibbons, who lives four miles south of Milan, Mo., fell into a fire-place, and was burned to death before help could reach her.

David O. Swire, of the firm of Swire & Scott, carpet manufacturers, was killed at Philadelphia by being struck by a railroad train. His body was terribly mangled. He was fifty-one years of age.

The Toledo Ice company's mammoth icehouse, in course of erection at Whitmore Lake, Mich., collapsed, killing two men instantly, probably fatally injuring five, and slightly injuring a dozen others.

Crimes and Criminals.

After refusing food for three months, Mrs. Olive Trafton of Auburn, Me., succeeded in committing suicide by starving herself to death.

Mrs. Mary Waite, twenty-four years old, and said to be a daughter of ex-Gov. Waite of Colorado, attempted to commit suicide at Washington by taking strychnine.

Hadley A. Sutherland, the negro murderer of Mrs. Wrenn, was electrocuted. Seventeen hundred and eighty volts were turned on at 11:19 and discontinued at 11:23 a. m.

Fred Nieschütz, former president of the village of Wonevow, Wis., is reported missing with \$1,000. He also mortgaged some property which he did not own. His wife and children have left for parts unknown.

During the trial of a case at Susanville, Cal., the presiding judge, F. A. Kelsey, assaulted Attorney F. V. Spooner, who had been fined for contempt of court, and who had defied the judge to enforce the order.

Justin P. Sovitzky, for many years a prominent merchant of Madison, Wis., committed suicide by hanging in his barn. He was eccentric and lived alone. His only known relative is a niece in Chicago.

Justice in a more horrible form than that meted out to Henry Smith at Paris, Texas, was administered by a mob on the Oklahoma border, to J. Marcus McGelsey and Palmer Simpson, two Seminole Indians, who had murdered a woman, and who were burned at the stake.

Foreign Notes.

Sir Charles Hutton Gregory, the well known engineer and a former president of the institution of civil engineers, is dead in London.

The Madrid Gazette publishes a decree providing for the augmentation of the treasury by bonds by 200,000,000 pesetas, secured by the customs.

Rudolph Hertzog, the leading dry goods retailer of Berlin, is dead. Although a Hebrew he bitterly antagonized his co-religionists, whom he refused to employ.

The department of state has been informed that the governments of Russia and of Japan have formally recognized the imperial title of the emperor of Corea.

A dispatch from Cape Town to the London Daily Mail says that Secretary Chamberlain has "tersely refused" to submit to arbitration the differences between the Transvaal and the British governments.

A cable from London, says a marriage has been arranged between Hon. Charles Frederick Leigh, youngest son of Baron Leigh, and Miss Mabel Gordon, daughter of Col. W. W. Gordon of Savannah.

The German naval department has ordered that a translation of Capt. Mahan's "Influence of Sea Power in History" be supplied to all the public libraries, schools and government institutions.

British antiquaries are exclaiming with indignation against Lord Tankerville, who contemplates pulling down the old Peel tower at Doddington, in Northumberland. This is one of the very few perfect Peel towers, and it has a most picturesque appearance, with a good parapet and fine staircase.

Personal Mention.

To the day of his death, taking an active part in politics, he succeeded Cavour as deputy for Turin.

Dr. Joseph O'Dwyer died at New York after an extended illness from tubercular meningitis.

Among the passengers who arrived at New York on board the steamer City of Washington from Havana was Frederick Funston, a Cuban insurgent general, who comes to this country for medical treatment.

Railroad Commissioner Reagan of Texas, who has been an avowed candidate for United States senator against Gov. Chittenden and Senator Mills, has issued a card, withdrawing from the race.

Martha Wren Gill, wife of E. S. Gill, district clerk at Phoenix, Ariz., is dead. Mrs. Gill was formerly Miss Wren, an actress of prominence on the Eastern stage.

The barn, granary, haystacks and buildings on the farm of Fred Lang, near Pewaukee, were destroyed by fire. The loss was about \$1,500, and was fully insured.

Judge J. N. Scott, who was recently appointed claims and depredations agent for the State of Washington, is dead at Las Vegas, N. Mex., of pneumonia.

General.

Joe Choyinski has been engaged as instructor of a new athletic club just formed in Chicago to promote boxing.

Jacob Rosenberger, a Soudertown, Pa., farmer, sheltered 1,148 tramps in his barn during the year 1897.

A report favoring the re-establishment of the whipping post has been submitted by the Virginia house committee on courts of justice.

Senator Spooner has introduced a bill to increase the pension of Catherine Cushing, widow of the late Commander Cushing, to \$100 per month.

The charter of Marion Order of Elks of Marion, Ind., was restored. It was revoked because Bob Fitzsimmons was taken into membership two or three months ago.

The directors of the Delaware & Hudson company have declared a 5 per cent dividend for the year 1897, payable at the rate of 11-4 per cent quarterly in the year 1898.

The New York Evening World says: The Manhattan Elevated Railroad company will within the week begin the installation of an electric system. The third rail system will be adopted.

J. H. Gallagher, a druggist of Sheldon, Iowa, has filed a suit in the district court at Denver against Mrs. Andrew Sanbo asking \$10,000 for alleged breach of promise of marriage.

The Western Union Beef company has just sold 8,000 steers off its West Texas ranch to Clinton Anderson of Wyoming. The consideration is said to be \$175,000.

The Natural Gas company at Richmond, Ind., has ordered an advance of 44 per cent in the price of gas by meter and mixer to domestic consumers, affecting several thousand patrons.

Instead of a general resumption of work at the window glass factories of the country, there may be a general lock-out, on account of the difficulty at the Phillips mill in Pittsburgh.

On Feb. 1, 1,140 looms in the printing department of the Manchester, N. H., cotton mills will be stopped for an indefinite time. The cause assigned is the falling off in the demand for print goods.

Owen Zeigler, the Philadelphia lightweight, has brought suit against a Philadelphia business man for \$50,000 damages for alienating his wife's affections. Zeigler can quit the ring if he wins that suit.

The Wisconsin Dairymen's association, which will meet in Manitowish Feb. 9, 10 and 11, will hold its sessions in the Turners' singing hall, where the exhibits of dairy products will be shown.

Prof. Herr Von Reinholz, a Swedish count and a lineal descendant of Gustavus Adolphus, who posed for several weeks past as a teacher of vocal culture at Spokane, Wash., has decamped leaving several friends deeply in the hole.

In the United States supreme court the case of the Northern Pacific Railroad company vs. Patrick R. Smith was restored to the docket for reargument. The case involves the right of way of the Northern Pacific at Bismarck, N. D.

The property of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway company, at Paola, Kas., including three engines, is being held under an attachment by Sheriff Hamlin, in default of the payment of a judgment for \$5,000 obtained against the company.

The law prohibiting merchants from making gifts as an inducement of trade, which was primarily aimed at trading stamp enterprises, was given a knock-out blow by Judge Campbell of San Francisco, who decided the law to be unconstitutional.

The St. Louis & New Orleans Anchor line has made an assignment at St. Louis to Archibald Woods, conveying to him, for the benefit of creditors, all of the steamboats, barges, stock in store, elevators and other property of the company of every kind.

At a meeting of shingle manufacturers at Tacoma, Wash., it was decided, after considerable discussion, to keep the shingle mills of the state closed until Feb. 1. An advance in rates of about 10 cents per 1,000 was inaugurated.

Ex-Secretary Hoke Smith has discharged all the negro carriers on his newspaper, the Atlanta Journal, and has refused to sell papers to negro newsboys, on the ground that the negroes refuse to be vaccinated, and he is afraid they may be the distributors of small pox.

THOUGHT HIS LEG WAS BROKEN.

Slung on an Up-to-Date Son Startles His Good Old Mother.

In these slangy days, when children just beginning to lispl simple words paralyze their dear mammas by telling them they are "not the only cans on the dump," it is refreshing to run across an innocent soul who knows nothing of these things that we hear on the streets. A good old mother received a shock the other day when she read a telegram from her boy, who is enjoying himself in the East, and at the same time affording some amusement for the up-to-date members of her family. The boy, who is having a good time in New York, telegraphed his father for more money. The father, not relishing the touch, took the telegram home to the mater, who read as follows: "Had my leg pulled. Broke. Send me fifty by wire." The good old mother was startled. "My poor boy," she moaned. "He must have been on one of those cable car things. Send him a hundred, father, and tell him to get the best doctor in the city."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Popular Confirmation.

"Didn't I say, six months ago, that I was out of politics?" growled the candidate who had just been buried under an adverse majority.

"That's what you did."

"Well, I hope the people will believe me now."

A Definition.

Johnny—Papa, what is a pessimist?

Papa—Oh, he's a man who is afraid Bryan will be the next president.—Puck.

A Needless Formality.

"I never give up," asserted the successful man.

"But suppose you are whipped?" asked a doubter.

"No use in giving up then. The other fellow will attend to it for you."—New York World.

MR. DOLE DROPS IN

HAWAII'S PRESIDENT VISITS THE UNITED STATES.

Desires to Be in Washington While the Hawaiian Treaty Is Being Discussed—Will Not Lobby for Annexation but Will Willingly Give All Information Desired—Gen. Shafter Extends a Formal Welcome to the Distinguished President.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—When President Dole of Hawaii landed from the steamship Peru he was not received with the ceremony befitting the ruler of a foreign country. The Peru arrived shortly after 8 o'clock Sunday night, and the quarantine regulations were not waived in favor of the visiting president, so he remained on board all night. When the steamer docked in the morning President Dole was greeted by the Hawaiian consul and a



Sanford B. Dole.

few friends, but there were no representatives of the United States government to formally welcome him.

It was 11:30 before President Dole and his party had landed and arrived at the Occidental hotel. President Dole promptly received a delegation of newspaper men who were waiting to see him, and spoke freely of his mission here.

"I do not come to the United States to work for annexation. I am merely on a friendly visit to this country and its president. I expect to remain in San Francisco three or four days, when I will start direct for Washington, and will then call upon President McKinley. It was thought best by the Hawaiian government that during the consideration of the annexation treaty I had better be in Washington and advise the Hawaiian legation on certain matters. It is not my intention to make any argument or do any lobbying for annexation. Of course, if I am called upon by the United States government to give any information, I will readily do so.

Late in the afternoon Gen. Shafter and his staff, in full uniform, made their official call upon President Dole at his hotel, and were received by Maj. Luakoua, Col. Fisher and Mr. Day, each of whom were resplendent with gold lace, prior to being admitted to the presence of the distinguished visitor, who was most cordially welcomed by Gen. Shafter on behalf of the government of the United States. The proceedings were entirely formal, and after the usual exchange of courtesies the representatives of the government left.

OTHERS OBJECT.

Loan Negotiations Between England and China Disagreeable to Russia and France.

Peking, Jan. 19.—The French and Russian ministers have protested against the conditions upon which (as outlined in an interview between Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister to China, and the Chinese foreign office) Great Britain is willing to assist China to liquidate the Japanese indemnity. Chan Wenh Wah has been appointed governor of Shantung.

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

Half a Million Dollar Blaze in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Eight firms, with stocks aggregating almost half a million dollars, sustained heavy losses by a fire that broke out in the building at the northwest corner of Market and Quincy streets. Two firemen were injured during the progress of the fire, neither of them seriously. The total loss will approximate \$200,000, well covered by insurance.

A Depraved Youth.

Waukegan, Iowa, Jan. 19.—Roy Baker, a youth of sixteen years and a son of Edmund Baker of this place, was arrested on a charge of committing rape on an eight-year-old girl. The examination was held yesterday before Justice Fallows. The boy was held to answer the same to the district court. Bail was fixed at \$1,000.

Murderer Fatally Wounded.

Alva, Okla., Jan. 19.—Paul Metcalf, said to be a refugee from Montana with a thirty years' sentence for murder hanging over him, was probably fatally wounded in a desperate fight with a posse of Sheriff McGrath's deputies in a dugout near Winchester, twenty miles northwest of here.

Colliery Disaster.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—A dispatch from Gleivitz, Prussian Silesia, announces a terrific colliery disaster at Zaborze. The Koenigen Luis colliery caught fire, and of the fifteen men brought to the surface, seven died. It is feared that twenty-five others, whose escape was cut off, have perished.

Kick Against Ten Eyck.

London, Jan. 19.—"The Daily Mail" says: If young Ten Eyck tries to reappear at Henley as an amateur there will be trouble. It is hoped that the Ten Eycks will not venture here again as amateurs.

Captured a Dervish Post.

London, Jan. 19.—A special from Cairo says that a party of friendly natives has captured the dervish post of Sarfich, making ten prisoners and obtaining possession of quantities of supplies.

WILL ASSIST CHINA.

England Makes a Proposition to the Celestials.

London, Jan. 18.—The Pekin correspondent of the Times says: Yesterday (Saturday) Sir Claude MacDonald, British ambassador to China, in the course of an interview with the tsung li yamen stated that England was willing to assist China to liquidate the Japanese indemnity and would provide a loan of \$12,000,000 at par to run fifty years, the service to be 4 per cent net, including sinking funds, conditions as follows:

"First—The opening of three treaty ports, Taiten Wan, Slang In and Nan Ning, thereby increasing the customs revenues. Second, a declaration that no portion of the Yangtse Kiang valley shall be alienated to any other power. Third, the right to extend the Burman railway through Hunan province, the most southwestern in China. "In the event of her default China is to place certain revenues under the control of the imperial customs. On this basis the negotiations will proceed. China regards them as advantageous, but fears the threatened opposition of France and Russia, especially to the opening of Taiten Wan and Nan Ning."

NOT YET SETTLED.

Demands of Germany Not Accorded to by China.

Peking, Jan. 18.—Germany has demanded a ninety-nine years' lease of Kiao Chau and a large area surrounding it. China offers to lease the bay and shores only for fifty years. Here the matter rests. The Germans insist on the right to build railroads and work mines whenever they wish. It is reported that a railroad from Kiao Chau to Bihau Fuh has been agreed to, the Germans acquiring mining rights for a mile on each side of the line and the Chinese to be admitted as shareholders. Germany has renewed her demand for an indemnity of 200,000 taels for the erection of a cathedral, and for the compensation, to the amount of several thousand taels, for the relatives of the murdered missionaries.

LAWS FOR INDIAN TERRITORY.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The joint subcommittee of the senate and house, which has been trying to agree upon the basis of new laws for Indian Territory has authorized Representative Curtis to prepare and introduce a bill providing for the allotment of the use of the Indian lands, for the regulation of townsites, providing for the expunging of intruders and authorizing the Dawes commission to prepare a roll of citizens. The provision in regard to townsites will allow the incorporation of town companies and permit them to purchase their sites from the Indians with the consent of the national government granting a lease in the meantime.

SOCIALISTS ARRESTED.

They Make a Demonstration Against the Burgomaster.

Vienna, Jan. 18.—Five thousand socialist workmen made a demonstration here in front of the Rathaus because Dr. Leuzer, the burgomaster had forbidden them to hold a meeting in the building. The police dispersed them and made several arrests. There are ominous rumors of trouble in Hungary and Bohemia. The agrarian socialist movement in Hungary is serious, especially in the Szabolcs district, where the land owners are menaced.

AMERICANS NOT WANTED THERE.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 18.—The Ontario legislature has adjourned. It passed a bill providing that no persons shall be employed in the construction of subsidized railways in Ontario who are subject to any country which has an alien labor law which practically excludes Canadians from employment on public or other works therein. This means that Americans need not expect employment on Canadian railroads. The legislature also passed the timber regulations which require all saw logs cut in Ontario hereafter to be made into lumber in Canada.

Taylor Changes His Mind.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 18.—Gov. Taylor has formally announced that he would be a candidate for election to the United States senate by the legislature which meets in extra session to-day. This caused a decided sensation, for the governor has repeatedly stated he was for and would work for the election of Senator Turley, his appointee. There will be three candidates before the Democratic caucus—Senator Turley, Congressman McMillin and Gov. Taylor.

To Light the Catcombs.

Pittsburg, Jan. 18.—Within twelve months the catcombs of Rome will be illuminated by electric lights. The Westinghouse company has received a cablegram from its Rome representative announcing that he has secured the contract for lighting the catcombs of St. Callistus, St. Agnes, St. Cyrcia, St. Demitilla, St. Priscilla and St. Bentianilla.

Next Monetary Convention.

Indianapolis, Jan. 18.—Two hundred and forty-one delegates have been chosen to attend the monetary convention which begins here Jan. 25, and over 100 more acceptances have been received but the delegates are not yet selected. There will probably be 350 delegates to the convention, as against 290 delegates at the first convention.

Senator Hanna's Hasty Departure.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 18.—Senator Hanna left for Washington very unexpectedly. His hasty departure is said to have been brought about by the receipt of a message urging him to come to the capital at once. It is believed that the Hawaiian treaty will be taken up this week and that his presence is desired on that account.

Widow Insolvent.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Elise Kohler, widow of Charles Kohler, of the liquor firm of Kohler, Frohling & Co., filed a petition in insolvency. The liabilities aggregate \$333,173 and the assets \$323,735.

Health of the Empress.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—The condition of the health of Empress Augusta Victoria excites comment. She will go in the spring to some Southern air cure. Her physicians still forbid her leaving her rooms.

Look out for colds

At this season. Keep
Your blood pure and
Rich and your system
Toned up by taking
Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then
You will be able to
Resist exposure to which
A debilitated system
Would quickly yield.

THE CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS.

They Do Not All Lie in the Yukon.



The excitement of the past few months has drawn a great many people to the Canadian gold fields. The search for gold, and has diverted the attention of many others. But in order to get there it is necessary that a man should be possessed of the best of health, strong powers of endurance and considerable means. He leaves his wife and his family for a considerable period, and the hardships he has to endure are all unknown to him. Canada has other gold fields, though. They are the fields that produce her golden grain. This year the crop of Manitoba, lying directly north of North Dakota, yielded 21,000,000 bushels of wheat alone. The current price averages 76 cents, which as a local paper puts it, "makes the product in gold this year, for wheat alone, equal to a value of \$15,960,000." Twenty thousand farmers did this, or an average to each producer of about \$798.

But these same farmers are not living by wheat alone. This is only one source of revenue to them out of many. They have also beef, butter, potatoes, oats, barley and poultry to sell, and sometimes other things, so that it may be fairly estimated that their incomes will average at least \$1,000 per farmer. Thus Manitoba's fields have yielded this year fully \$20,000,000 in gold, divided among 20,000 actual producers, and a general population of about 200,000.

After counting the cost of stamp mills, expenses of men, etc., rich as is the Klondike, such vast wealth as is being taken out of the soil is raising wheat in this one province, cannot possibly be secured in any mining district. Of course mining development assists agricultural development, and that is why the Government of Canada feels so much assurance in predicting prosperity to all who take up farms in Canada. Western Canada today promises more than any other known field that is open to immigration. Farms of 160 acres, capable of producing the best No. 1 hard wheat, yielding thirty to forty bushels to the acre, are given away free. Railways, markets, schools, churches—all are convenient. The Canadian form of government is one of the most liberal known, and a hearty welcome is given to settlers of all nationalities. Already there are many settlers gone in from the states, and the reports from them are highly favorable. Those desiring information as to free homestead laws, low transportation rates, etc., will have pamphlets, etc., sent free on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent of the Government.

Among the presents received by a bride in Grundy county, were four chickens, two geese and a pig.

The Baltimore and Ohio South Western Railway company has adopted a plan of handling locomotive ashes or cinders at terminals and divisional points which has resulted in a saving of expenses. The device consists of large pans holding about three cubic yards each which are placed in the pit and when full are moved by a crane to the car where they are dumped. The machinery is handled by one man and the results have been very satisfactory.

Established 1780.

Baker's Chocolate.

celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, has our well-known Yellow Label on the front of every package, and our trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolatiere," on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

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WORK OF CONGRESS

Condensed Proceedings of the National Law Mill.

Washington, Jan. 14. — The senate did not make great progress with the Hawaiian annexation treaty. Several speeches were delivered, but in every instance the speakers announced that the remarks were merely preliminary to what they should say before the close of the debate. The executive session opened shortly after 1 o'clock with Senator White on the floor, but Senator Stewart interrupted and others cut the California senator out of the discussion. Those who spoke were Senator Stewart, Frye and Morgan.

Senator Stewart supported the treaty and was the first senator to discuss the question of sugar in connection with the subject. Senator Frye spoke upon the commercial and military aspects which annexation presented in favor of the United States. Upon the merits of the case he considered Hawaii as necessary to the commerce of the United States. He devoted considerable time to a review of the importance of the control of the Nicaragua canal, which could not be maintained unless Hawaii was ours; Senator Frye thought this was an important epoch in our history, and if we did not annex the islands now we could not complain if they were annexed to another nation or if any other nation should take them.

Senator Morgan of Alabama made the principal speech of the day and occupied the time of the senate until it adjourned and had not then finished his argument. The senator went into an extended review of the history of the island since its discovery. He described at length the customs and manners of the natives and gave many reasons for his favoring the annexation treaty.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 14. — The house completed the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill in committee of the whole and then adjourned upon the motion of those opposed to the printing of another edition of the famous "Horse Book." There was the annual fight over the question of free seed distribution to the farmers, but the effort to strike out the appropriation, \$130,000, failed as usual, the majority against it being 136. One of the important amendments adopted provided for the inspection of horse meat for export purposes in the same way that the meat of cattle and other animals is now inspected. During the debate some very caustic criticism of the proceedings in the senatorial election in Ohio from Mr. DeArmond (Dem., Mo.) called forth a warm defense of Senator Hanna from Mr. Mahany (Rep., N. Y.), who eulogized the Ohio senator as the man who had overthrown the bosses of the Republican party in 1896.

Washington, Jan. 15. — Almost the entire four hours of the executive session of the senate was devoted to the indirect consideration of the nomination of Hon. Joseph McKenna, now attorney general, to be associate justice of the supreme court. The discussion was the result of an effort on the part of Senator Allen of Nebraska to secure a postponement for two weeks. In the end a compromise was reached deferring consideration until next Friday on the condition that the Nebraska senator should agree to allow a vote to be taken on that day. The Hawaiian treaty was not touched upon during the session.

The debate upon Mr. McKenna's nomination was precipitated by Senator Hoar, chairman of the committee on judiciary, who called up the nomination and asked for immediate action. In doing this Mr. Hoar spoke briefly of the opposition to Mr. McKenna, saying that the judiciary committee had investigated most of the charges made and had reached the conclusion that they were without foundation. He said that the greater number of charges had been made for the members of the American Protective association, and as they had been founded solely upon the fact that Mr. McKenna was a Catholic in religion they had not been deemed worthy of consideration. Senator White of California agreed with all that had been said to the impropriety of any interference in a matter of this character on account of religious prejudices or predilections. There were still other charges which were to his mind more serious, and to prove that such was the case he read at length from letters and newspapers attacking Mr. McKenna's record as an attorney and jurist on the ground of want of legal attainments. The greater part of Mr. Allen's speech was devoted to reading these documents. He called especial attention to an attack made by the bar of the Pacific coast, which, he said, was deserving of more scrutiny than had been given to it. He also stated that he had understood that the charge had been made that large corporations had been instrumental in securing Mr. McKenna's nomination. He thought this matter should be also looked into more thoroughly than the senate had had an opportunity to do.

IN THE HOUSE.

It was the intention of the house managers to proceed with the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, but owing to the excited condition of affairs in Havana and the widely exaggerated reports about they decided to avoid the possibility of opening up a Cuban debate by relinquishing the day to the common claims in charge of bills of the private character. Before this order was entered upon the agricultural bill was passed. Most of the day was consumed in a filibuster against a bill to pay the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, at Nashville, Tenn., \$288,000 for the seizure and use of the property of the corporation during the war. The opposition consumed the time until 5 o'clock, when the house adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 17. — The house devoted two hours Saturday to general debate on the army appropriation bill and the remainder of the day to eulogizing the life and public services of the late representative, Seth W. Milliken, of Maine, who served for fourteen years in the lower branch of congress. Those who spoke were Messrs. Burleigh of Maine, who succeeded Mr. Milliken; Dingley and Boutelle of Maine; Dinsmore of Arkansas; Skinner

of North Carolina; Mercer of Nebraska; Hillborn of California; Hicks of Pennsylvania and Little of Arkansas. At 3.25, as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 18. — Features of yesterday's proceedings in the senate were the speech delivered by Senator Wolcott of Colorado, chairman of the bimetallic commission, upon the negotiations of the commission with European countries relative to international bimetallicism, and the passage of the Lodge bill restricting immigration into the United States. The proceedings were the most interesting and important that have characterized any single day's work of the senate during the present session. In anticipation of them the galleries were crowded an early hour. Quite unexpectedly Senator Hanna appeared at the opening of the session. Mr. Foraker, the senior member from Ohio, presented Mr. Hanna's credentials for the remainder of Mr. Sherman's term, which will expire on March 4, 1899, and asked that the oath of office be administered to him. Mr. Foraker escorted his colleague to the desk and Vice President Hobart administered the oath.

At the conclusion of the morning business Mr. Wolcott was recognized to begin his address. He was in fine voice and commanded the earnest attention of his auditors. At the conclusion of Mr. Wolcott's speech the immigration bill was taken up and discussed until 3 o'clock, the hour at which, by previous agreement, it had been arranged to vote finally upon the amendments and the bill. Efforts were made to amend the measure but failed. The bill was then passed by a vote of 45 to 28.

The bill as passed provides that all immigrants physically capable and over sixteen years of age shall be able to read or write the English language or some other language, but a person not able to read or write who is over fifty years of age and is the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant over twenty-one years of age and capable of supporting such a parent or grandparent, may accompany the immigrant or the parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the family of the child or grandchild over twenty-one years of age qualified under the law; and a wife or minor child not able to read or write may accompany or be sent for and come to join the husband or parent who is qualified. The act does not apply to persons coming to the United States from the island of Cuba during the continuance of present disorders there who have heretofore been inhabitants of that island.

IN THE HOUSE.

It was District of Columbia day in the house, but only three bills of local importance were passed. The remainder of the session was devoted to further consideration of the army appropriation bill. The debate was particularly notable for a vigorous speech by Mr. McClellan of New York, a son of Gen. George B. McClellan, attacking the present army organization as obsolete and inefficient. He asserted that we were woefully unprepared for war should a crisis come, and contended for modern methods in organization, equipment and supplies which would enable the United States to meet an emergency. Mr. Lewis of Washington also made a speech that attracted attention in denunciation of trusts, which he declared were threatening the liberties of the country. The consideration of the army appropriation bill was not completed.

Washington, Jan. 19. — Cuba had a hearing in the house, and for a time it looked as if parliamentary proceedings would be set aside and the senate resolution recognizing the insurgents as belligerents would be attached as a rider to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. Mr. Dearmond, a Missouri Democrat, precipitated the issue by offering the resolution as an amendment, but a point of order against it was sustained. Mr. Dearmond appealed. He urged the Republicans who had professed friendship for the struggling Cubans to override the decision of the chair as the only chance of securing action on the proposition. Mr. Bailey, the leader of the minority, and other Democrats joined in the appeal. The excitement became intense, but the appeals of Mr. Dingley, the floor leader of the majority, as well as other Republican leaders to their associates not to join in the programme succeeded. Mr. Colson, Rep., Ky., warned his side that unless he was soon given an opportunity to vote his sentiments on the Cuban question he would co-operate in any revolutionary method to secure action. The Republican tactics kept to the front the point of the minority seeking to override the rules of the house and get every Republican vote, sustaining the chair by a vote of 152 to 114. One Democrat, Mr. Fleming of Georgia, voted with them on the ground that he could not violate his oath by voting against upholding the rules. During the debate Mr. Bailey challenged Mr. Hitt to give the house any assurance that an opportunity would be offered to vote on the resolution passed by the senate at the last session, but he received no reply. Before the diplomatic bill came up the army bill was passed.

IN THE SENATE.

The open session of the senate was brief. Practically the only business accomplished aside from the routine proceedings was the passage of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. The measure as finally passed by the senate carries \$1,913,810. The Teller resolution providing that bonds of the United States may be paid in standard silver dollars was favorably reported by a majority of the finance committee and notice was given that it would be called up at an early date. An effort will be made to fix a time for the final vote on the pending census bill but was abandoned until tomorrow.

Hart's Sentence Affirmed.

Philadelphia, Jan. 20. — Judge Dallas has filed the opinion of the United States circuit court of appeals in the case of the appeal of John D. Hart, who was convicted about a year ago of having aided a Cuban filibustering expedition off the steamer Laurada, and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and \$500 fine. Hart took an appeal and Judge Dallas in the opinion filed affirms the sentence of the district court.

NORTHWEST NEWS

SHOW CHOKED OFF.

Students Give the Cherry Sisters a Warm Reception.

Iowa City, Iowa, Special. — The Cherry Sisters were killed to appear at the opera house, and when the time came for the show to begin the house was packed, more than 1,000 students from the state university being present. When the curtain went up the three sisters came upon the stage and began to act in their inimitable manner. All at once the students let go every conceivable sort of vegetables, eggs and hardware. The girls retreated and the curtain went down. The manager appealed for order and an attempt was made to continue the show, but when Eddie came forward she was struck with an egg and fell half-senseless to the floor. The students rushed for the stage and the girls fled to their hotel, with a thousand students at their heels. At the hotel they were hurried to their rooms. The students filled the house and came near breaking in the doors to their rooms. The police interfered, but could not restore order. Finally the fire department responded and turned two streams of water on the young men. Five of the students were arrested and locked up.

The annual freshmen banquet occurs this evening, and last night the sophomores kidnaped and carried away into the country the leaders of the banquet.

UNDOUBTEDLY DEAD.

Five Men Intombed in a Tunnel Where an Explosion Occurs.

Butte, Mont., Special. — Two heavy explosions in the tunnel for the flume near the upper smelting works in Anaconda were heard by the people of that city about 9 o'clock, but no attention was paid to them. About 1 o'clock in the morning Mr. Jennings, one of the contractors on the tunnel, went up there and found the blacksmith shop at the mouth of the tunnel blown away. It was found that for thirty feet the timbers had been blown out of line and that further progress was blocked by a monster cave-in which extended to the surface. Then it was realized that the five men who were working there at the time of the explosion had been probably killed, and a large crew was put to work to clear the tunnel. It is a mighty task and will take some hours to complete.

AN ICY BATH.

Miss Van Wyck Anderson Took a Cold Plunge at Tacoma.

Tacoma, Wash., Special. — Miss Elizabeth Van Wyck Anderson, a niece of Mayor Van Wyck of New York, and daughter of Gen. Anderson, who was, during his life, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific railroad, while delirious from fever, eluded her watchers and fled from her house to the sound and plunged in. The distance to the sound is fully two miles, and when the young woman left the house she was but thinly clad and bareheaded. How she succeeded in making her way to the old town wharf without being intercepted is a mystery. John Burns, a policeman, heard her cries for help and jumped in and rescued the young woman. Miss Anderson is well known in Chicago and New York society circles. The young woman is now at the hospital, and physicians have hopes that her icy bath will not result fatally.

STEAMER SURRENDERS.

Wanted to Be Purged of a Violation of Customs Regulations.

Seattle, Wash., Special. — The Canadian steamer Danube of Victoria voluntarily placed herself in the custody of the United States authorities. Last December the Danube violated the customs regulations in Alaska. Orders were issued to seize her but she sailed out of American waters before seizure could be made. The Danube wants to enter Alaska trade this season and her owners, with a view to purging the boat of her offense, decided to bring her here and put through a seizure process in order to block any similar attempt in Alaska. United States Attorney Gay is preparing libel papers.

FOUR MEN RESCUED.

Imprisoned Men Taken From a Wrecked Tunnel.

Anaconda, Mont., Special. — After forty hours of imprisonment and anxiety, four of the five men who were in the tunnel near this city that caved in near its entrance as the result of a dynamite explosion, crawled through a hastily constructed exit into the light of day. An improvised tunnel had been driven through the debris that closed the entrance to the tunnel itself. Jack McLeod, one of the five imprisoned men, had died several hours before from the effects of the powder fumes which troubled all of them for about twelve hours.

A FORTUNE FOR A CONVICT.

An Inmate of the Montana Penitentiary Is Heir to \$150,000.

Butte, Mont., Special. — C. M. Oliver, a convict in the Deer Lodge penitentiary, who has been granted a new trial on the charge of robbery, has received a letter from a firm of lawyers at Bridgeport, Conn., informing him that he has fallen heir to \$150,000 by the death of an uncle, Edwin M. Oliver, which occurred in that city over a year ago. The trustee of the estate only recently learned of Oliver's whereabouts. His new trial will come up in a few weeks and he will probably be released, as all of the state's witnesses have disappeared.

Better Keep It Away.

Port Townsend, Wash., Special. — Customs officers seized 420 quart bottles of whisky on the steamer City of Seattle just before she sailed for Alaska. A small quantity on the City of Topeka was also found.

All Aboard for Klondike.

Victoria, B. C., Special. — The steamer City of Seattle left here this morning for Alaska ports, having on board over 600 passengers. The rush to Klondike has not fairly begun, but in a few weeks a steamer will be leaving here every day with that many men.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

Chicago, Jan. 20. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 92 1/2c; No. 2 red, 84 1/2c; No. 2 spring, 88c; No. 3 spring, 86 1/2c; No. 2 hard winter, 82c; No. 3 hard winter, 80c; No. 2 soft spring, 92c; Cash Corn — No. 2, 27 1/4c; No. 3, 26 1/2c; No. 2, 26 1/2c; No. 3, 25 1/2c; No. 2, 25 1/2c; No. 3, 24 1/2c; No. 2, 24 1/2c; No. 3, 23 1/2c; No. 2, 23 1/2c; No. 3, 22 1/2c; No. 2, 22 1/2c; No. 3, 21 1/2c; No. 2, 21 1/2c; No. 3, 20 1/2c; No. 2, 20 1/2c; No. 3, 19 1/2c; No. 2, 19 1/2c; No. 3, 18 1/2c; No. 2, 18 1/2c; No. 3, 17 1/2c; No. 2, 17 1/2c; No. 3, 16 1/2c; No. 2, 16 1/2c; No. 3, 15 1/2c; No. 2, 15 1/2c; No. 3, 14 1/2c; No. 2, 14 1/2c; No. 3, 13 1/2c; No. 2, 13 1/2c; No. 3, 12 1/2c; No. 2, 12 1/2c; No. 3, 11 1/2c; No. 2, 11 1/2c; No. 3, 10 1/2c; No. 2, 10 1/2c; No. 3, 9 1/2c; No. 2, 9 1/2c; No. 3, 8 1/2c; No. 2, 8 1/2c; No. 3, 7 1/2c; No. 2, 7 1/2c; No. 3, 6 1/2c; No. 2, 6 1/2c; No. 3, 5 1/2c; No. 2, 5 1/2c; No. 3, 4 1/2c; No. 2, 4 1/2c; No. 3, 3 1/2c; No. 2, 3 1/2c; No. 3, 2 1/2c; No. 2, 2 1/2c; No. 3, 1 1/2c; 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The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897, no legal notice or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and notice of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

H. C. STEVENS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1897.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1898.

It's rather a tame city that has not a Klondike party in the incubator.

The Cannon Falls creamery has been closed owing to dissatisfaction among the farmer patrons, and they will start a co-operative institution.

Up at Grand Rapids County Commissioners Lydick and Logan have been indicted for falsely auditing claims against Itasca county and the trial of the cases are set for Feb. 10.

It is reported by a returned Canadian traveler that in the Peace river country where he spent a couple of years there are four herds of wild buffalo numbering altogether over 2000.

ROBBINS, the red breasted variety, are reported to have arrived at St. Cloud and Duluth during the past week while snakes and gophers are capering around over the ground at Graceville.

The theft of a sack of flour at Dawson is considered a capital crime, while a touch of \$30,000 in gold dust is simply petty larceny. The law of supply and demand appears to regulate the enormity of the offense.

One thousand invitations will be issued for the wedding of Ignatius Donnelly to Miss Hanson which will take place in Minneapolis on Feb. 22. The Sage is so much pleased over the coming event that he desires all his friends to help him share his joy.

The Milaca Times in commenting on the letting of the contract for building the B. & N. M. says: Now by closing the gap between Brainerd and Milaca the Great Northern would have a short line to the Twin cities, and it is generally believed that this line will be built next summer.

BRYAN admits what the public was well aware of when he says he needs the support of populists and silver republicans. As the pops are not on the fuse to any great extent, and the wash has all come off the silver plated republicans, the Nebraska statesman is liable to have a very hard road to travel.

The supreme court of the United States has handed down an opinion involving the question of whether the heirs of a man who committed suicide when in sound mind can recover an insurance policy. The court held that they could not as no company could undertake to insure against suicide, as it would be contrary to public policy.

A BILL has been introduced in the United States senate for the purpose of regulating interstate traffic in wild game and making it unlawful for any railroad or other common carrier to ship game from one state to another contrary to the laws of the state from which shipped. The control of the traffic is placed in the hands of the interstate commerce commission.

SOME weeks ago the DISPATCH made mention of the fact that Hon. Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, was being urged to become a candidate for the republican nomination as judge of the supreme court and since that time some very flattering notices have appeared in various papers throughout this district regarding the matter. It is practically conceded that St. Louis county should have the judge and in the selection of Mr. Lum as a candidate the people of that section of the state will make no mistake. For many years the gentleman was a resident of Brainerd and nothing would please his friends in this county to any greater degree than to see his name on the ticket and as our neighbor, the Journal remarks he would practically receive the solid vote irrespective of party in this section.

THERE is a great activity in railroad building in Northern Minnesota. At Bemidji active operations in the construction of the Poston extension of the Great Northern are in progress, there being seven crews of engineers, in squads of five each at work between Deer River and Poston. Grade stakes have been set seven miles west of Bemidji and 300 men are at work clearing the right of way.

White Earth Indians Excited.

A telegram from White Earth to the Minneapolis Times says: Considerable excitement prevails here among the Indians, who are highly incensed over reports lately brought in by several of their numbers who have been in and about the reservation logging camps, to the effect that green pine timber is being indiscriminately cut down, together with the dead and down timber. Several councils have lately been held, and at which time three of their members were selected to go out and make an investigation through the several logging camps on the reservation and to find out definitely if the reports of indiscriminate cutting are true, etc., before further action is taken in the matter. The Indians are heartily disgusted with the whole manner in which their dead and down timber is being disposed of, and the value of which accrues to a few only under present conditions. They are also preparing a protest against the present system of examination, and of estimating their pine timber, and of which they have ample reason to consider are unjust and unfair, and the expense of which is extravagantly exorbitant and beyond all reasonable demands.

Two Plucky Young Ladies.

A. A. White, the townsie proprietor and formerly partner of S. G. Comstock, of Moorhead, was in the city to-day from St. Paul. Mr. White was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Cecyle White, and by her friend, Miss Mamie E. Geary, also of St. Paul. The young ladies, to use Mr. White's expression, are romantically inclined, and while in the city made entry at the United States land office on each a fine quarter section of land near Graceland, a townsite on the projected northwestern extension of the Brainerd & Northern railroad line. They will at once take possession of their homesteads which are valuable for the pine and the agricultural properties and improve them. Miss White will take her piano to the homestead.—St. Cloud Journal Press.

Miss White is a granddaughter of Hon. and Mrs. L. P. White, of this city.

Mille Lacs Lake Items.

From Princeton Union.
W. Hardy is busily engaged in making ax handles, supplying the logging camps and stores in Brainerd.

All is quiet at present on our side of the lake except that once in a while one of Gray's hay teams goes through the ice in Rice lake near Daigle's store.

J. O. Cady, of Pullegar, is working in the woods for Mr. Gray. His wife has gone to Anoka to spend the winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stevens.

Word has reached this office through C. B. Rogers that Kag-a-docia, the venerable chieftain of the Mille Lacs Indians, is dead. His demise occurred on the night of Jan. 8, and his funeral took place Sunday. He was one of the oldest and best known Indians in Minnesota.

The Aitkin Republican says J. G. Taylor, of Bay Lake, Crow Wing county, a brother of Carl Taylor, went down to Minnetonka about Dec. 1 to visit his father-in-law, and while there has had the misfortune of losing all three of his children by the measles. The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Taylor in Aitkin county will extend them sincere sympathy when they learn of their bereavement.

Wm. Spencer and son Smith visited Duluth and Superior on Tuesday. Mr. Spencer brought home with him a large Newfoundland dog, which he purchased at the head of the lakes and which he will use in making up a dog team for transporting his supplies over the Chilkoot pass on the way to Klondike. Mr. Spencer designs starting for the regions where they have money to burn about the first of March.

Are you in it? Well yes—What? Why, are you going to the social to be given for the benefit of the poor by the young ladies charity society of Brainerd, at the home of Mrs. D. H. Simons, corner of 4th and Ivy streets, on Friday evening of next week, Jan. 28th, from 6 to 10 o'clock. Supper 10 cents. All are invited.

A new postoffice has been established by the department at Zuzu in Cass county.

INVOICE SALE.

In Order to

Reduce Our Stock

Before taking invoice, we have decided to sell all goods in the DRY GOODS LINE SHOES, MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS etc., at

ACTUAL COST

Until Jan. 30,

At 33 Per Cent OFF.

AND CLOAKS

We do not want to carry over one Cloak, So we make this GREAT Reduction.

Our Grocery Department

Continues to be an interesting feature, and in spite of all efforts to the contrary, we are able to furnish our customers with the best goods at the Lowest Prices quoted in the city.

L. J. CALE,

No. 6, Front Street.

Follow The Crowd to BANE & BANE'S.

And partake of the bargains offered.

Lake Superior Herring, 6 lbs for 25 Cents.
Pork Sausage, Our Specialty, 4 lbs for 25 cts.
3 pounds Nice Beef Steak for 25 Cents.
Pork Steak and Roasts, 3 pounds for 25c.
4 pounds of Pigs feet for 25c.
Pine Meat, 3 pounds for 25c.

Kansas City Beef Received Fresh
Every Week.

No. 11, - Sixth Street.

Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall, Feb. 21st.

Mack's Headache Powders will cure your headache.

Store your stoves and furniture with D. M. Clark & Co.

If you want neat job work leave your orders with the DISPATCH.

Look out for the Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall Monday evening, Feb. 21st.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

Hoffman's second store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments

We have have added a number of new faces of job type to our job department this week which insures up to date printing. If you are looking for neat, clean work, call at the DISPATCH printing office, Sleeper block.

With prices right, all the latest faces in job type, and especial attention given to neatness, we claim to be able to please all in the line of job printing. Commercial work, wedding stationery, ball programmes, cards and anything in the printing line at the DISPATCH office.

Look out for the Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall Monday evening, Feb. 21st.

Farm for Sale.

A farm suitable for dairy, small fruit, poultry, etc., which has been run successfully for a number of years in the gardening business is offered for sale, an excellent opportunity for some man to run a dairy in connection with the new creamery. Also the following farming implements are offered for sale: mower and rake, plow and harrow, cutter, bob sleds, top buggy, spring wagon and Mitchell wagon, working and driving harnesses, four cows (two fresh), chickens, team, etc. Also house for sale cheap, No. 53, Ninth street south, one block from where the opera house stood. For terms, etc., apply to the owner.

GEO. SHEARD,

Two and a half miles out on Gull Lake road.

Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall, Feb. 21st.

F. J. MURPHY,
Successor to J. N. ELDER.
Practical Plumber.

All kinds of plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Plans and Estimates furnished on all Work.

REPAIRING WELL PUMPS, etc.

First National Bank Block,
SIXTH STREET.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifics act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

NO. CURES. PRICES.
1—Fever, Congestions, Inflammations. .25
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic. .25
3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness. .25
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults. .25
5—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis. .25
6—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. .25
7—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo. .25
8—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach. .25
9—Suppressed or Painful Periods. .25
10—Whites, Too Profuse Periods. .25
11—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness. .25
12—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions. .25
13—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains. .25
14—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague. .25
15—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head. .25
16—Whooping Cough. .25
17—Kidney Diseases. .25
18—Nervous Debility. .1.00
19—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed. .25
20—Grip, Hay Fever. .25
Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price, Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

Brainerd Machine Shops

7th St. between Front and Laurel.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

All Colds are Tainted.
All colds are tainted with grip, when grip prevails. "77" breaks up grip and colds that "hang on;" 25c. all druggists.

Klondike Gold Nuggets.

The above is the name of a Brand of Flour the

Gravel Mercantile Co.

Walker Block, Laurel Street,

Is offering to the trade in Brainerd as an A1 article—Nothing Better Manufactured.

Groceries, Flour & Feed,

Are the articles which this new firm call the attention of the public to. The line of

GROCERIES Is as complete as any stock in the north-west, and an inspection of goods and prices is requested whether you wish to purchase or not.

Our Goods Will be Sold at Either Wholesale or Retail,

and we guarantee to give satisfaction in every case. Yours for trade,

GRAVEL MERCANTILE CO.,
WALKER BLOCK, LAUREL STREET.



To
ST. PAUL
MINNEAPOLIS
DULUTH
AND POINTS
EAST & SOUTH
TO
BUTTE
HELENA
SPOKANE
TACOMA
PORTLAND
CALIFORNIA
JAPAN
CHINA
ALASKA
KLONDIKE

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.

TIME CARD—BRainerd.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	11:55 a. m.	12:15 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:10 a. m.	3:20 a. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	8:15 a. m.	9:00 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:55 p. m.	9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND:		
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:20 p. m.	1:40 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail	7:45 p. m.	8:05 p. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:15 p. m.	5:00 p. m.
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.		
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.		
L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris		6:30 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd	5:30 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST.

We carry the Finest Stock in the Northwest, and Our Goods are always Fresh and "Up-to-Date."

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

Arthur Hagberg,

Successor to T. McMaster.

Dealer in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.



A Grocer Can Slight Things

In more ways than one, and it will not be apparent to the average customer. They know something is wrong and that is all. Perfect Satisfaction is guaranteed here. If what you get here is not as represented bring it back and get your money.

ARTHUR HAGBERG,
TELEPHONE CALL, 5-4.

TWO NEW MINISTERS.

HAMILTON KING TO REPRESENT US IN SIAM.

William W. Thomas, Jr., Returns to the Post at Stockholm Which He Has Twice Filled Before—His Long and Interesting Diplomatic Career.

Professor Hamilton King, whose field of usefulness for some years past has been the preparatory department of Olivet college, and who is one of the best known educators in the state of Michigan, has been appointed by President McKinley to represent the United States at Bangkok as minister resident and consul general to Siam.

Professor King belongs to that large class of educators who owe their success in life entirely to their own exertions. He was born in Newfoundland in 1851, and his boyhood was spent in Auburn, Lewiston and Saco, Me., where he received his public schooling.

At the age of 18, having accumulated the sum of \$40 as the profits of his ap-



PROFESSOR HAMILTON KING.

prenticeship at the trades of carpentry and engineering he divided his savings with a chum, and together they traveled west on an emigrant train. Landing in Illinois, 1,200 miles from home and with no friends, with but 50 cents between them in which to begin the struggle for existence, the two boys sat down on a stone and sang to keep up their spirits. Today Professor Hamilton King as principal of the preparatory department of Olivet college for 20 years is one of the best known educators in Michigan, while his chum, Professor F. H. Hall, occupies a similar position in Drury college and enjoys a like reputation in the state of Missouri.

By the strictest economy two years of farm work yielded sufficient capital to begin a seven years' course at Olivet college. During the college year he supported himself by janitor work around the college buildings and by tutoring. His vacations were spent in hard toil. He was graduated in 1878 and was soon called to the faculty of the college as principal of the preparatory department and instructor in Greek.

Another important diplomatic appointment recently made is that of William W. Thomas, Jr., as minister to Sweden and Norway. Mr. Thomas has had long diplomatic experience and has twice before represented the United States at the Scandinavian capital. He was first appointed by President Arthur in 1883. He was recalled by Cleveland in 1885 and reappointed by Harrison in 1889, only to be recalled four years later by the second Cleveland administration.

Mr. Thomas was the first minister of any power to address the king of Sweden in an official speech in the Swedish language. He was also the first minister to hoist his country's flag at Stockholm. Of him the king publicly said, "I esteem it an honor that the president of the United States has sent to my court an American who speaks the language of my country."

Minister Thomas acquired his knowledge of the Swedish tongue while consul to Gothenburg, Sweden, to which post he was appointed by President Lincoln. He had previously been vice consul general at Constantinople and consul at Galatz.

Mr. Thomas is a native of Maine and traces his genealogy back to George Cleeve, who founded the city of Portland in 1632. He was graduated at Bowdoin college in 1860 with highest honors, Thomas B. Reed being one of his classmates. Mr. Thomas has practiced law in Portland and has served in both branches of the Maine legislature, having been speaker of the house two terms. He has written much on Scandi-



W. W. THOMAS, JR.

navian subjects and was instrumental in founding the Swedish colony of New Sweden in Maine a number of years ago.

The wife of Minister Thomas is the beautiful and accomplished daughter of a Swedish senator, and it is expected that her return to Stockholm will be warmly welcomed.

JESTS OF THE JOKERS.

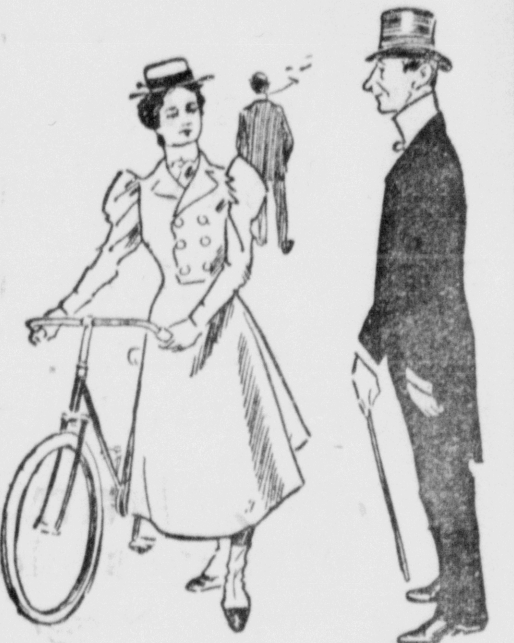
There was once a Scotch drover who, though he could neither read nor write, had never less made a large fortune by sheep farming and was open to any degree of flattery as to his abilities in this department of labor. A purchaser, knowing his weakness and anxious to work himself into his good graces, ventured one evening to remark, "I am of the opinion, sir, that you are a greater man than even the Duke of Wellington."

"Hoot, toot!" replied the sheep farmer modestly, hanging his head with a pleased smile and taking a large pinch of snuff. "That's too much—too much by far—by far."

But his guest, after expatiating for awhile upon the great powers of his host in collecting and concentrating upon a southern market a flock of sheep, suggested the question, "Could the Duke of Wellington have done that?"

The sheep farmer thought a little, sniffed and replied: "The Duke of Wellington was no doubt a clever man—very, very clever, I believe. They tell me he was a good sger, but, then, d'ye see, he had reasonable men to deal with—captains and majors and generals that could understand him, every one of them, both officers and men—but I am not sure, after all, if he could manage, say, 20,000 sheep besides black cattle that could not understand one word he said, Gaelic or English, and bring every hoof of them to Fakirk Tryst? I doot it, I doot it, but I have done that!" The inference was evident.

Small Doeses.



"So your doctor has prescribed a bicycle for you, has he?"
"Yes."
"Did he give you any directions regarding its use?"
"Yes, he told me not to take more than six drops after each meal."—Up to Date.

A Cruel Comment.

"Yes," said Miss Giltington, "the count is such a shy man! But he has proposed to me at last. It was very amusing, for he was dreadfully embarrassed."

"So I understand," replied Miss Cayenne; "financially embarrassed."—Washington Star.

Off His Nest.

Nothing is so discouraging to a young lawyer just as he waxes eloquent about angels' tears, weeping willows and tombstones as to be interrupted by the cold blooded justice with, "You're off your nest, bub; this is a case of hog stealing."

The Unconscious Parent.

Little Bobbie (a dime novel fiend)—Aha! But wouldn't do ole man drop dead wid fear ef he knew dat he wuz spankin Riproaring Ronald, the Red Rover of the Roncesvalles range!—New York Journal.

What Saved Him.

The policeman collared the scorching. "Here!" he exclaimed, "you blanked—hello, you ride the same make of wheel I do! You'd better pump up that front tire a little. It's too soft."—Chicago Tribune.

With Great Expression.

"They tell me, Grimly, that your daughter sings with great expression." "Greatest expression you ever saw. Her own mother can't recognize her face when she's singing at her best."—Tit-Bits.

Length of a Sermon.

An English judge, Baron Alderson, on being asked to give his opinion as to the proper length of a sermon, replied, "Twenty minutes, with a leaning to the side of mercy."

Experientia Docet.

Singleton—What is the effect of eating homemade bread?
Benedict—Home made desolate.—Brooklyn Life.

The Height of the Ridiculous.
I wrote some lines once on a time
In wondrous merry mood
And thought, as usual, men would say
They were exceeding good.

They were so queer—so very queer—
I laughed as I would die.
Albeit, in the general way,
A sober man am I.

I called my servant, and he came.
How kind it was of him
To mind a slender man like me,
He of the mighty limb!

"These to the printer," I exclaimed,
And in my humorous way
I added, as a trifling jest,
"There'll be the devil to pay."

He took the paper, and I watched
And saw him peep within.
At the first line he read his face
Was all upon the grin.

He read the next. The grin grew broad
And shot from ear to ear.
He read the third. A chuckling noise
I now began to hear.

The fourth, he broke into a roar.
The fifth, his waistband split.
The sixth, he burst five buttons off
And tumbled in a fit.

Ten days and nights, with sleepless eyes,
I watched that wretched man,
And since I never dare to write
As funny as I can.

—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

COSTLY DIPLOMACY.

THE TRANSVAAL PAYS A FOREIGN MINISTER \$85,000 A YEAR.

Sharp Contrast to Uncle Sam's Frugal Policy—American Ministers Must Have Private Fortunes—Advantages Which Money Gives in Diplomatic Negotiations.

Our state department at Washington must have read with astonishment the recently published report that Dr. William J. Leyds, secretary of state of the Boer republic, had been accorded the enormous salary of \$85,000 a year for representing the Transvaal as minister plenipotentiary in the various capitals of Europe. Uncle Sam is so frugal in his expenditures for diplomatic purposes that such prodigality on the part of the puny South African Republic must have given the good gentleman a severe shock.

It is probable, however, that Oom Paul Kruger knows what he is paying for. No doubt the object in giving Dr. Leyds so large a salary as \$85,000 a year is to enable him to represent the Transvaal in such a manner in the various capitals of Europe as to impress the people with whom he is brought into official contact with the importance of his government.

While much has been written about the uselessness of costly missions abroad in these modern days, when all the great capitals of the world are connected with one another by wire and when it is possible for a minister of foreign affairs to convey his instructions and orders to their destinations within a few minutes, without leaving any latitude to the discretion or direction of the envoy, there is no doubt that an ambassador who is able to represent his country on a scale of grandeur and magnificence, who is able to entertain on a



DR. WILLIAM J. LEYDS.

large scale, has it in his power to serve the interests of his government far more efficaciously than a diplomat who for one reason or another can make no show.

Not one but dozens of treaties of the utmost international importance have been, so to speak, floated into port on a tidal wave of champagne, and this is even more the case nowadays, when alliances are announced in the shape of postprandial toasts than it was when Lord Elgin came to this country with Laurence Oliphant in the fifties for the purpose of concluding his commercial treaty with the United States. That is why Great Britain accords to her ambassador at Paris a salary of \$50,000, together with allowances to the tune of an additional \$20,000, and the use of a handsome place entirely furnished.

The ambassadors of Russia, Germany and Austria in Paris have abodes which, if not quite so sumptuous, are still very grand and costly, and salaries of about \$40,000 per annum, while England pays her envoys in the other capitals of Europe on the same magnificent scale, providing in almost every case an imposing palace or mansion furnished even down to the item of gold and silver plate, as at Paris. The English ambassador at Constantinople has two palaces, one at Pera and the other at Therapia, together with a couple of steam launches, a state barge and a government steam yacht, commanded by a lieutenant and manned by 80 British tars, all being maintained for the official and private use of his excellency by the British government.

It will readily be seen from this that unless the United States happens to find a man of wealth willing to undertake the not always grateful task of representing this country as ambassador abroad he must necessarily, with his \$17,000 salary, convey to the people among whom he is sent to reside a less powerful impression of the prestige and of the grandeur of his native land than his fellow ambassadors.

It is only fair to add that these highly paid ambassadors of European countries devote conscientiously all the money which they receive from the state to the purpose for which it is granted, many of them, indeed, dipping heavily into whatever private resources they may happen to possess.

As a rule Boer ideas of remuneration are not particularly extravagant. The president himself receiving but \$20,000 a year. Dr. Leyds is one of a body of six who form the executive government of the Transvaal, and he is the only non-Afrikaner on that executive. He is a native of Java and was educated in Holland. He studied law at the Amsterdam university, where he was graduated in 1884.

During that year President Kruger visited Europe and offered the position of attorney general of his republic to the young solicitor. After some hesitation Dr. Leyds accepted the post and removed to Pretoria. In 1888 he was elected secretary of state by the volksraad and was re-elected in 1892 and 1896, the term being four years. Dr. Leyds is about 40 years old and is described as a person of nervous but urbane manner and a pleasant voice.

A CLEVER DETECTIVE.

A Library Card Gave the Clew to a De-faulter's Whereabouts.

A manager of a branch office of one of the big packing houses in Chicago was found to be short in his accounts, and the day this fact was discovered he disappeared, says the Detroit Journal. His bond was furnished by the Baltimore company, and Mr. Macbeth was sent to Chicago to take charge of his books and, if possible, secure his arrest. Pinkerton's entire force was put to work on the case, and the city was searched for two days without revealing any trace of the whereabouts of the missing man. Mr. Macbeth and Billy Pinkerton went to the absent manager's office to look over his books and personal effects in hopes of finding a clew. They ransacked a private desk without finding anything to which they attached any importance, and Pinkerton had turned to leave the room, when Macbeth spied in one corner of the desk a public library card issued in the name of the man for whom they were looking. He observed by the entries on the card that several books had been taken from the library within a period of a month and that the date of the return of one book corresponded with the date of the issuing of another. He put this card in his pocket and left the office in company with the detective. After they were in the street the detective said:

"Why did you take that library card?"
"I have an idea," Macbeth answered, "and I want to go at once to the public library."

An examination of the card showed that the missing man had procured 14 different books, and a comparison of the numbers on the cards with the titles of the books at the library revealed the subjects he had been studying. The first book taken was entitled "A Trip to Nicaragua," the second "A History of Nicaragua," and nearly all the others related to Central America.

"He has gone to Central America," said Pinkerton.

"That's right," Macbeth answered, "and it's not yet too late to catch him at New Orleans."

Telegrams were sent to the Crescent City giving full descriptions of the man, and the next day he was arrested in the office of a steamship company while waiting for his turn at the ticket window. He would have sailed a few hours later for Central America.

ASHAMED OF HER CHILD.

A Heartless Mother Drowned Her Son Because He Was Ugly.

Idella Powell Banks, widow of a well-to-do cotton planter, was committed to Brooks county (Ga.) jail recently, charged with the murder of Albert P. Banks, her 4-year-old son. She has confessed the crime and said to a minister who called upon her that she wanted to be hanged as soon as possible. According to her statement, the boy was so ugly in appearance and so lacking in intelligence that she was ashamed to have him grow to manhood. She had been visiting relatives in Lowndes county, and on the train returning she made up her mind to murder the little fellow, who sat in the seat facing her playing with the conductor's punch. On her way to her residence she passed a pond and threw the boy into it. She says he seemed to know what her intentions were and held on to her dress so strongly that she was afraid the struggle would attract somebody. After he was in the water she went to her home and went about her business as usual until the body was found and she was called before the coroner's jury. She is possessed of considerable property and has no other children. She originally came from the north. The murdered boy was not badly deformed in any way, but his face was disfigured from birth.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Number of Our Ancestors.

Dr. David Starr Jordan computes that the child of today must have had at the time of Alfred the Great 870,072,000,000 ancestors and at that of William the Conqueror 8,598,094,592. This is a simple matter of arithmetical calculation. Every child has two parents, four grandparents, and so on, the number doubling with each generation in the ascending line. But, to take the later period of William the Conqueror, we know very well that there was no such number of people on earth at that or any other time as 8,500,000,000. At this point, therefore, our arithmetic appears to break down. It is only by the repetition of these ancestors many times that we can escape the force of the calculation. From these data Dr. Jordan infers that "the blood of each single person in Alfred's time who left capable descendants enduring to our day is represented in each family of strict English descent. In other words, every Englishman is descended from Alfred the Great, as very likely also from the peasant woman whose cakes Alfred is reputed to have burned." This gives us a somewhat modest idea of the value of descent from Alfred the Great or William the Conqueror.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Royalty Holds New York Bonds.

The dowager empress of Germany is a holder of New York city bonds and draws her interest regularly. The sum of \$438.75 was remitted to her a few days ago by City Chamberlain Anson McCook, being the regular half yearly interest on \$34,700 of 5 per cent Central Park bonds. The money was sent through the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., the agents of the dowager empress.

On the books of the city she appears as "her imperial majesty Victoria Adelaide Marie Louise, dowager empress Frederick of Germany and queen of Prussia, princess royal of Great Britain and Ireland." Just how she obtained possession of the bonds is not exactly known in the chamberlain's office, but she has been drawing interest on them for 16 years, according to the memory of some of the old men.

MRS. JOHN W. GRIGGS.

Probable Addition to the Ladies of the Cabinet Circle in Washington.

When Governor John W. Griggs of New Jersey goes to Washington as attorney general of the United States, the circle of cabinet ladies will secure a charming addition in the person of the popular wife of Mr. McKenna's successor.

Mrs. Griggs is the second wife of the governor. She was married about five



MRS. JOHN W. GRIGGS.

years ago and has one daughter, Elizabeth. She is now about 30 years old. By his first wife, who died seven years ago, Governor Griggs has six children, four boys and two girls. The eldest boy is just 21.

Mrs. Griggs is a particularly attractive woman and extremely agreeable in manner. All the children are jealously fond of her, and her love for them is unbounded. She is a splendid conversationalist and a very keen observer. She takes an immense interest in her husband's career and has a pretty good insight into things political herself. She enjoys his pleasure and watches his success with eyes brimming over with admiration.

Governor Griggs, like Vice President Hobart, lives in Paterson, and the two families are on very friendly terms. It was due to the influence of Mr. Hobart that the governor is about to enter the president's cabinet.

A PEACE PROMOTER.

William Randall Cremer Is an Active Advocate of International Arbitration.

Arbitration is the specialty of Mr. William Randall Cremer, M. P., and it is in the interest of his hobby that he is now visiting Washington. It was his resolution which passed the house of commons strongly approving the plan of a treaty between Great Britain and the United States, and he has strong hopes of the success of the project, with similar treaties between all the leading nations of the world as an ultimate possibility.

Mr. Cremer visited Washington ten years ago in company with Sir Lyon Playfair and other distinguished members of parliament and presented a memorial signed by many members of the house of commons favorable to an arbit-



WILLIAM RANDALL CREMER.

ration treaty. Three years ago he again came here and presented to President Cleveland and congress a memorial signed by 354 members of the house of commons.

These steps served as the moral force to quicken the two governments to action, and out of it came the notable Olney-Pauncefote treaty, in which for the first time the two English speaking nations agreed to settle by arbitration such differences as diplomacy failed to adjust. That treaty was defeated in the senate.

Mr. Cremer is now here to urge that a similar treaty be introduced in the senate this winter and bears with him a memorial signed by 7,000 representatives of industrial organizations in Great Britain who are favorable to the project.

Rosa Bonheur's Mode of Life.

Rosa Bonheur, the famous artist, leads the life of a peasant, rising early and going to bed late. Every morning on getting up she takes a walk in her garden, invariably accompanied by her dog. From 9 o'clock until 11:30 she works in her studio. Then she has breakfast. At 1 o'clock work is resumed until 5, when Mlle. Bonheur goes for an excursion in the forest near her home. She finishes the day by reading.

The Shah Reverses Cats.

The shah of Persia has a great reverence for cats. He has 50 of them, and each one has an attendant of its own, with a special room for meals. When the shah travels, the cats go along also, being carried by men on horseback.

A Pedestrian's Feet.

A geographically well posted pedestrian succeeded the other day in setting foot in the course of 5 hours and 40 minutes in seven German states.

FACTS IN A FEW LINES.

The chemical name for epsom salts is sulphate of magnesium.

The Caymans in the West Indies export nothing but turtles.

The "learned professions" of Italy comprise 295,000 persons.

There are 10,800 teachers in the diminutive kingdom of Belgium.

Laplanders think nothing of covering 150 miles a day on their skates.

Few people in India eat more than twice a day, and thousands only once.

Paris is admiring a 500-pound Canadian negress who is on exhibition there.

London has 1,380 miles of streets, Paris 600 miles and New York 575 miles.

Most American growers agree that level culture of potatoes brings the largest crops.

M. Bondeard states that Roentgen rays can diagnose pleurisy and similar complaints.

About 60,000 stamps are found loose in the letter bags of the United Kingdom each year.

The greatest cape in the world is Cape Horn, a precipitous mountain over 8,000 feet high.

It is said that there are this year 60,000 pilgrims at Lourdes, so far the "record" figure.

The Gold Coast extends for about 250 miles along the coast, south of Ashanti, in western Africa.

All that remains of Queen Cleopatra is an ugly mummy in a glass case in the British museum.

There are in India 200,000 widows aged between 10 and 14 years and 50,000 less than 9 years old.

A single tree in an orchard near Corvallis, Ore., has yielded this season 900 pounds of Bartlett pears.

In some sections of New York state arsenite of soda has been used for spraying in place of paris green.

The only animal that is really dumb is the giraffe, which is unable to express itself by any sound whatever.

The relative size of the earth as compared with the sun is, approximately, that of a grain of sand to an orange.

The Christian Endeavorers of Alameda county, Cal., have started a crusade against the riding of bicycles on Sunday.

The Australian federation convention has decided that the federal senate shall have no power to amend money bills.

Harbor, the great authority on fish, says that every square mile of the sea is inhabited by 120,000,000 finny creatures.

A recent invention is a cradle that rocks by means of a clockwork mechanism and at the same time plays baby tunes.

In the diocese of Oxford alone no fewer than 23,000 campanologists (as bell ringers are technically designated) are to be found.

There are 200,000 postoffices in the world enjoying organized facilities of correspondence, and of this number 70,000 are in the United States.

A 10-year-old boy in Berlin hanged himself because, at his older sister's birthday party, the piece of cake he received was smaller than hers.

Smokers are less liable than nonsmokers to contract diphtheria and other throat diseases in the ratio of 1 to 28. So says Professor Hajak of Vienna.

The eastern hemisphere, on which dwell 92 per cent of the population of the world, has 170,792 miles of railway, or 46 per cent of all the railways.

The agricultural department at Washington, after long experiments with lawn grasses, declares that creeping bent is the finest lawn grass known.

An old maid who keeps four cats finds a scuttling of coal in her back yard every morning. By strict economy she buys only half a ton of coal a year.

A snake does not climb a tree or brush by coiling around it, but by holding on with the points of its scales. A snake on a pane of plate glass is almost helpless.

Dr. Samuel G. Brinton, the archaeologist, said in a recent lecture that in North and South America no fewer than 120 or 130 absolutely distinct languages exist.

Mrs. F. J. Chase of Washington, Me., has a hydrangea paniculata grandiflora which covers an area of 156 square feet and has over 1,200 large panicles of flowers upon it.

Notwithstanding all the efforts of inventors, no one has been able to discover a substitute for leather. For shoes, belting, harness and a thousand other uses "there's nothing like leather."

It is said that the patterns on the finger tips are not only unchangeable through life, but the chance of the finger prints of two persons being alike is less than one chance in 64,000,000,000.

In China government appointments are determined by the literary attainments of the applicants, and numerous instances are known of men spending many years in preparing for the government examination.

In one consignment recently a feather dealer in London received 6,000 birds of paradise, 360,000 birds of various kinds from the East Indies and 400,000 humming birds. In three months another dealer imported 856,898 birds from the East Indies.

The Arabic used in the Koran differs as much from the Arabic used in ordinary conversation in the east as the Latin differs from the Italian. The Koran Arabic is that of the literary classes, the colloquial Arabic that of the common people.

New South Wales is to be put to the expense of another long Tichborne trial, a lunatic named Creswick, now in an insane hospital near Sydney, having been identified as the missing Sir Roger by persons who have influence enough to set the law's machinery in motion.

OUT OF THE SEA.

BY CLARA AUGUSTA.

CHAPTER IV.—[CONTINUED.]

"It is time. Go up and call Miss Trenholme. Where is Imogene?"

Even as she spoke Imogene Ireton stole among them, her eyes flashing, her cheeks scarlet with some unworldly excitement; yet Mrs. Trenholme noticed that when she touched her hand it was cold as ice.

"My dear Imogene, you must go up and summon Marina."

Imogene put her hand to her forehead in a half-dazed way, then, instantly recovering, bowed slightly and passed up the stairs, followed by the three other bridesmaids, of whom Agnes was one.

They stopped before the door of Marina's chamber. Agnes knocked. There was no reply. She repeated the summons again and again, with a like result. Then she turned the knob, and the door swung open partially. Something lay behind it. Agnes stooped down to remove it, and started back pale as death, her hand dripping with blood. For the obstacle was the bleeding body of Quillo, the great black dog that for years had been Marina's faithful guardian in all her walks.

The four girls stepped into the room, and it was no wonder that they were pallid as ashes, no wonder their limbs shook under them, and their frantic shrieks rent the air.

There, in her arm-chair, midway in the apartment, clad in her bridal robes, sat Marina, the white, glistening silk swathed in crimson, the long, sweeping veil stained blood-red, and over and above all, the sweet fragrance of orange flowers. Marina's head was a little drooped, the blue eyes closed, the face white as marble, the hands lightly clasped above her heart, from which the blood still came slowly. She was dead! Foully murdered!

The cries of the bridesmaids brought every guest to the fatal chamber—Ralph first of all. He gave one look, then flew to the side of the dead bride, lifted her in his arms, pressed his lips to hers, and called on her wildly to awake and speak to him once more. But in vain. No human voice could ever reach her more.

He laid her down on the couch at last, and raised her face slowly toward the awe-stricken spectators. Then, lifting up his right hand to heaven, he said solemnly:

"Hear me swear it, here before God, and in the presence of my murdered bride, that I will spare no pains to bring the guilty to account, and once discovered, I will hunt him to the death! Though the law may make him free, I never will; but to the latest hour of his existence he shall feel the weight of my vengeance!"

Investigations were at once commenced. A strict guard was placed over the premises, and none of the guests were permitted to leave the house. A shrewd detective was brought up from the city, and the case left in his hands. And in the five hours he had satisfied himself with the facts he had discovered.

There was the mark of two bloody fingers upon the window sill—two very slender fingers, and just beneath the window on the carpet were several little globules of blood. A grapevine climbed nearly to the window on a strong trellis outside, and the bark was stripped from this vine in several places, indicating that the assassin had escaped by that means. In the soft earth, just under the trellis, were the marks of a man—very small tracks indeed for those of a man, yet such they evidently were. And still further, among the leaves of the vine, was found a blood-stained kid glove, and on the inside of the wrist was written the name of Lynde Graham!

Mr. Strickland, the detective, announced his discovery quietly in the library, in the presence of the whole wedding party.

Lynde Graham felt the charge—he knew then that he should be accused of the crime of murder. For a moment the scarlet flush of wounded pride dyed his fine face, and then he was himself again, calm and erect as usual.

Imogene Ireton had bent forward, and listened with quick breath and flushed cheeks to the report of the detective, and when it was given she drew back and the color faded out of her face, leaving it like wax.

Further facts were developed before midnight. The boots of Lynde Graham fitted exactly the tracks in the garden, and just without the garden gate was found a surgeon's knife blood-stained and bearing on the handle the initials "L. G." Evidently the murderer had stood behind the girl and stabbed her as she sat in her chair, and then being attacked by the dog had plunged the knife into him.

Perhaps the brute might be able to do something toward bringing the guilty to justice. He was not dead, though severely hurt, and every care was taken to save his life. He was an animal of

wonderful sagacity, and Ralph felt certain that if he could be brought back to health he could make him instrumental in discovering the real murderer.

The chain of circumstances was so strong that it fully warranted Mr. Strickland in arresting Dr. Graham upon the charge of the assassination of Marina Trenholme. At his examination before a justice, Graham refused to offer any plea whatever; he simply said he was innocent of the crime. Two of the old servants testified to having met the prisoner about half-past 9 on the morning of the murder in the garden, on the eastern side of the house. He was pale and singularly agitated, and when one of them asked him if anything had gone wrong, he had pushed by him and hurried on.

Graham was committed to the county jail to await the convening of the Assizes on the first of November, when his final trial would take place.

Marina was laid in the shady graveyard where the Trenholms had for generations been buried, and after the funeral was over, the guests departed and left Ralph and Agnes and their mother alone at the Rock.

His poor old father and mother were nearly frantic with the dreadful turn affairs had taken, and before her boy had lain a week in prison, the feeble mother was dressed for the grave. His father, the honest old fisherman, went about slowly, his tall form bowed, his eyes vacant, his voice broken, and his intellect verging fast upon imbecility.

A large part of Ralph's time was spent away, collecting any evidence which might tell at the approaching trial—indeed his every energy seemed to be devoted to the work of bringing condemnation on Lynde Graham, the man he had once loved as a brother. He believed him guilty, and, believing this, he said, sternly, to himself, he would not hesitate to bring his own father to the gallows! No, when he thought of Marina, so beautiful, so foully murdered, he forgot there was such a word as mercy—he only remembered vengeance.

Since the terrible tragedy Agnes Trenholme had not been herself. She was restless, nervous—given to long fits of passionate weeping, at which times nothing could comfort her. Mrs. Trenholme attributed it to grief for the fearful death of her adopted sister, and though she herself mourned the gentle girl, and was horrified beyond measure at her tragic death, yet as the time passed, and Agnes only grew more and more depressed, she could not resist a little feeling of impatience at her conduct. A few days before the first of November, on which day Lynde Graham would be brought to trial, Agnes sought Ralph in the library.

He started at the sight of Agnes in her white robes, and her face as white as her dress, with the dark circles around the great dilated, gray eyes. He had never noticed before how terribly she had changed.

"My dear Agnes, tell me what troubles you."

She came slowly forward, and sinking at his feet, buried her face in his bosom and burst into sobs.

He lifted up her face and looked into her troubled eyes.

"My dear sister, tell me what it means! I do not understand you. I did not know your love for—for her was so intense."

"O, yes! I loved Marina. I did love her! Ralph, God knows she was dear to me as an own sister could have been. But it is not her death that is wearing me to the grave. No, no—not that!"

"Not that? Then tell me, and let me comfort you."

"I must tell some one! I shall go mad if I do not! Some women would suffer it in silence—would die before they would breathe the secret. But I am made of weaker stuff. I cannot bear it alone. I must have help!"

"And I will give it to you, if it lies in my power, my poor Agnes," he said, stroking her hair.

"Oh, thank you! bless you! if you only mean it. Will you promise to help me in my own way?"

"Tell me the circumstances. It would be wrong to promise without knowing to what I pledged myself."

"I want you to promise to spare the life of Lynde Graham!"

His face grew black, he opened his mouth to speak, but she covered it with her two hands.

"Only her me out, Ralph. You shall not deny me yet. I will hope a little longer. It is shame for me to confess it, but his death upon the gallows will kill me! I could not live and know that while I breathed he was yielding up his precious life at the end of the terrible rope! the spectacle of a jeering crowd. He, the noblest, the purest, the best man that ever lived! You can save him! You can refuse to appear against him—I know there are ways by which men prevent the conviction of even the basest criminals! And he is not guilty! He never had such a thought. He is innocent as the angels! Ralph, promise me that you will save him!"

He rose to his feet, lifting her up also, and looking down into her face coldly and sternly.

"Agnes, what possible interest can you take in that damnable murderer?"

"My brother! O Ralph! do not

despise me utterly! I love him!" she moaned, sinking to the floor and clasping his knees.

"Love him!" he exclaimed, hoarsely; "you love a murderer! a cowardly assassin! Agnes Trenholme, why did not God let you die before you sank so low? The son of a common fisherman—and—"

"Hush!" she said, sternly. "Do not speak of rank! You dared to love a woman without a name, and I honored you for ignoring birth and position. I love Lynde Graham because he is worthier of a woman's love than any man I ever saw! I have loved him for years. I cannot remember when every sweet thought of my heart was not interwoven with him. Love is not the child of wealth alone. It goes whither it is sent. And to me Lynde Graham is as royal as a prince of the realm!"

"And did he dare?—has he dared to ask your love?"

Her face grew scarlet, but she held up her head proudly.

"He has dared nothing. He is blameless. He does not love me—does not even dream I care for him. He never even touched my hand unless his duty called him to render me assistance. I think his heart is Imogene Ireton's. But I have lived only in his presence—I only asked to be allowed to worship him afar off. O Ralph, save him! and in saving him, give peace to your wretched sister!"

"Agnes," he said, slowly and sternly, "by the side of the dead body of my murdered Marina I swore vengeance! That will I have! Neither men nor devils shall prevent me! I believe Lynde Graham is guilty. And he shall be proved so, and at the last shall swing higher than Haman! There—leave me!"

He put her forcibly into the corridor and bolted the door upon her.

CHAPTER V.

LYNDE GRAHAM was brought before a jury of his countrymen to be tried for his life. The great courtroom was crowded. People had come from near and far to look upon the countenance of the man who had dared offend the majesty of the law by taking the life of a fellow creature.

The details of the trial we do not propose to enter upon; they would be too tedious. The counsel on both sides was the best the state afforded, and the pleas were able and eloquent. But the defense amounted to very little. The simple plea of a lawyer, be he ever so eloquent, will not change the minds of men upon whom such a chain of startling facts had been impressed. The evidence was sufficient to commit any man, and those whom the sight of Graham's handsome face had prejudiced in his favor felt their prepossessions yielding gradually, and settling down at last upon the inevitable conclusion that he was guilty. The only defense his counsel urged was the unblemished character of the prisoner and the lack of a motive to the crime. He had nothing to gain by the death of Marina Trenholme. He was not the lady's lover that he should seek revenge, and he could have no personally private animosity to indulge, for the two families had always been the best of friends. Where, then, was the motive?

The trial was virtually closed and the jury went out to agree upon a verdict. One could see by their hard-set faces that they were agreed already, but they felt some form necessary. They were absent only a few moments, and when the usual question was put, "Mr. Foreman of the jury, do you find the prisoner at the bar guilty or not guilty?" there was not a moment's hesitation. The man announced instantly, "Guilty!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

LIFE IN LONDON.

An Observing American Paints a Pea Picture of a Great City.

A New York business man, who is in England, has written a letter from London to one of his friends, which is quoted by the Philadelphia Record.

"I was in parliament when the liberal ministers threw up the sponge. There are many curious-looking Englishmen in the house of commons, and I never saw a more motley crowd. There were solemn-looking personages, wearing wigs; there were strange beings with bald heads and whiskers; there were red-haired and yellow-haired men; there were 100 faces which Sig. Lombroso ought to put in a book. Three-fourths of the members wore their hats in the house, mostly stove-pipes and derbies. Nearly all of them were clumsily clad. Some wore ill-fitting dress suits, others cutaways; many had sack coats of all colors, and but few had stylish clothes. Lots of them had trousers that were too short or were too long or very slouchy, while some wore clothes that looked so grotesque as to suggest Baxter street in New York or Petticoat lane in London. So much for my first impression of the first assembly of gentlemen in the world. I used to think that the house of representatives at Washington was badly dressed, but I had not seen the British House of Commons. As for brains of parliament, it seems to me that every man whom I have heard speak during my four visits to it had a hatful of them, closely packed, whether he was a tory, a unionist or a Gladstonian. The speeches in the House of Commons are not in the nature of rant, but are rather plain and direct statements."

A man never thinks but once that a woman's temper isn't loaded

IS A GREAT JUMPER.

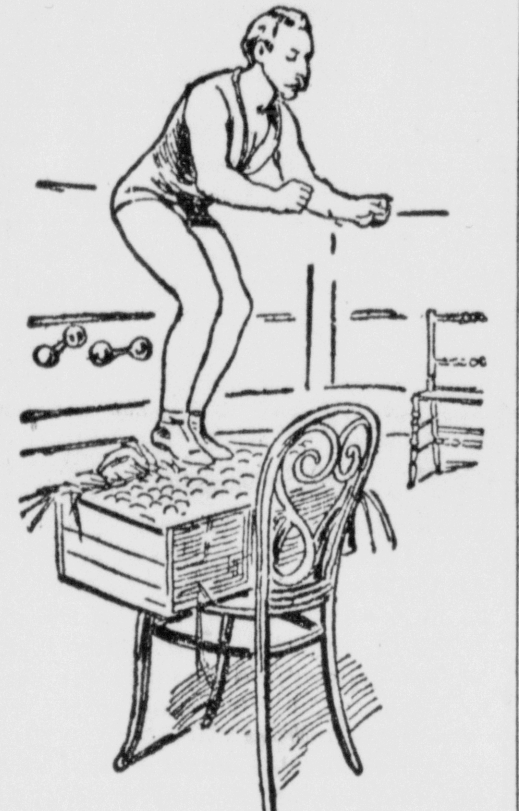
WHY HIGGINS IS CALLED THE HUMAN KANGAROO.

Some of His Extraordinary Feats Described and Illustrated—Into a Case of Eggs Without Breaking a Single One.

In the Strand Magazine Oswald North writes of the extraordinary jumping feats of John Higgins, "The Human Kangaroo." From this article we quote:

The curious thing about Mr. Higgins is that he is considerably below medium stature, being but 5 feet 3 3/4 inches in height. He is not yet twenty-six years of age, and comes from Blackburn—a district famous for the number and variety of athletes it has produced. Higgins' various feats are truly remarkable, whether considered merely as jumps, or as dramatic spectacles, ingeniously contrived and brilliantly executed. The photographs reproduced here were specially taken on the stage of the Pavilion theater, in Piccadilly Circus.

One of the feats which Mr. Higgins is shown performing is one of a number of very extraordinary trick jumps. Clutching his dumb-bells, the wonderful little man gives a few kangaroo-like leaps, and then rises into the air and alights right in the middle of a case of eggs! And yet not an egg is cracked, although the athlete is seen to linger in their midst for a moment and then rise gracefully over the back of the chair. We asked him how this was done. He said he couldn't tell; it was partly an effort of will. When he alighted for that fraction of a second on the eggs, he did not, of course, exercise a single ounce of his weight, but completed the jump by certain strenuous move-



INTO A BASKET OF EGGS.

ments of his shoulders and the upper part of his body generally.

Often people in the audience have doubted that the eggs were real eggs. But such persons are always courteously invited on to the stage, not merely to examine the eggs after the jump, but before, and during its accomplishment. Beyond all doubt the thing is genuine—a really graceful and beautiful feat, calling for extraordinary agility and suppleness, and extremely careful judgment.

A very curious trick jump is seen in another picture given. The subject is Mr. Frank Munro, Mr. Higgins' manager and agent, who, of course, does not usually "oblige" in this respect. The assistant, arrayed in a silk hat (and, of course, other things; only the silk hat is a sine qua non), takes up his position firmly near a table. It would never do for him to wobble about erratically. Well, a lighted candle in a candle-stick is placed carefully on his hat, and, this done, the jumper retires some distance to take measurements with his eye.

The reproduction of the photo, fully explains this remarkable performance. It is, indeed, a tremendous jump from the other side of the table right up on to the candle with both feet together. The flame is extinguished with a quick movement of the foot from the ankle, and then the athlete sails gracefully down on to the stage.

In the photo, one dumb-bell dropped by Higgins in his flight is just about to drop on to the table. And these missiles certainly do fall around with alarming promiscuity. The stage



ON TO A MAN'S FACE.

at the Pavilion was fairly corrugated with deep dents from them, and they often disabled a chair or scared an incautious attendant nearly out of his wits.

Yet another candle-extinguishing feat forms the subject of another production. Six chairs are placed close

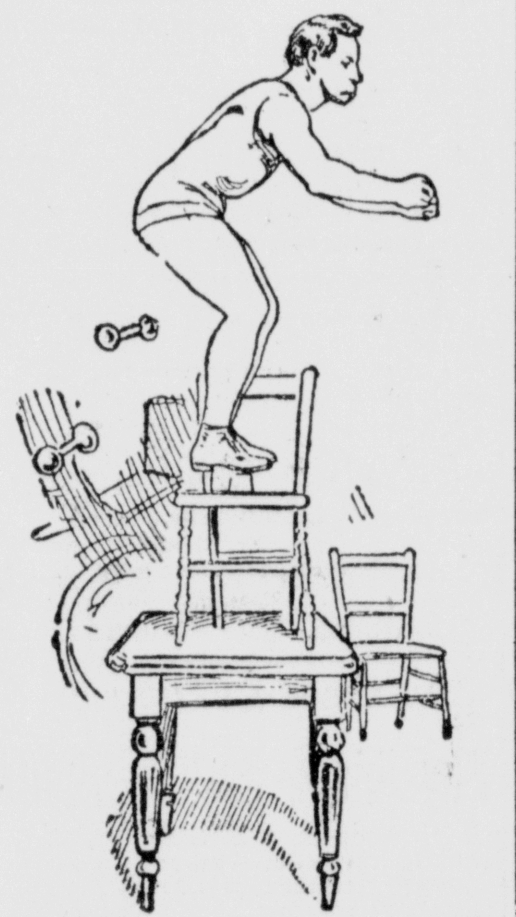
together in a row and on the seat of the 6th are deposited two lighted candles in candle-sticks. Taking his dumb-bells and bounding hither and thither like a veritable Spring-Heeled Jack (he does this to keep himself in form), Higgins stands well away from the chair most remote from the candles, and takes in the situation with his keen eye. He next gives a few more skittish frolics, and then one, two, and up over the chairs with indescribable alacrity. He passes through the air with curious slowness, and actually alights gingerly on the lighted candles which he carefully extinguishes, one with each foot. Having successfully accomplished this, the jumper seems to rise off the tips of the candles and alights gracefully on the ground, bowing to his admiring audience. Of course, the whole of the jump takes only two or three seconds, but it calls



EXTINGUISHING A CANDLE.

for marvelous nicety of judgment and delicacy of movement. Now and then it happens that Higgins only extinguishes one candle. In such cases he always performs the feat over again.

Mr. Higgins is next seen in the very act of ringing a bell in his flight—one of those bells you push down sharply. It is placed on a chair, which stands on a table, so that the mere jump, to say nothing about the bell ringing, is worthy of notice. Of course, doubting Thomases have their say about this remarkably clever feat—"It is an electric bell rung from the wings at the proper moment," and so on. Nothing but a close examination of the bell in situ will convince such people. A curious thing is that Higgins never practices. He considers his evening's work before the public quite enough practice. Another remarkable thing is the way in which he has attained, after years of perseverance, his present position as champion all-around jumper. Fearlessly he has attacked professional and semi-professional men, who have made one particular kind of jump their specialty. For example, there was the match with Gregson, of Grimshaw Park, for £50 a side. The conditions were "stand, one cross, and four jumps." That Gregson was a specialist was evidenced by the betting, which was three to one against Higgins for the cross, and ten to one on him for the match. Higgins,



RINGING A BELL IN FLIGHT. however, won the cross by one and a half inches, and the jumps by nine feet!

What may be called the athlete's most sensational jump is also shown. His victim for this occasion only was Mr. Frank Munro. As a rule Higgins has to content himself with a paid underling as corpus vile, unless there happens to be some one in the audience burning for distinction. A chair is placed on the table, and the assistant leans back with his elbows on the table and the back of his head resting on the seat of the chair.

When all is in readiness, and the audience suitably worked up, Higgins retires slowly to the other end of the stage. Here he dips his shoes into a preparation of lampblack and oil, so that "his mark" may be proof positive of successful accomplishment. Then giving the usual preliminary leaps, and carefully calculating distances with his eye, he bounds into the air, fingers for an infinitesimal period on his subject's face, and then descends to the stage on the other side. The ordeal past, the subject rises bashfully to take that share of applause to which the big smuts on his nose and eyes entitle him.

Another illustration depicts Mr. Higgins' showiest feat—jumping over an ordinary brougham. Of course, Higgins does not leap off the ground clean over the carriage; no human being could do that. Observe the small table 2 ft. 3 in. high, which is placed close

to the rear hind wheel. Taking as great a run as the stage will allow Higgins springs lightly on to the table, pauses for a moment, then rises with an extraordinary bound right over—and across—the top of the brougham. One opines that the value of the carriage deteriorates nightly, mainly on account of those dumb-bells, which are discarded in flight. Often they fall on the carriage and knock it about. Or one will fall on a lamp, and batter it somewhat. But it is a grand feat this jumping over a full-sized brougham—splendidly engineered so as to bring down the house the moment the "Human Kangaroo" alights on the carpets placed on the other side.

SIGHT SEEING IN DELHI.

Some of the Wonders of the Indian City Described by a Visitor.

You may like to have an account of the day I spent at Delhi. I went down on Sunday by the morning train, arriving about a quarter to 11, and had a hard day's sight-seeing that would have done credit to a yankee. I went to the Jama Masjid, which is, I think, the finest mosque of its kind I have seen. It has two minarets, each 130 feet high, so I had an opportunity of gratifying my taste for bird's-eye views again, and certainly this was the best I have ever seen, for, apart from a magnificent view of the city, I could see many of the famous ruins which cluster profusely for miles round Delhi. A little to the south, near the Jumna, stands a tall shaft, surrounded by ruins, which was set up by the Emperor Feroz Shah, who reigned at Delhi the fourteenth century. Then, three miles to the east, I could see the ruins of the old fort, and not far from it the tomb of Humayun, the second Mogul emperor. Scores of other ruins could be seen in the distance and I much regretted that I had not time to drive around and see some of them, but no doubt I shall have another opportunity. When I came down I was shown some relics of Mohammed, including his foot print in stone and a hair of his beard. The keeper of the relics, who kept them very carefully locked up in a small casket, could not explain why his hair was red. I then drove to the palace, which contains much less to see than the fort at Agra, and I had not much time to see what there was. The private hall of audience is very fine, all in white marble, and you can see the place where the peacock throne used to stand, which was valued, if I remember rightly at £6,000,000. It was carried off by a Persian gentleman named Nadir Shah, who is said to have possessed himself of a few trifles, amounting in all to the value of £142,000,000. The pearl mosque is extremely beautiful and of the purest white marble, but it is not equal to the pearl mosque in the Agra fort.

Extremities.

She—"Every one says she has such very small feet." He—"Yes; she's heard it so often that it's given her the big head."—Yonkers Statesman.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

To prevent rubber boots from wearing out quickly a protecting slipper of woven wire is made to cover the sole and extend a short distance up the sides of the boot.

To prevent cutting the hide of an animal when skinning it, a new knife has a dull blade lying parallel with the cutting blade, which keeps the latter away from the hide.

Electricity is used to operate a new railway gate, a small motor being geared to the rocking shaft on which the gate arm is mounted, to be operated by a controller in the gateman's shelter.

A western man has patented a grain elevator in which compressed air is used to carry the grain, a receiving vessel being mounted at the end of a suction pipe, which draws the grain into a blast pipe and forces it with the air to the top of the elevator.

A combined spring shackle and oil ejector is attached to anchor cables and towing hawsers to lessen the liability of breakage, the spring being set in an oil-containing casing with an eyelet at each end to which the cable in a storm depresses the spring and forces oil through the perforations in the casing.

Expansion pulleys are to be used on machine lathes, the new pulley consisting of a flat disk, in which are set a series of short shafts, with a second disk having slots in it to adjust the shafts so as to increase the circumference of the circle in which they move. Two pulleys can be operated by one lever to increase and decrease in an opposite equal ratio.

Shrubs and small trees can be protected in winter by a straw rope, which is easily made in a newly designed box of oblong shape, having transverse notches cut in its sides at short intervals. A cord is placed in the box with short strings attached to it to fit the notches, so they can be drawn together and tied around the straw which forms the rope.

To catch queen bees and drones as they attempt to leave a hive a frame is placed over the opening, having a depending screen with openings large enough to permit the passage of the worker bees, a number of open-end cones being set on a partition in the center of the frame and opening into a removable chamber. The large bees crawl through the cones into the tray and can then be taken out.

A Kentucky man has married the granddaughter of the girl who refused him.

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Surplus, - \$30,000

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Dealers in

Railroad Lands,

Steamboat Tickets,

Foreign Exchange.

Locating Settlers a Specialty.

RAILROAD LANDS sold at from \$2.25 to \$4 per acre. One-sixth cash. Balance on easy payments. Office with Keene & McFadden.

P. J. MURPHY,

REAL ESTATE INSURANCE.

SUCCESSOR TO R. G. VALENTYNE.

City and Farm Insurance.

Real Estate Sold on Commission.

RENTS HOUSES,

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A General Law Practice.

Room 11, First National Bank Block, BRainerd, MINNESOTA.

Ready For Business.

JAMES WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

Local News Condensed.

Hose Co. No. 2 will give a grand ball at Gardner hall on Tuesday evening Feb. 22.

No business was transacted by the city council on Monday evening on account of no quorum.

News has been received of the arrival of a daughter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Merritt, of Tacoma, Wash.

The installation of officers of Pap Thomas W. R. C. will take place at their hall on Sixth street Saturday evening.

Mrs. L. P. White assisted by Mrs. W. M. Dresskell and Miss Gillis will entertain their friends at the home of Mrs. White this afternoon.

A very pleasant dancing and card party was given by the Ladies of the Maccabees at the hall in Columbian block on Wednesday evening.

The ladies of the Pleasant Hour Club were entertained on Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. A. P. Farrar assisted by Mrs. J. M. Elder.

The Germania Maennerchor's annual ball will occur on Tuesday evening next at Gardner hall and as usual it will be a very pleasant social event.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer gave the fourth and last of a series of parties yesterday afternoon, entertaining sixteen of her lady friends at a 1 o'clock luncheon.

The young friends of Jimmie McGinnis, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McGinnis, gave him a surprise on Wednesday evening which was greatly enjoyed by those present.

A new court of Catholic Order of Foresters will be instituted early next month at Brainerd, and the St. Cloud court has been invited to be present and assist in the work of institution, says the Journal-Press.

East Grand Forks was visited by a disastrous fire yesterday the loss reaching \$125,000, six saloons, a restaurant, elevator and the east approach of the bridge connecting the city with Grand Forks being consumed.

Rev. C. C. Markham will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning on the subject "Endurance." The evening sermon will be the third in the series on seven wishes of St. Paul, subject being, "That he might magnify Christ."

The Northern Pacific boiler makers of this city gave a dancing party at Gardner hall on Friday evening of last week it being the first annual. Robert Percy and James Somers "took the cake" in a contest participated in by twelve couples.

L. Lundquist has sold the stock of goods of the Scandia Shoe Co. to O. S. Hendrickson & Co. and the business will be conducted at the old stand. Mr. Lundquist will return to his former home at Minneapolis. The announcement of the new firm will be found in another column.

Miss Ethel Fulton entertained a large number of her friends on Tuesday evening at her home on Norwood street. Cards and dancing were indulged in and refreshments were served. The occasion was her birthday and several tokens of esteem were tendered the young lady by her admiring friends.

J. H. Hallett has brought a civil action against A. Atherton to recover \$39.05 and the case will be tried in the municipal court on Feb. 1st. The action is brought by Mr. Hallett on account of the seizure of a barrel of game the contents of which was ducks by Mr. Atherton in his capacity as game warden on Nov. 11 when the same was at the express office for shipment to St. Paul, the action being based on the grounds that the game warden was unauthorized to examine the same without first having obtained a search warrant.

Yesterday afternoon while looking over some ties near H. J. Cunningham's place on Laurel street east Con. O'Brien discovered a number of papers which upon investigation proved to be a relic of the Brainerd post office robbery. Among the papers was a package of deeds and some life insurance policies belonging to Postmaster Johnson which were taken along with the valuable documents and cash at the time the robbery was committed in November. The two drawers that belonged to the post-office safe were also found. This was undoubtedly the place where the robbers secreted themselves while sorting over their booty.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the Y. M. C. A. parlor next Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 25th at 3 o'clock. Members are requested to be present, visitors will be welcome.

Tomorrow afternoon the stockholders of the Pine City Creamery will hold a meeting at Peabody & Baker's hall at which time it is expected the organization will be perfected and the location definitely settled on.

We are in receipt of a copy of the prospectus of the Gold Miner's Forwarding & Investment Co., of Victoria, B. C., from Alex McPherson. "Sandy" as he was commonly known in Brainerd expects to make a strike in the new gold country.

Rev. Orrin R. Jenks, pastor of the advent Christian church, Minneapolis, has announced his intention of resigning his pastorate at the end of the church year in March, says the Journal. Mr. Jenks was formerly at Ft. Ripley in this county.

The ladies aid society of the First Congregational church will give a supper at the residence of A. E. Losey Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 26th. Mrs. Losey will be assisted by Mrs. Follett, Mrs. Keene, Mrs. Sanborn and Mrs. Chase. The gentlemen are cordially invited to supper.

Mrs. Geo. Mosher, of Motley, who was examined in probate court Monday afternoon, was adjudged insane and was committed to the Fergus Falls asylum. Sheriff Rider left on the midnight train Monday night to take her to that institution, says the Little Falls Transcript.

The relatives of James Wilson, who died some days ago of liver complaint and whose remains have been held since that time have been located at Thornton, Arkansas. A letter received at the postoffice addressed to the deceased brought the desired information and the family has been communicated with.

The Mitchell block at St. Cloud was burned to the ground on Sunday night the occupants of the building losing their entire stock of goods. The loss is \$20,000 and the failure of the fire alarm system to work was the cause of the fire getting such a start before the department arrived.

White & White have been awarded the contract for building the new O'Brien block at the corner of Eighth and Laurel streets and already have a force of men at work clearing the grounds preparatory to commencing the work of construction. The details of the building were published in this paper some time ago. The work is to be completed by May 1.

On Sunday Rev. G. W. Gallagher preaches at the First Congregational church as usual. His morning topic is The Slavery of Sin. In the evening he preaches on the life of Joseph the subject being Down in the Pit. There are character sketches describing human nature and human heart. Morning services at 10:30 o'clock, evening at 7:30. The public are invited to be present.

The B. Y. P. U. will give a social entitled "A Trip Around the World" at the First Baptist church this evening, Jan. 21. The train will start at 8 sharp and stop at twenty stations the names of which are to be guessed by the passengers. The person making the largest number of correct guesses will be given a prize. Tickets including supper 15 cents. All are invited, bring your friends.

On Wednesday evening, Jan. 12, at home of Mrs. J. N. Nevers, by the invitation of Rev. G. W. Gallagher a Literary Society was formed for the study of English literature. Thirty two members joined the society. The purpose of the organization is to cultivate a taste for literary studies. It is hoped that the society will yet be the nucleus of a public library for Brainerd. The society is not denominational but composed of members of the various churches.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. A. E. Losey was "surprised" at her home on 4th street north by the members of her former Sunday school class, the company bringing refreshments, and a very pleasant evening followed. Among those present were Misses Hettie and May Whiteley, Miss Jennie Sundberg, Miss Jessie Gibbs, Mrs. J. A. Bachelder, Mrs. W. G. Percy, Miss Nellie Merritt, Miss Eva Brockway, Miss Amy Brockway, Miss Jessie Clark and Miss Lillie Lawrence.

Look out for the Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall Monday evening, Feb. 21st.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

S. L. Bean is in St. Paul on business.

Fred Krebs, of Duluth, was in the city Saturday.

Hon. L. P. White returned from St. Paul today.

Ed. Chamberlain moved his family to Walker this week.

Clifton Holmes left Tuesday for Lombard, Montana.

D. R. Elder arrived in the city this morning from St. Paul.

Mrs. G. G. Thompson left on Wednesday for Denver, Col.

A. J. Forsyth returned yesterday from a trip to St. Paul.

Frank Whitmore, of Little Falls, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. Al. Mattes has been spending the week in Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Parker returned from St. Paul on Monday.

S. Trebby, of Little Falls, was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

A. J. Sovereign, of Staples, spent some time in the city yesterday.

A. F. Ferris left yesterday noon on a business trip to the Twin Cities.

Mrs. John Cole returned yesterday from a visit with Little Falls friends.

Miss Mary Small left on Wednesday evening for Los Angeles, California.

Maynard Crane, of Cooperstown, N. D., spent Saturday and Sunday in this city.

Ed. Hazen, of Duluth, spent Monday in the city visiting friends and relatives.

J. E. Goodman, of St. Paul, was shaking hands with Brainerd friends yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Doran, of Minneapolis, are visiting relatives and friends in the city.

Mrs. E. D. Wilkins returned Wednesday from Albany, Ill., where she has been for some weeks.

Commissioner Joel Smith has been transacting business in Minneapolis during the past few days.

W. H. Bartle returned on Tuesday from Minneapolis where he has been during the past two weeks.

Chas. Mahlum arrived in the city on Saturday from Montana, and will spend a month with Brainerd friends.

The Grand Rapids Magnet says A. B. Chase, the Brainerd lumberman is in the city looking after business interests.

Jesse S. Smith went to Brainerd yesterday to purchase some thoroughbred stock for his dairy farm.—Staples World.

Thomas Donnelly left with his family for Seattle, Wash., on Tuesday. The gentleman was a resident of St. Matthias.

Mrs. F. D. Stillings returned on Tuesday from Minneapolis where she was called on account of the illness and death of her mother.

C. H. Rostad, of Battle Lake, formerly in the meat business in the city with Iver Benson, is visiting his Brainerd friends this week.

Gene Smith, Kuhles & Stock's genial cigar salesman, has been visiting his Brainerd customers this week and enjoying the society of old time friends.

Geo. Howard, of Brainerd, was in the city Monday and has the Klondike fever in its most malignant form. He will leave for the gold fields about the middle of February.—Wadena Tribune.

A. P. Camp and wife arrived in the city Wednesday from Durango, Colorado, on a visit with the gentleman's brother, Dr. J. L. Camp. Mr. Camp is president of the First National bank of the above city.

Look out for the Yellow Kids at Gardner's Hall Monday evening, Feb. 21st.

L. W. Burrell's House Burns.

The residence of L. W. Burrell on the west side of the river was badly damaged by fire this afternoon. The alarm was sent in from the Northern Pacific Sanitarium the fire department responding at once and arrived in time to save the property from total destruction water being obtained from the hydrant at the Sanitarium. The fire originated in a room up stairs and the upper part of the building is completely wrecked. Nearly all the contents was removed. The loss is covered by an insurance of \$1000 on the house and \$500 on the furniture. Mr. Burrell has been confined to his room for over a month with blood poisoning having had one of his thumbs amputated as a result and was just getting around the house again.

Chief McIntosh Resigns.

D. F. McIntosh, chief of the Brainerd Fire Department, has handed in his resignation as such officer to the city council but owing to the absence of a quorum on Monday evening no action has been taken on the matter. The communication reads:

TO THE HONORABLE AND PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF BRAINERD, GENTLEMEN:

I hereby tender my resignation of the office of Chief Engineer of the Brainerd Fire Department. I do this after mature deliberation. I have been an active member of the department since its organization and have served as chief for ten years. Some one else should be called upon to assume the duties and responsibilities of the position. I do not wish to be understood as in any way seeking to shirk any duty which I may be called upon to perform as a member of the department as I have always had and always will have the best interest of the organization at heart. But there are others as deserving of the high honors as myself, and who no doubt will perform the duties as faithfully and conscientiously as myself. I hereby respectfully ask to be relieved. With great respect I am,

Very Truly Yours,
D. F. MCINTOSH.

A CITY ON FIRE

WITH TALK ABOUT

HENRY I. COHEN'

GENUINE

Clearance SALE

People come into our store with a look of doubt on their faces; they who DON'T know us, OUR method and OUR prices. They leave our store with their arms full of bundles containing Merchandise bought AT ADVERTISED.

Two tables this Week devoted to Special CUTS on

Dress Goods

P. S.—Should you not have received our Big Hand Bill GIVING PRICES, ask for one in the store

Men's All Wool Pants, \$2.50 Goods, Now \$1.45

HENRY I. COHEN,

SLEEPER BLOCK.

CANDY FACTORY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

CAMPBELL & PHELAN.

We are prepared to fill all orders on short notice.

Mixtures.	Penny Goods.
FRENCH CREAM.	NEEDHAM'S.
RUGBY.	B. C. BAR.
AMERICAN.	CHEWING COMFORTS.
XMAS.	BOSS ROLLS.
GLOBE.	PEANUT BAR.
	BONASET BAR.
Specialties.	CHOCOLATE CREAM STICK.
KLONDIKE NUGGETS.	CHOCOLATE CREAM MICE.
Philadelphia Cream Caramels.	ALL DAY SUCKERS.
BOSTON CHIPS.	TELEGRAPH POLES.
WALNUT.	PAW PAW.
COCONUT.	EXTRA CREAM CARAMELS.
FIG.	LONG JIM.
LEMON DROPS.	DUDE.
HOARHOUND DROPS.	
BUTTERSCOTCH.	
N. Z. PEPPERMINTS.	

Many other Kinds that space will not permit our mentioning. All Kinds of Taffy Every Day.

CAMPBELL & PHELAN, Proprietors.

Seventh Street, next door to Post Office.

BIG BARAINS AT THE SCANDIA SHOE STORE!

O. S. HENDRICKSON & CO.

Having Purchased the Scandia Shoe Company's Stock of Goods will close out all Winter Goods at

LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

Look at these Bargains:

Ladies' \$2.00 Felt Shoe, now \$1.25	Men's \$1.50 Arctics, now \$1.00
Ladies' \$1.50 Felt Shoe, now \$1.00	Men's \$1.25 Storm Overshoes, now \$1.00
Misses' \$1.35 Felt Shoe, now .90	Men's \$1.00 Low Overshoes, now .75
Misses' \$1.75 Goat Skin, now .60	Lumbermen's \$1.75 Rubbers, now \$1.15
Men's \$2.00 Felt Shoe, now \$1.00	Huron Rubbers \$1.50, reduced to \$1.00

REPAIRING.

Men's Half Soleing.... 65 Cents.

Ladies' Half Soleing... 40 Cents.

Misses Half Soleing.... 35 Cents.

Boy's Half Soleing..... 50 Cents.

All Other Repairs at a Proportionate Reduction. All other goods will be sold in proportion to the above prices. We have a large line of the VERY BEST SHOES MADE to be sold at once.

SCANDIA SHOE STORE, FRONT STREET.